MYSORE PROVINCE,

JULY, 1875.

PROCEEDINGS

OF

THE HON'BLE R. A. DALYELL, M. C. S.,

OFFG. CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

PART I—A, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.
REV. AG. & COM.
Do. FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.—*Nil.*

PART II—B, IN ABSTRACT.

JUDICIAL.
REV. AG. & COM.
Do. FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.

BANGALORE:

MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,

1875.

PART I.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Attempted theft of property from the temple at Nanjangúd.* Passing orders on correspondence on the subject received from Ashtagram Commissioner.	No. 3325—2, dated 19th July 1875.	...	...	1 to 2

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Judicial Department, 19th July 1875.

From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, Genl. No. 143—Judl. 4, dated Mysore, 28th May 1875.

I have the honor to request that the enclosed reports of the Deputy Commissioner of Mysore relative to an attempted theft of property from the temple at Nanjangúd may be submitted to the Chief Commissioner.

No. 279, dated 19th May 1875, with enclosure—No. 326, dated 26th May 1875, from Mysore.

2. The facts are briefly as follow:—

3. It has been the practice for votaries to deposit offerings of money, silver ornaments, &c., in a vessel called a "Golak," the mouth of which is covered with strong white cloth, having in it a slit into which the offerings are dropped and fall to the bottom of the vessel by a funnel of similar cloth attached to the slit. The cloth is sealed, and the number of offerings made during the day is entered in an account kept by the temple servants detailed for that particular duty, by whom the Golak is removed in the evening and placed for security in a dark room known as the "Bokkas," the door of which is locked and sealed. On the morning of the 23rd March last when the Bokkas was opened it was found that the cloth-covering of the Golak had been torn and that another brass vessel which had been placed on the top of it, as also a large wax-cloth with which the whole had been covered, had been removed and were lying on the ground near the Golak.

4. The Acting Amildar Krishnappa went to the temple at once and made some enquiries. The Bokkas-room was closely examined with torches and the Golak emptied when a deficiency of Rs. 59—15—10 in cash and of 35 silver "Bayi Bigas" (ornaments presented by votaries who lock the mouth by passing wires through their cheeks) was discovered.

5. A hole had been made in the wall, through which it was ascertained by experiment that a boy of 13 or 14 could without difficulty get into the Bokkas, and from the proceedings it appears that the Acting Amildar at once suspected that the temple servants were concerned in the matter, as he questioned them closely and directed them to make every effort to recover the articles. About 3 P. M. he left the temple and went home after as he stated shutting up the door and ordering the hole to be watched, both of which statements are disbelieved by the Muzrayi Officer.

6. He returned in the evening with a panchayat and re-examined the Bokkas-room at the request of some of the menial officials of the temple, the result being that the missing articles were found rolled in a cloth near the Golak, and underneath one of the temple cloths close to the hole in the wall.

A report was then addressed to the Deputy Commissioner through the Muzrayi Officer with a panchayat's mahazar in which it was represented that the hole in the wall was too small to admit of a man's passing through it, and appeared to be made by bandicoots, that the room was otherwise perfectly secure, and that the acts did not seem to be those of a human being.

7. The Acting Amildar held a further enquiry, and in continuation of his first report stated that rats may have been tempted to bite through the cloth covering the Golak to get at some Mantrakshate or sacred rice in the vessel, and that there was no defalcation.

8. The representations made are so evidently absurd, that it is scarcely necessary to observe that rats could not remove the heavy brass vessel and cloth on the top of the Golak, nor could they get out of the Golak in which they would be caught as in a trap. Moreover they are not in the habit of abstracting single coins and silver wires, and afterwards tying them up in cloth, and a mere glance at the covering cloth shews that it was first cut and then torn open.

9. The Acting Amildar is so fully aware of these manifest absurdities that he admits in a subsequent explanation that he knew it must be a case of attempted theft, but sent in his first report hurriedly, and his second because he saw no prospect of detecting the case.

10. The room was first searched when none of the missing articles were there; but the Acting Amildar having enjoined on the temple officials the necessity for recovering them, went away without taking precautions that no one should re-enter the Bokkas, and in due time returning had a second search made when the things were found and a panchayat induced to send in a mahazar containing entirely false representations.

11. Part of the neglect may be owing to the conduct of the Inspector of Police, but the responsibility of sending in a false report rests with the Acting Amildar, and as this cannot be passed over without serious notice, it appears to be a case in which if not dismissed he ought to be reduced to some very subordinate Revenue post.

12. His appointment of Acting Amildar was made to meet a temporary necessity, the permanent incumbent being retained at Yedatore in consequence of the Deputy Commissioner of Hassan having asked to be permitted to keep Lakshman Modaliar as Revenue Sheristadar till the annual accounts of the District were sent in.

13. Pending the orders of the Chief Commissioner on this case, Krishnappa has been suspended, and the Deputy Commissioner directed to place Malhari Rao, Translator of his Office, in temporary charge of the taluk till the permanent Amildar joins his appointment.

14. The entire proceedings of this case are forwarded herewith for information.

No. 3325—Judl. 2, dated Bangalore, 19th July 1875.

Order.—The Commissioner of Ashtagram Division submits for orders the result of an enquiry instituted into the circumstances of an alleged robbery which occurred on the 22nd March last in the Srikantesvara Swami Temple at Nanjangúd in relation to the conduct of the Acting Amildar Krishnappa.

2. The facts of the case as disclosed in the papers before him leave no doubt on the Offg. Chief Commissioner's mind that the contents of the "Golak" were abstracted by some of the temple servants, and that the laxity which prevailed in the temple management and which was in the present case evidenced by the neglect of the Head Parpattegar to superintend the removal of the treasure, either when it was put away at night or brought out in the morning, afforded an opportunity for the committal of the theft. If the necessary precautions had not been neglected, it is certain that no theft could have occurred without detection, for the only means of ingress would have been by the aperture in the wall which it appears was sufficient only to admit a very small boy. The Commissioner will be good enough to report what punishment he has inflicted on the Head Parpattegar Alasingraiengar and the other temple servants.

3. The action taken by the Acting Amildar in this case was feeble and dilatory in the extreme, and denotes either great incapacity and unfitness for the post he occupied, or a deliberate purpose of conniving at the restoral of the deficient sum of money, in order to screen the actual offenders. The countenance he gave to the statements and opinions contained in the panchayat's mahazar, and the omission in his own report of all allusion to the circumstance that the necessary articles and money had been found on the second search made after his return to the temple in the evening, favors the latter view; but in either case, Krishnappa must be deemed to have proved himself unworthy of the position which he was filling. The Offg. Chief Commissioner directs that he be suspended for 6 months (inclusive of the period during which he has been already under suspension) and afterwards appointed to a subordinate post.

4. The Assistant Commissioner, Mr. Shanmugavelu Pille, deserves commendation for the manner in which he conducted the enquiry and exposed the delinquencies of all the persons concerned.

5. The original enclosures are returned.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Revenue Accounts of the Bangalore District.* Passing orders on correspondence relating to the manner in which they are kept.	No. 2772—76, dated 1st July 1875.	...	...	1 to 3
3 to 4	*Ownership of trees growing on tank bunds, &c.* Passing orders on the subject.	No. 2919—7, dated 7th July 1875.	...	...	4
5 to 6	*Kadamane Estate.* Passing orders on a further communication on the subject of land comprised in it.	No. 2958—25, dated 8th July 1875.	...	Progs., for January 1875, Part I, Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, Index Nos. 9 to 10.	5 to 6
7 to 8	*Boundary dispute between the villages of Sivanagere and Borasandra.* Requesting Survey and Settlement Commissioner to carry into effect the arrangements he proposed to dispose of it.	No. 2955—85, dated 8th July 1875.	...	...	7 to 9
9 to 10	*Magadi Taluk.* Transferring certain villages from it to the Bangalore Taluk.	No. 3051—99, dated 10th July 1875.	...	...	9
11 to 12	*Payments made by Wardars.* Passing orders on the mode of exhibiting them in the Revenue Accounts.	No. 3321—17, dated 19th July 1875.	...	...	9 to 12
13 to 14	*Mysore Boundary.* Directing that the question be determined by the Topographical Survey.	No. 3281—95, dated 19th July 1875.	...	...	13
15 to 16	*Quit-rent collections credited in the District Treasury Accounts.* Passing orders on a communication from the Shimoga Deputy Commissioner on the subject.	No. 3316—98, dated 19th July 1875.	...	...	14
17 to 18	*Joldars of Havaligan lan Hosur.* Passing orders on correspondence relating to the quit-rent imposed by the Inam Department on their lands.	No. 3507—104, dated 26th July 1875.	...	...	15 to 17
19 to 20	*Kaiigi Inam lands.* Directing the publication of a Notification intimating that the obligation imposed upon holders of such will be ceased to be imposed.	No. 3655—9, dated 30th July 1875.	...	...	17

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 1st July 1875.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, General Department, No. 1871, dated Poona, 30th November 1874.

Forwards a correspondence for the information of the Chief Commissioner stating—

1st.—That the village accounts in the settled portion of the Bangalore Taluk are incorrectly kept.

2ndly.—That the boundary marks are not kept in good repair; the strips between survey fields are ploughed up, and the space left between the boundaries of survey fields and high roads are in named instances cultivated.

From the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Mysore, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 933, dated Dharwar, 25th November 1874.

I have the honor, in accordance with your No. 211, dated 4th February 1874, to report for the quarter ending 30th September 1874, that I examined the accounts of a few villages in the settled portion of the Bangalore Taluk during the month of August last. I found that the village accounts generally were incorrectly kept, and it was obvious that the Shanbhogs had not been instructed in the proper method of preparing the various forms. Village Form No. 11 did not bear the signature of the Officer who did the jamabandi.

2. I noticed personally that in a very large number of instances the ryots had ploughed over the strip which it is provided should be left intact between boundary marks, and that the boundary marks themselves were not in proper repair. A letter from Captain Anderson, No. 862 of 29th September last, is herewith enclosed for your information.

3. The Deputy Superintendent reports that he did not examine any village accounts in settled taluks during the quarter under report.

From the Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey, To the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 862, dated Bangalore, 29th September 1874.

I beg to bring to your notice that in many places in the vicinity of Bangalore the ryots cultivate outside the boundary marks placed to demarcate the survey numbers especially in the space left between the survey marks and the high roads.

2. Not having the Taluk map of Bangalore to refer to, I am unable to give the names of any particular villages, but numerous instances may be seen (1) on the Madras road beyond the cemetery, (2) on the road beyond the Central Jail and (3) near the District Cutcherry.

Memo by the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 781, dated Dharwar, 7th October 1874.

Captain Anderson is requested kindly to instance a few cases. A map is herewith * sent.

* In separate case.

From the Dy. Superintendent, Revenue Survey, To the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 924, dated Bangalore, 17th October 1874.

In reply to your memo No. 781 of 7th instant, I beg to note that case (1) referred to in my letter appears to be in the village lands of Hakkikemmanhalli and Hadgodi, (2) in Yalihalli and (3) in Sampgihalli.

Chief Commissioner's Order No. 6806—Rev. 156, dated 15th December 1874.

The correspondence submitted with the above clearly shews that the village accounts in the settled portion of the Bangalore Taluk are incorrectly kept, and that the boundary marks are not preserved in good repair.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 1st July 1875.

2. The attention of Revenue Officers has repeatedly been drawn to the necessity of great care in the correct and regular preparation of the village accounts, and the Chief Commissioner cannot but express great dissatisfaction at the existence of any defects in the accounts kept in the new form in the Bangalore Taluk after all the orders that have already been issued on the subject.

3. With reference to the Survey Superintendent's remarks as to the Shanbhogs of the Bangalore Taluk not having been instructed in the proper method of preparing the forms of accounts and regarding the incompleteness of Form No. 11, the Dy. Commissioner is requested to take immediate measures to ensure both those points receiving full attention and to report at the end of three months from this date that this has been done with complete results. The village account Form No. 11 is an important return as it is a general abstract of the detailed village papers, and shews at a glance the results of the jamabandi of the year as compared with that of the previous year. It is therefore necessary that this account should be carefully examined and attested by the Officer conducting the jamabandi.

4. In his letter to the Survey Superintendent, Captain Anderson mentions several instances in which the ryots cultivate outside the boundary marks placed to demarcate the survey numbers especially in the space left between the survey marks and the high roads. The attention of the Commissioner is drawn to this circumstance with a view to his adopting such measures as may be deemed necessary to prevent such strips of land between the survey fields and the public roads being ploughed, and enforcing the rules prescribed for the due inspection and preservation of the survey boundary marks.

To—The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.—Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.—Survey Commissioner.—Superintendent, Revenue Survey.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 213, dated Bangalore, 11th June 1875.

With reference to your letter No. 6806—156, dated 16th December last, regarding the incorrect manner in which the accounts of the surveyed and settled hoblis of the Bangalore Taluk have been prepared, I have the honor to report as follows:—

2. On receipt of the above letter, it was found necessary to address the Superintendent of the Revenue Survey, with a view to ascertain the names of any of the villages in which the accounts were incorrectly kept, but as that officer expressed his inability to point out any particular villages as required, certain villages in each hobli were selected where the Shanbhogs were not known to be specially competent and their accounts called for, in order that a thorough examination might be made in this Office to test their correctness or otherwise.

3. It may be stated that these accounts have been carefully gone through and found to be generally correct. A few omissions or errors have been met with in detail which are enumerated below :—

Form No. 1.—In a few instances the right of each holder to the trees on the holding has not been entered in the column of remarks. This has been pointed out and rectified.

Nos. 2 *and* 3.—The balances of previous year's demand have not been brought forward. In the accounts of 1874—75, the balances of previous years as they stood on 31st May have been duly brought to book, under instructions from the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.

No. 4.—Correctly prepared.

No. 5.—The 6th column of this return was wrongly worded, *viz*, "name of the highest bidder" instead of "signature of the highest bidder." The necessary alteration has been ordered.

No. 6.—In some instances the proportion of each description of crops in annas has not been given in detail. Under the column "signature of the Testing Officer," the words "found to be correct" have been omitted. In a few cases the tenure of the holding, whether Government or inam, has not been entered.

No. 7.—A and B are correctly kept, but are written in some cases on small pieces of paper

Nos. 8 *and* 9—Are correctly kept, although some headings are worded wrongly.

No. 10.—Correct.

No. 11.—This was not attested by the jamabandi officer, apparently owing to the rules not providing for such a course. Orders were subsequently received directing that the jamabandi officer should attest No. 11 accounts, and were duly attended to in 1874—75. Similar accounts for 1873—74 have been called for, and will be duly examined and attested.

No. 12. *Mohatarfa.*—This has also been found to be correct generally. The total had not been entered which has since been done.

4. With regard to the point that the Shanbhogs had not been properly instructed, I may observe that every endeavour was made to enable these officials to understand the several forms prescribed in the Survey Manual; and most of them had a fair knowledge of the method of preparing the accounts. Moreover the introduction of the survey forms into unsettled taluks contributed materially to the Shanbhogs of the settled hoblis mastering them thoroughly. The doubts and difficulties which presented themselves to Amildars, Shanbhogs, &c., were collected together from all the taluks and definite instructions passed thereon and circulated to all the Amildars, after approval by the Survey Superintendent, for information and communication to Shanbhogs, &c., of all villages including those of the settled hoblis.

5. Strict orders have also been issued with a view to prevent strips of lands between survey fields and the high roads being ploughed or cultivated and to see that the boundary marks are kept in good order.

No. 2772—Rev. 76, dated Bangalore, 1st July 1875.

Order thereon.—In his letter No. 953 of the 25th November last, which was forwarded by the Survey Commissioner with his docket of the 30th idem, the Superintendent of the Revenue Survey stated that, on examining the accounts of a few villages in the newly settled Taluks of the Bangalore District, he had found them to be generally incorrectly kept, and that it was obvious that the Shanbhogs had not been instructed in the proper method of filling up the various forms, and further that Form No. 11 did not bear the signature of the Officer making the annual settlement.

2. From the report now submitted, it appears that as Captain Grant had been unable, when called upon, to indicate the particular villages to which his remarks referred, the Deputy Commissioner instituted a special enquiry, selecting several villages in each hobli where the Shanbhogs were known to be not specially competent; and that the result of this examination shewed that the accounts were generally correct, the few errors detected and enumerated in Mr. Ricketts' letter being such as might have been expected on the introduction of a new system. As regards the more important of these errors, *viz.*, the omission to bring forward the previous year's balance in accounts Nos. 2 and 3, the Officiating Chief Commissioner understands that considerable uncertainty existed on this point arising from the fact that the collections of revenue khists extended until recently to the end of May, though the accounts were balanced at the close of March; this difficulty has however now been met by the recent instructions issued from the Division Office.

3. The Officiating Chief Commissioner observes with satisfaction that the result of the careful enquiry instituted by Mr. Ricketts does not bear out the sweeping criticism passed by the Superintendent of the Revenue Survey on the state of the Revenue accounts generally in the Bangalore District, and no doubt, had a somewhat closer investigation been undertaken by him, it would have led him to modify his expressions or at least to indicate more precisely those points in which the Shanbhogs are stated to have been insufficiently instructed.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 7th July 1875.

From the Offg. Superintending Engineer of Irrigation Works, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 849, dated Bangalore, 31st March 1874.

Has the honor to request the favor of being supplied, for reference, with any orders that might have been passed by the Local Administration or the Government of India bearing on the subject of the right of ownership of trees growing on tank bunds, &c.

2. Letter No. 141 of 22nd March 1865, from Officiating Under-Secretary to Government of India, Foreign Department, to the address of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, would, it is believed, lead to the correspondence on the subject.

From the Offg. Superintending Engineer of Irrigation Works, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 1650, dated Bangalore, 3rd June 1875.

I have the honor to request you will be good enough to favor me with an early reply to this Office No. 1736 of the 26th June 1874, asking for information on the subject of the ownership of trees growing on tank bunds, regarding which three reminders were sent to your Office in the communications noted in the margin.

1. No. 2502 of 16th September 1874.
2. No. 3069 of 16th November 1874.
3. No. 677 of 1st March 1875.

No. 2919—Rev. 7, dated Bangalore, 7th July 1875.

Order.—The Officiating Chief Commissioner observes that no definite orders seem to have been passed touching rights in trees growing on tank bunds.

2. Speaking generally, trees growing on the bunds of tanks belonging to Inam villages of any description must be regarded as the property of the land-holder, and similarly the Government can claim the right of disposing of trees on the bunds of Government tanks, excepting in the case of what are termed "Sarkar Topes" planted by individuals for charitable purposes, and of trees which villagers have been of recent years permitted to plant, with the privilege annexed of enjoying their produce, &c.

3. The Officiating Chief Commissioner directs that whenever it may become necessary to remove trees on the bunds of Government tanks, notice should be given in the usual manner by the Deputy Commissioner. Any claims thereupon put forward will be investigated by the Deputy Commissioner, and if his decision be in favor of the claimants, the timber should be made over to them.

4. In Inam villages the tanks of which are being repaired by the Irrigation Department, such trees as it is found necessary to remove may be felled with the sanction of the Deputy Commissioner and the timber relinquished to the owners.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 8th July 1875.

From J. S. Middleton, Esq., To Major T. Clarke, Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Bangalore, dated Kadamane, Manjarabad, 31st May 1875.

I addressed a letter to your predecessor on the 11th January with reference to the "Proceedings" of the Chief Commissioner No. 6, dated 6th January 1875, but up to date I have had no reply.

I would have referred to several points in those "Proceedings" sooner, but delayed doing so owing to the absence of Sir Richard Meade. As however the date of his return seems uncertain, I will now with your permission point out what I consider bears very hard on this Company in those Proceedings.

In para 3 Sir Richard Meade appears to recognize the fact that there are many difficulties to be contended with in this locality, but I regret to observe a total absence on his part of any desire to make allowances for them.

In para 4 Sir Richard says "according to the terms of the patta, the Company was bound to plant "the whole Estate up with an average of 500 coffee trees per acre * * * * *. "Accepting the "permission to grow cardamoms accorded in 1866, as in substitution of coffee, it appears that three-fifths "of the property will still remain unstocked. The total number of coffee or cardamom plants required "to make up an average of 500 per acre on the whole area would be 3,176,500, and it is of course hope "less to expect that that number can or will be planted in the two-fifths under cultivation."

As proved by actual survey there has been cleared and planted with coffee.—

Acres.				Plants.
780	containing say	.. ..		936,000
194	do	do	coffee and cardamoms mixed	232,800
1,707	do	do	cardamoms	2,048,400
577	were under preparation for cardamoms last year, now fully cleared, will contain			692,400
200	Acres forest cleared this year will contain say			240,000
3,458			Total Plants ..	4,149,600

Or 973,100 plants in excess of the number stated by Sir R. Meade as required by the terms of the patta, providing that the whole 6,353 acres were forest land, but from this quantity should be deducted about 500 acres of grass land and about 300 acres of rock and precipices sloping down towards the Kempakal Ghat. This leaves in reality only 5,553 acres of good, bad and indifferent forest, and which, correctly speaking, is the number which ought to be adopted by Government when calculating the average number of plants required to be planted out in this property.

In para 5 Sir R. Meade "On a full consideration of all the circumstances connected with the matter" proceeds to dispose of it in the most summary manner by "confirming to the Company the 2,483 "acres either planted up or proposed to be planted up with coffee or cardamoms, together with such "further portion of the abandoned or waste land as will be covered by the total number of plants at the "prescribed average per acre."

By this you will observe that he totally ignores our right to claim any forest on account of the 775 acres that were planted by me with coffee, but subsequently greatly injured by the Borer insect.

Surely in all fairness we are equally entitled to a corresponding extent of forest land in proportion to the number of coffee plants that were planted in the 775 acres of land, as on the other 2,483 acres now under cardamoms and coffee.

Judging however by clause 2 of para 5, Sir Richard Meade appears to think that not only is the Company not entitled to claim any forest under this head, but he actually wishes to insist on the planted land itself being resigned if not replanted within three years.

Hitherto the cultivated portions of our lands were considered inviolably the property of the holder so long as he paid the halat on the produce, but if the present ruling of Sir Richard Meade is to hold good our pattas will be worse than of no value as they will have proved to us a delusion and a snare.

Ten of the best years of my life and a large amount of money were devoted to the cultivation of those 775 acres of coffee land, but because the Borer came and destroyed the bulk of it, Sir Richard Meade, regardless of the fact that I am the greatest sufferer by that misfortune, decides that unless the whole is replanted within 3 years with coffee or cardamoms it must be resigned.

As the land had first been totally denuded of forest, then burnt, planted and cultivated without a shade-tree for a number of years, perhaps I may be permitted to ask, how it could be expected to be fit for replanting in such a short space of time?

In Ceylon all lands of a like nature require from 15 to 20 years before they are considered fit for cultivating a second time. If such is the case in a forcing climate like Ceylon, is it reasonable to expect that the exhausted portions of Kadamane should be fit for replanting within eight or ten years?

It has been proved satisfactorily that without a certain amount of shade coffee will not thrive in Manjarabad, and in consequence I have been doing my utmost during the last eight years to get secondary shade to grow all over these 775 acres, with partial success.

In para 6 Sir Richard Meade says "when these arrangements have been carried out, a new patta "will be issued describing the lands retained by the Company, and the words "or cardamoms" will be "inserted in it after coffee."

By this I presume it is proposed to keep the matter open for three years instead of settling it at once.

The figures furnished by the Survey ordered by Sir Richard Meade himself clearly prove that the terms of the patta have been fully complied with. They also prove that I have brought more land under cultivation than any six average European settlers in Mysore, or I may say in Southern India; still, I am treated as if I had been a mere cumberer of the ground.

Under all the circumstances, when giving "full consideration to the matter," I think it would have been a more graceful act on the part of Sir Richard Meade to have passed orders that a new patta should be issued at once to the Company with the additional words referred to added but untrammelled by rules and conditions opposed to the letter and the spirit of the original grant.

I trust a perusal of the foregoing will be sufficient to shew that I have reasonable grounds for complaint. Please bring the matter to the notice of the Officiating Chief Commissioner and ask him to be good enough to reconsider the case and much oblige.

P. S. In the statement above shewing the number of plants stocking Kadamane, you will observe 200 acres returned as new land cleared this year, but not included in the Survey return.

I may also mention that I have about 500,000 pepper plants distributed over the property, ranging from one to five years old. Of these the Surveyors appear to have made no return.

No. 2958—Rev. 25, dated Bangalore, 8th July 1875.

Order thereon.—The Officiating Chief Commissioner observes that the previous orders were issued after due consideration of all the requirements of the case, and no sufficient reasons have been shewn for modifying them. Mr. Dalyell sees no objection however to the issue of the new patta being deferred for three years, when the terms of clause I of para 5 of the order of the 6th January 1875, No. 6 can be applied and the extent of the "additional ground" to be included in the estate determined by the actual number of trees then planted. Mr. Middleton as representing the Company may have the option of electing to have this computation made now or 3 years hence.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 8th July 1875.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 473, dated Camp Sagar, 3rd April 1875.

With reference to your memo No. 3208—233 of the 29th July last, I have the honor to report that the boundary dispute between the villages of Sivanagere of the Maddagiri Taluk and Borasandra of the Sira Taluk has been investigated by Captain Coussmaker, Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey, and in default of the production of any satisfactory evidence on either side he proposes to divide the disputed land between the two villages concerned, in the propriety of which decision I concur.

2. The land is described as stony waste, unfit for any thing but grazing ; no claim to any of it is alleged on behalf of Government. Any claim on the part of the Amrut Mahal Department is especially denied as shewn in Captain Coussmaker's 11th para.

3. The dispute being entirely between two entire inam villages, no question of excess of area arises ; they are entitled to every thing within their respective lines of boundary.

4. I beg that the accompanying papers may be returned to me with as little delay as possible.

From Captain Coussmaker, Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey, To the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, Boundary Dispute, No. 1, dated Camp Sira, 18th February 1875.

Sarvamanya Borasandra, *vs.* Jodimanya Sivanagere.

In accordance with the instructions conveyed in your letter No. 927 of 1874, dated 24th November, I have investigated the boundary dispute between Sarva-inam village Borasandra and Jodi-inam village Sivanagere respecting an area of 841 acres of waste land situated on the boundary of these two villages and which is at present amanat by order of the late Inam Commissioner, Colonel Clerk.

2. Borasandra is in the Sira Taluk, and Sivanagere in that of Maddagiri.

There were present on behalf of Borasandra, Raghavendrachari, the accredited agent of the inamdars, Patels Karebande Gauda, and Mudebande Gauda, Shanbhog Aholaiya, Talavar Buddaranga, Toti Dasa and other villagers.

3. On behalf of Sivanagere there were present Ramaiyanna, Hariyappa, and Krishtappa Jodidars, Patel Karekalegauda, Talavar Timme Ajja, Chakra Ranga, Hajam Parwata and other villagers. The land in dispute is all poor stony waste, with a shendy bandh running through it from east to west ; small portions are said to have been cultivated at various times, but there is now no trace of cultivation, and the land is only useful for grazing. Borasandra produced the following documents in support of their claim, translations of which are appended.

A. An old document, bearing no Government stamp, shewing amongst other boundary marks three, *viz.*—

A stone called Hatbande Shasana Nati-sakka kallu.

A stone called Kyadigemarada Baliya-dakle kallu.

A Surya chandra kallu at the junction of the boundaries of Jakkanhalli, Kanhalli, and Borasandra.

B. A Sagvali patti executed with one Sarvataiya in the year 1836, giving a portion of the hamlet Adiketamenhalli for cultivation. The whole land of this hamlet is included in this Amanat area.

C. A Hulbandi patti executed with one Woba in the year 1826, renting the grazing of Tippanhalli. The land of this hamlet is partially included in the Amanat area.

4. I rode round the boundary pointed out by the Borasandra villagers and they shewed me the three stones mentioned in document A, all of which corresponded with their description, and were undoubtedly boundary stones of long standing.

Sivanagere produced in support of their claim the following documents, copies of which are annexed, *viz.*—

D. A document, without any Government stamp, shewing amongst other boundary marks two *viz.*, a spot where a Ling-mudra stone formerly existed, and which was removed by the Borsandra villagers, which led to a fight between Sivanagere and Borasandra villagers about 20 years ago, and a mark cut on a rock on a hill called Narigutta or Putgudda.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 8th July 1875.

E. The declaration of a panchayat of neighbouring villagers to the effect that Narigutta and Putgudda were two names for one and the same hill.

F. A Razinama signed by the Badavanhalli Kavaldar acknowledging that the boundaries of the Kaval and of Sivanagere are contiguous as far as the spot whence the boundary stone was formerly removed as mentioned in document D.

5. I went with the villagers to the two places mentioned in document D. The first place (whence the stone had been removed) might, or might not be correct, but it has been accepted by the Badvanhalli kaval, and the Kanhalli measurers who have measured their respective villages up to this point. On the spot shewn as Narigutta there is a Shasana cut on a rock: this they pointed out as the rock mentioned in document D.

6. This rock is not actually in the Amanat area, but situate in a line with the western boundary and a few chains to the north. Mr. Meiklejohn has already decided that this rock should be excluded from the Sivanagere village, but from its position I think it is probably the rock mentioned in the documents of that village.

They have moreover a Sannad engraved in Nagari character and Sanskrit words on 3 copper plates, an abstract translation of which they produced, and which I annex marked G. I have no means of knowing whether the translation is correct as no one in my Office knows Sanskrit.

7. As regards claim to the 841 acres of land in dispute one party shews as good evidence as the other. I hardly ever find that individual boundary marks can be relied upon: stones are to be found scattered all over the place. In case of a dispute, certain papers are selected from the bundles of old documents to be found in the house of any Shanbhog, and stones to suit the claim of the contending parties are shewn. Moreover the description of the marks is generally so vague that it is always possible to twist the meaning of the words to make them suit any particular stone. To go by what the rival inamdars shew as their boundary marks, and which they bring documents to prove have always demarcated their villages, either party clearly prove their right to the entire area under dispute, and as they cannot both have it; if it be decided by the Survey and Settlement Commissioner to settle this dispute in accordance with Sannads and other documents produced by the inamdars as evidence of their boundaries, I propose that the 841 acres be divided between them as shewn by the red line in the map. By dividing in this way the existing numbers are maintained intact and two more Bandhs in No. 98 will complete the demarcation.

8. The late Inam Commissioner has however ruled in his previous decision that the area as now measured to these two villages is largely in excess of the original Paimayish Accounts even taking into account the average difference of area as shewn by the early surveys and our present surveys of the surrounding villages, and looking at the areas of the original Paimayish, *viz.*, Borasandra 510 acres and Sivanagere 699 acres and at those now measured by our Department, *viz.*, Borasandra 1708 acres and Sivanagere 1830 acres, the discrepancy is most marked.

9. As far as I understand the custom of the Inam Department, their adopted areas are based on the original Paimayish Accounts plus an additional area equal to the excess found to exist in the surrounding Government villages and 10 per cent.

10. I think the rule that applies to one should apply to all, and the area of these villages be computed in this manner. Should the Survey and Settlement Commissioner concur with me, I propose that the whole area of 841 acres be permanently annexed by Government and included in one of the neighbouring villages. The occupation being first offered to the inamdars, and in event of their refusal, to any other ryots at the current rate.

11. I explained these two alternative decisions to the inamdars and told them that they would get my final orders when the Survey and Settlement Commissioner had come to a decision.

Before making any decision I ascertained from the Assistant Superintendent of Kavals that the Amrut Mahal Department put in no claim to disputed land.

12. A map of the disputed area is annexed, and all the documents received with your letter No. 927 of 1874 are herewith returned.

No. 11, Camp Sakrebail, dated March 15th, 1875.

Having been requested by the Superintendent to record my decision in this case, I decide that the land in dispute be divided between the contending parties as shewn by the red line A. B.

By this decision Borasandra gets 400 acres, and Sivanagere 441 acres. Number 98 to be remeasured and divided into two numbers accordingly.

M. F. Coussmaker, *Captain*,
Asstt. Supt., Revenue Survey.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 10th July 1875.

No. 2955—Rev. 85, dated Bangalore, 8th July 1875.

Order thereon.—The Survey and Settlement Commissioner is requested to carry into effect the arrangements proposed by him for the disposal of the boundary dispute between the villages of Sivanagere of the Maddagiri Taluk and Borasandra of the Sira Taluk.

2. The Superintendent of Inam Settlements will adopt the necessary steps to revise the settlement made in that Department, in accordance with the decision now passed.

3. The 29 enclosures of the Survey and Settlement Commissioner's letter are returned.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Offg. Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 956, dated Bangalore, 14th May 1875.

In returning the petition from Srikantaiya, Vakil of Venkatappa, Shanbhog of Kodigihalli and other villages of the Bangalore Taluk, received under cover of your Official Memorandum No. 4929—Genl. 166 of 7th October last, I have the honor to state that the villages referred to may be transferred from Magadi to the Bangalore Taluk, as requested by the petitioner.

2. The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, concurs in the proposed transfer.

3. A sketch plan shewing the position of the villages is enclosed.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner in Mysore, General No. 1616—Rev. 52, dated Bangalore, 26th May 1875.

I am desired by the Offg. Chief Commissioner to forward the accompanying petition in original (with a translation) from one Srikantaiya, Vakil of Venkatappa, Shanbhog of Kodigihalli and other villages in the Tavarekere Hobli, Magadi Taluk, praying that their villages may be transferred to the Bangalore Taluk, together with copy of a letter *from the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division reporting thereon, and to enquire whether it will be practicable to make the transfer at the time of the settlement of the Kengeri Hobli of the Bangalore Taluk which is impending.

*With a sketch plan (to be returned).

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, General Department, General No. 908, dated 15th June 1875.

With reference to Secretary's No. 1616—52 of the 26th ultimo, the Survey Commissioner begs to state that the transfer of the five villages alluded to to the Bangalore Taluk is open to no objection. Three of these villages are inam, the two Government villages are all ready for settlement, as they belonged to the old Kengeri Taluk, and will be settled about the end of this month.

No. 3051—Rev. 99, dated Bangalore, 10th July 1875.

Order.—The transfer of the marginally named villages from the taluk of Magadi to that of Bangalore is sanctioned.

Kodigihalli.
Sigehalli.
Kenchaiyanpura.
Hoshalli Gollarpalya.
Jodimanganhalli,
(attached to Tavarekere Hobli.)

2. A notification to the above effect will be published in the Gazette.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 19*th July* 1875.

From the Offg. Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 535—Rev. 183, dated Shimoga, 16th January 1874.

As directed in Proceedings No. 1878—58, dated 11th July last, I have the honor to submit two statements in the form prescribed in Proceedings No. 1342—31, dated 13th June last, shewing the amounts recoverable from the wargdars of the Taluks of Ságar and Anantapur on account of warg inams, and also copy of a letter No. 755, dated 5th instant, from the Deputy Commissioner of Shimoga on the subject.

2. It would appear that in the Ságar Taluk a sum of Rs. 907—11—3 has long since been continued to be paid to the inamdars out of the total collections of the several villages; but the Deputy Commissioner has been requested to explain under what authority this objectionable practice was in force, and whether any such practice exists in other taluks, and also to report the result of his enquiries regarding the amounts which are kept under "Beriz Baki" or in abeyance.

3. The point on which the Deputy Commissioner requests instructions is whether the public-debt system as directed in the Deputy Accountant General's Circular No. 1052, dated 29th September last, should be observed in the current year.

4. As explained by the Deputy Commissioner, payments to inamdars in the Taluks of Ságar, Anantapur and Sorab for the current year have to be made during the next official year; and it would appear that a sum of Rs. 7,000 has been provided for for this purpose in the draft Budget for 1874—75. If this has been accepted and entered in the Provincial Budget, the payments will have to be debited against this Budget provision and not from the head Public Debt, and as it seems that the probable amount to be recovered from the wargdars on account of the inam beriz has been included in the Receipt Budget for 1874—75, the receipts from this source for the current year cannot be credited to Public Debt.

5 Should the public-debt system be observed it should also be decided whether all the amounts recovered from wargdars or so much of them as have to be paid to inamdars should be credited to this head. A separate account of the amounts will however have to be kept, and the difference between the receipts from wargdars, and payments to inamdars by Government including the jodi hitherto paid, will have to be struck off the jari inami accounts (as directed in para 2 of your letter No. 4976—74, dated 3rd ultimo) and brought to the ryotwar account Class II, No. 7.

6. Under these circumstances, it seems to be very simple to credit the receipts in question to the jamabandi accounts, the Deputy Commissioner seeing by careful examination of the accounts that the amounts are thus included, a separate memo of details being furnished, if necessary, to shew at a glance the transactions connected with these sums.

I request that early instructions may be issued on the subject, as orders should be issued to the Deputy Commissioner before the commencement of the khist in February next.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, To the Offg. Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 755, dated Camp Ságar, 5th January 1874.

With reference to your Circular No. 130, dated 26th June last, I have the honor to submit two statements shewing the particulars of warg inams in the Taluks of Ságar and Anantapur.

2. In the Ságar taluk there is a sum of Rs. 907—11—3, which has not been distributed over particular wargs in the accounts, but has hitherto been deducted from the total collection of the several villages and paid to the inamdars.

3. In the Anantapur Taluk no such items exist, but in some instances the entire wargs having been given up by razinama, the inam beriz cannot be recovered. In others, portions of the amounts of the wargs are kept under beriz baki and orders have been issued to the Amildar to explain in detail the circumstances under which the amounts have been kept under beriz baki, and when a reply is received orders will be issued as to whether such amounts should be recovered from the wargdar or not.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 19th July 1875.

4. In Circular No. 1,052, dated 29th September 1873, the Deputy Accountant General has directed that the realizations from the wargdars and the amounts paid to inamdars should respectively be credited and debited to Public Debt. If this is done the amounts recovered from wargdars on account of inam will have to be omitted from the jamabandi accounts and the payments to be made to inamdars need not be budgetted for. The amounts to be recovered from the wargdars being on the whole much more than the amounts to be paid to the inamdars as shewn in the margin, a question arises as to whether so much only as is to be paid to the inamdars be taken from the amounts recovered from the wargdar and credited to Public Debt. If so, the difference will have to be included in the jamabandi accounts, a procedure which would involve much complication of accounts.

	To be recovered from Warghars, column 15.	To be paid to Inamdars, column 10.	Increase.
Ságar	2,956—1—6	2,639—6—0	316—11—6
Anantapur	719—5—6	673—13—0	45— 6—6

5. But here it is matter for consideration whether, for reasons explained below, it is at all necessary to observe the "Public-Debt" system. Although no term is fixed in the Deputy Accountant General's Circular within which this system is to be in force, still it would appear from the Secretary's Proceedings No. 3230—112, dated 15th September, therein alluded to, that this system was introduced temporarily for the current year by which the submission of a supplemental estimate for that year was obviated. But the rules for ready money payments having by subsequent *orders been declared to be in force in the Ságar, Sorab and Anantapur Taluks from the current official year, and the payments in these taluks having to be made in 1874—75 (*vide* para 4 of Secretary's No. 4976—74, dated 3rd instant, received with your docket No. 751, dated 13th instant,) the Supplemental Budget even if it had been sanctioned would have lapsed.

* Notification No. 189, dated 25rd October last.

6. In the Secretary's letter just quoted those payments are spoken of as sums that should be budgetted for, which would be incompatible with the "Public-Debt" system, and moreover a sum of Rs. 7,000 has been provided for in the draft Budget for 1874—75, the year in which the payments should commence, and from correspondence which has taken place between this Office and the Deputy Accountant General it would appear that the provision has been accepted by him.

7. Under these circumstances I request your *early* instructions as to whether the public-debt system should be brought into force. If so, instructions are also solicited on the point alluded to in para 4, and regarding para 2 orders will be issued to take the amount to be paid to inamdars from the gross collections of the villages and credit it to Public Debts. If not, the amounts to be recovered from the wargdars and that alluded to in para 2 will be included in the jamabandi account.

From the Officiating Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 644—Rev. 225, dated Shimoga, 12th March 1874.

This Office letter No. 535—183, dated 16th January last, soliciting instructions on certain points connected with the Malnad warg inams of the Shimoga District.

Requests the favor of an early reply, as the collection season has already commenced, and begs to forward for information copy of a letter No. 868, dated 12th ultimo, from the Deputy Commissioner, regarding the sum of Rs. 907—11—3 hitherto deducted and paid to the inamdars, from the total collection of villages in the Ságar Taluk, and the beriz baki in wargs.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, To the Offg. Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 868, dated Camp Mandagadde, 12th February 1874.

With reference to your docket No. 851, dated 16th ultimo, I have the honor to forward herewith an extract from the inamti accounts for 1859—60 of the Ságar Taluk, from which it will be seen that the amount of Rs. 907—11—3 has continued to be deducted from collections in the taluk and paid to the marginally noted Devasthans from a very long time in accordance with Bakshi Rama Rao's tasdik patti. The amount seems to have been the value of lands originally assigned, but which are not now traceable and of which no particulars are forthcoming in the accounts beyond the names of the different villages in which the inam lands are stated to lie. There is however no other instance of the kind in the district.

Agoreshwara Devasthan at Ikkeri.
Parvata ammanavaru at do
Tankasale Ganapati Devaru at do

2. With regard to the beriz baki, I beg to state that on scrutinizing the accounts I find that the same had been allowed on account of lands lying fallow or otherwise called "Banjar Nashta," and as wargdars of Government land are allowed remuneration of assessment on beriz baki lands, I consider that the sum in question cannot fairly be demanded from wargdars on account of inams in their wargs, I have therefore deferred imposing it pending your orders.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Genl. No. 123—Rev. 28, dated Shimoga, 4th June 1875.

In acknowledging the receipt of your letter No. 707—R. 7, dated the 28th ultimo, I have the honor to state that the information requested in this office letter No. 535—183, dated the 16th January 1874, regarding the mode of treating in the accounts inam payments out of wargs in the taluks of Ságar, Anantapur and Sorab, has not yet been furnished. Copy of a letter from the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga, containing further explanation with reference to certain points connected with the above, was subsequently submitted with this office docket No. 644—225, dated 12th March 1874, and early orders were solicited.

2. The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga, has reported that recoveries made from wargdars for the last two years have been kept in deposit, and no payments seem to have been yet made to the inamdars.

3. I beg to state that two statements for the Ságar and Anantapur Taluks, received with your letter under acknowledgment, shew only the amounts to be recovered from wargdars and the cash payments to be made to inamdars, and do not solve the difficulties raised in the communications above referred to.

No. 3321—Rev. 17, dated Bangalore, 19th July 1875.

Order thereon.—In the foregoing letters, the Commissioner solicits instructions as to the mode of exhibiting in the revenue accounts payments made by wargdars on account of inams in their warg lands, and asks whether the "public-debt system" laid down in the Deputy Accountant General's Circular No. 1052, dated 29th September 1873, should be followed.

2. The Offg. Chief Commissioner concurs in Mr. Ricketts' opinion, expressed in the first of the letters above recorded, that it would be simpler, and in every way preferable to enter all the payments made by the wargdars in the jamabandi accounts, and directs that this course be adopted in future. The payments to be made by Government to the inamdars should be budgetted for annually, the charge being shewn under the following head :—

4. Land Revenue.

Miscellaneous.

Malnad Land Inam payments.

3. A detailed talukwar budget statement should be submitted for all payments due in the current year.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 19th July 1875.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 1281, dated Poona, 14th August 1874.

With reference to your letter No. 2203—149 of the 24th June last, I shall be obliged by your informing me as to what kind of a survey is required of the Mysore boundary and for what purpose.

2. I am informed, that many boundary disputes exist on the boundary in question, and it would be hardly possible to make a survey till these disputes are settled.

3. If a survey is required on which to settle the boundary, I beg to point out that the line of boundary in question is situated in one of the most difficult countries in the world to survey; for this purpose a map constructed with the minutest topographical accuracy would be necessary, which could only be executed by professional Draftsmen of high qualifications on a survey based on triangulation; a work of this kind is probably beyond the capacity of our men, or at any rate would absorb so many of the best men that work elsewhere would certainly suffer.

From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Departmnet, No. 857—349, dated 27th March 1875.

Referring to your letter No. 2218—151 of the 24th June 1874, to the address of the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, intimating that the Revenue Survey and Settlement Commissioner has been addressed with a view to a rough survey being made at the close of the monsoon, from the Coorg frontier to the triple junction of Mysore and North and South Canara, I have the honor to request that you will be good enough to inform me what arrangements have been made in the matter by the Survey Commissioner.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, General No. 141—Revenue 32, dated 15th June 1875.

Your No. 864—18, dated 5th May 1874, forwarding for report certain correspondence on the subject of the boundary dispute between Canara and Mysore.

With reference to the above, forwards copy of a docket from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur, No. 137 of 2nd instant, and enquires whether the order to the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, dated 10th April 1875, referred to by the Deputy Commissioner, may be considered applicable to the boundary question in this Division.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 137, dated 2nd June 1875.

Previous correspondence on the question of the boundary line between Mysore and Canara.

With reference to the above, begs to request instructions as to whether the matter may not be made over to the Revenue Survey Department, so far as it relates to the Kadur District, also in conformity with the Chief Commissioner's decision in a reply to the Ashtagram Commissioner, under date the 10th April last, *vide* the 7th Reference, Part II, Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, B. (matters of routine) in the Proceedings printed for the month of April 1875.

No. 3281—Rev. 95, dated Bangalore, 19th July 1875.

Order.—Ordered that the boundary in question must be determined by the Topographical Survey when constituted.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 19th July 1875.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 479, dated Shimoga, 24th June 1875.

Adverting to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 6647—43, dated 10th December last, requesting explanations for the discrepancy pointed out by the Deputy Accountant General in the statement of quit-rent collections credited in the District Treasury accounts, I have the honor to state that the former jodi paid in this District the year before the Inam settlement on inam lands settled was Rs. 16,463—5—0. The combined quit-rent confirmed by the settlement was Rs. 17,641—0—1, therefore the increase was Rs. 1,177—11—1. But that since the above settlement, land paying Rs. 53—5—8 has been resigned, and the former jodi on the remainder was Rs. 16,409—15—4.

2. The combined quit-rent of some individuals confirmed at the settlement is less than their former jodi, that of others is greater, the result for the four taluks under reference is a decrease of Rs. 77—6—8, which, deducted from the former jodi, leaves a balance of Rs. 16,332—8—8, and increase to this by the above settlement is Rs. 1,255—1—9; but whether this is to be considered as quit-rent or the gross increase, or whether the total for collection should be so considered, there is nothing to shew.

Shimoga, Channagiri, Honnali, and Shikarpur.

3. However the Treasury accounts for that year shew a collection of Rs. 2,807—11—7, this differs from the statements given by the Deputy Accountant General in his No. 4031, dated 27th November, received with the above Proceedings, by Rs. 159, which sum is there shewn as collected in January 1874, but the Treasury accounts for this District shew no collection at all for that month.

4. How the Treasury accounts which are taken from those of the taluks come to shew this sum I cannot understand, for neither the quit-rent register in the taluk nor the village accounts in the villages make any distinction between jodi and quit-rent after the Inam settlement is introduced.

No. 3316—Rev. 98, dated Bangalore, 19th July 1875.

Order thereon.—In the above, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District submits explanation with reference to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 6647—43 of the 10th December last, regarding certain discrepancies pointed out by the Deputy Accountant General in the statement of quit-rent collections credited in the District Treasury accounts.

2. The tenor of para 1 of the Deputy Commissioner's letter would shew that a distinction between the old jodi and quit-rent is still maintained in the accounts, although in para 4 it is asserted that such does not exist.

3. As the figures mentioned in para 2 are somewhat irreconcilable, the Inam Superintendent is requested to furnish this Office with a statement for each of the Taluks brought under settlement, shewing the original amount of jodi, and that to which it was reduced, with his reasons in each case, as well as the amount of quit-rent imposed by the Inam Department.

4. The Deputy Accountant General is requested to explain the discrepancy pointed out in para 3 of the Deputy Commissioner's letter.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 26th July 1875.

Memorandum by the Survey and Inam Commissioner of Mysore, No. 794, dated Incholi, North Canara Districts, 25th May 1875.

In this case a report is requested " as to the circumstances under which Major Cole confirmed the " village referred to in para 2 of Colonel Puckle's letter (Madamuttanhalli) on ½ quit-rent" (it should be ¼ quit-rent) " if it is held on the same tenure " as the other villages named. The following extract from the report of the Officiating Assistant Inam Commissioner is made from the Register (A) giving the reasons for proposing ¼ quit-rent in this case.

" 3rd. The ancestor of the present holders in requesting the Dewan to re-grant the village bound " himself to render certain services to the State, and the Dewan re-granted the village on that condition " imposing at the same time on the holder the extra service of preparing the hobli accounts. The order " however does not enjoin the punctual performance of the service and in default its resumption. The " Dewan, I presume, has made this grant more with a view to the maintenance of the holder than any " thing else, basing as a matter of course his ground for the re-grant of the village on the condition of " performance of a task which as far as I can judge even in those days is not calculated to serve any good " end, but on the other hand would only tend to create mischief, annoyance, and malpractices. What- " ever may have been the original views of the grantor under which the grant was made, when those " views are not expressed on paper, we cannot hold them good and perpetuate them as such on mere " presumption. It is however *primâ facie* a grant made for performing certain services which were then " essential or otherwise, but they are now no longer required or rendered. This case, I am of opinion, " should fall under Rule VIII, Clause F. of the Land Inam Rules."

" 4th. The service ceased to exist long ago. Inams of this kind deserve some lenient considera- " tion under the spirit of the clause ; I would therefore recommend its confirmation on ¼ quit-rent for " the favorable consideration of the Inam Commissioner."

2. From para 9 of the Special Assistant's report on the Assistant's report it appears that Tippu Sultan resumed this inam, and in the next para 9 the Special Assistant remarks as follows:—

" 9th. This state of things continued for a period of 8 years, and on the restoration of the country " to the present dynasty and on the accession of Púrnaiya to power, he distinguished himself by several " acts of popularity, and restored the resumed villages not as new grants, but as old grants resumed, on " the payment of a jodi nearly equal to their full assessment. As the Assistant rightly observes, this " village and others resumed by Tippu on the abolition of Desakulkarni and such like offices, were re- " granted on the payment of a jodi and for the performance of a service which was never expected to be " rendered nor enforced. It has evidently ceased to be rendered within the last 50 years, and the inams " may be considered as virtually subsistence-grant, or those the nominal service attached to which was " compromised by the imposition of a jodi. I therefore support the Assistant's recommendation that the " inam may be confirmed on ¼ quit-rent or Rs. 226 including the jodi."

3. On the 30th December 1871, Major Cole, Officiating Inam Commissioner, confirmed the above proposals to continue the inam on ¼ quit-rent.

4. In the case of the village of Havaligaudana Hosur, the Assistant Superintendent reported as follows. "This is one of the Desakulkarni inams granted for the personal benefit of the holder as well "as certain services which are neither rendered or required. I would therefore recommend its confir- "mation on ¼ quit-rent as villages in the Betmangala Taluk have been on my recommendation on this "rate of quit-rent by the Inam Commissioner, *vide* Rule VI, Clause F."

5. The Reviewing Assistant remarked in para 3 of his review " this is either a service inam or " not. If the former (Mr. Syed Nasiruddin himself comes to that finding in para 7) Rule VIII, Clause F. " applies. As it is a service tenure, Rule VI does not apply. I am therefore of opinion that ½ quit-rent " should be charged. In advancing this opinion I must say that I am ignorant of the reasons on which " the settlement of similar tenures in the Betmangala Taluk was based."

6. Eventually after some discussion and the condition of service being shewn to be " express and clear," the Officiating Inam Commissioner confirmed this village as inam on ½ quit-rent quoting as a precedent that Colonel Clerk, Inam Commissioner, in 1868 in the case of the Desapandya village of Mala-gondanhalli in the Harihar Taluk, had rejected the recommendation of the Assistant and Special Assis- tant to confirm the village on ¼ quit-rent and confirmed it on ½ quit-rent with the following remark. " No exception can be made in favor of this inam ; it must be treated as all other Desapandya inams have " been treated in this Taluk Harihar and half the balance charged after calculating the present jodi."

Report of Mr. V. N. Narsimmaiengar of 14th July 1873.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 26th July 1875.

7. Major Cole, in answer to a reference on this point from me, states that Colonel Clerk confirmed no similar inam villages on ¼ quit-rent, but he disposed of one Chokpur in the Malur Taluk on ⅓ quit-rent and forwarded the register of that village. But on reference to the register of that village I find that the Special Assistant, after stating that the sannad was said to be lost, says "I have carefully examined the papers sent to me from the "Huzur, and with the exception of the designation Kulkarni I do not find "the performance of Desakulkarni service attached to the inam as a condition at present or at the time "of Púrnaiya's settlement," and farther in the next para states that "this family enjoys three more "villages granted by Púrnaiya on the same date in which the condition of service was not mentioned." He proposed to confirm the village on ⅛ quit-rent which Colonel Clerk confirmed.

Report, dated 28th January 1869.

8. Now it must be plain that there was a very wide difference in the circumstances of this village and that confirmed by Major Cole on ¼ quit-rent; in the one no mention of a condition of service could be found and the presumption was against any such condition having been made. In the other, that confirmed by Major Cole, the original condition of service was beyond doubt, and that condition had never been abrogated. The quoting by Major Cole of Colonel Clerk's confirmation of Malur as a similar case appears therefore to fail.

9. Major Cole considers that the latter part of Clause F. of Rule VIII left the amount of quit-rent to be fixed to his discretion on a consideration of the circumstances, and in the exercise of that discretion he fixed it at ¼ as service had ceased to be rendered for the past 50 years, but the liability to perform service undoubtedly still existed and might have been called into operation whenever the Government pleased. Moreover the rule laid down by Colonel Clerk for the treatment of such cases is not shewn to have been ever departed from by him and in my opinion established a precedent, departure from which could only be authorized by order of the Chief Commissioner, and unless the Chief Commissioner thinks fit to order to the contrary Colonel Clerk's rule should, I think, guide the proceedings in reference to all such cases.

Para 4 of No. 13 of 27th ultimo.

10. I will merely note that the preparation of the Hobli or Parganna accounts alluded to by Mr. Syed Nasiruddin in the 3rd para of his report, on the case of Madamuttanhalli, as though it was intended to be a mere nominal condition and as one "even in those days not calculated to serve any good end," was a well-known portion of the service rendered by Desapandyas with which "Desakulkarni" is synonymous; they were in fact the hereditary revenue officials of their Pargannas and in the Bombay Presidency till within twelve years ago when their service was commuted were required to keep duplicate revenue accounts in addition to those prepared by the regular stipendiary establishment and to either serve in person or furnish Karkuns to aid the regular revenue establishment.

No. 3507—Rev. 104, dated Bangalore, 26th July 1875.

Order thereon.—The present question has arisen out of the complaints made by the jodidars of Havaligaudan Hosur, Bellambari, Vittapalli and Parjanhalli villages in the Kolar Taluk, to the effect that in the inam settlement ⅓ quit-rent had been imposed in addition to the jodi on those villages—while in the case of the Madamuttanhalli village, Major Cole, as Offg. Inam Commissioner, had imposed the intermediate rate of ¼ quit-rent.

2. Major Cole justifies his proceedings in the latter case, by the terms of Section VIII, C. F. of the Inam Rules, which, while fixing the maximum quit-rent at ¼ the assessment, allow consideration to be given to the nature of the service to be commuted, and the length of time during which the service has ceased to be rendered or enforced.

3. The office of Desakulkarni, Desapandya, for which these inams were originally granted, was virtually extinguished when Tippu confiscated the inams—when these were revived again by Dewan Púrnaiya, a jodi was imposed, whether in commutation of the services attached to this office or not, is not apparent, though the Inam Commissioner expresses an opinion that "the liability to perform service undoubtedly still existed, and might have been called into operation, whenever the Government pleased." This opinion is

probably derived from the circumstances of similar inams attached to the office of Desapandya in the Bombay Presidency whose obligations of service were recognized up to the time when 12 years ago the office was abolished, and the service commuted. In the case of the Mysore Desakulkarnis the circumstances do not appear to be analogous and the fact of their services having been dispensed with for upwards of half a century entitles them in the Offg. Chief Commissioner's opinion to somewhat different treatment.

4. The Officiating Chief Commissioner considers that the Inam Department should be guided by the ruling contained in Section VIII, Clause C. of the Rules, which requires that when evidence is forthcoming of a compromise having been effected on the abolition of the service, the inam should be dealt with under Section VI and its Clauses, and that where no such commutation has been made, the case should be disposed of on its merits, and with reference to the views expressed in the preceding para. Mr. Dalyell would however deprecate any revision of the settlements already made, unless in the opinion of the Inam Commissioner there are special circumstances which render their re-consideration necessary.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

READ—

Letter from the Secretary to Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 15, R. I, dated 12th March 1873.

No. 3655—REV. 9, DATED BANGALORE, 30TH JULY 1875.

ORDERED, that the following Notification be published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and communicated to all Kodigidars whose inams are held on valid grants.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified that, under orders received from the Government of India, the obligation imposed upon holders of Kodigi Inam lands of repairing and maintaining the tanks to which such conditions have been attached, will cease to be enforced, and that the Inam lands will be confirmed to existing holders upon terms which will be hereafter signified

"By Order,"

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE & COMMERCE.

FORESTS.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Forest Reserves.* Intimating to Conservator that the duty of demarcating them is obligatory on the Forest Department.	No. 2911—83, dated 7th July 1875.	...	...	1
3 to 4	*Fire paths.* Passing orders on correspondence on the subject.	No. 3134—104, dated 13th July 1875.	...	*Vide* this Vol. of Proceedings, Part II, "Forests" No. 13.	2 to 3
5 to 6	*Enumeration of sandal wood trees in the Hassan Range.* Sanctioning a special agency for the purpose for three months.	No. 3520—105. dated 27th July 1875.	...	...	4
7 to 8	*Budget estimate of the Forest Department for* 1875—76. Passing orders on a reference on the subject from the Conservator.	No. 3685—109, dated 30th July 1875.	...	*Vide* Proceedings for June 1875, Part I, Revenue Forests, Index Nos. 7 to 8.	5 to 9
9 to 10	*Realization from District Forest.* Remarking on a discrepancy brought to notice and requesting Nagar Commissioner to direct Deputy Commissioners to be punctual in submitting their accounts to the Forest Department.	No. 3730—111, dated 31st July 1875.	...	...	10

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests), 7th July 1875.

From the Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 720, Forests, dated Bangalore, 24th June 1875.

I have the honor to forward copy of letter No. 524 of 20th ultimo, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, to my address, and to solicit the Chief Commissioner's orders on the subject raised in para 2.

2. Last year the heirs of Nanjaraj Ars asked who was to issue licenses for the removal of wood from their jahagir. I referred their letters to the Deputy Commissioner, as I had no other means of knowing whether the jahagir was one personal to Nanjaraj Ars, or whether it was confirmed to him and his heirs. The Deputy Commissioner states clearly that the jahagirdar's claims are correct. They are thus entitled to the revenue from sandalwood and from the minor forest products. By Notification No. 54 of the 22nd June 1869, the jahagirdars are entitled to all unreserved kinds of wood on their estates. Under Notification No. 28 of the 29th July 1872, the sandalwood is collected and sold by the Forest Department, and the proceeds after deducting costs and 10 per cent of sale proceeds are made over to the jahagirdars. No question has arisen on any of these points.

3. But the jahagir like very many others in the country is not demarcated, and even if the Revenue and Forest Subordinates could watch all such, their duties would be much added to by the absence of boundary marks. The jahagir in this instance adjoins some District forests, and I beg to suggest that the jahagirdars be required to demarcate their land so as to clearly set it off from the neighbouring public forests.

4. If all jahagirdars were required to do the same, the measure would I think be a very beneficial one, and as they are the people who enjoy special rights they may very fairly be called upon to set off their lands at their own expense.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, To the Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, No. 524, dated Mysore, 20th May 1875.

In reply to your letter No. 1182 of the 29th July 1874, I have the honor to report that the inam was originally granted to Nanjaraj Ars, to be held by him and his descendants, and that the enjoyment of the revenue from sandalwood soap-nut and other forest produce such as Mudee, Pathang Popli, and fruit is included. Special allusion is not made to timber, as it did not then form a source of revenue.

2. The jungle is reported to be extensive and has never been properly demarcated or its value estimated. Hitherto free passes for the removal of wood up to 15 cartloads at a time have been issued on receipt of the inamdar's chits stating that he had recovered the duty ; and this system may be continued, although it will be necessary on the part of the Forest Department to watch that it is not abused by the felling of wood in the adjoining Government forests on the strength of the pass.

3. It would be desirable perhaps that the whole question should be submitted by you for the orders of the Chief Commissioner. The Yelandur Jahagirdar owns extensive tracts of forest which might be better conserved ; and it is proposed to make over a large tract to the great-grandsons of His late Highness the Maharaja to be included in the jahagir which is to be given to him in the Chamrajnagar Taluk.

No. 2911—Rev. F. 83, dated Bangalore, 7th July 1875.

Order thereon.—The Offg. Chief Commissioner is of opinion that no steps need be taken in the direction proposed by the Conservator of Forests in paras 3 and 4 of his letter pending the settlement of the inam boundaries by the Survey Department. The demarcation of Government Forest-reserves is a duty which is obligatory on the Forest Department, and the Deputy Commissioners should be careful to prevent any encroachments on the part of inamdars in District forests.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests), 13th July 1875.

From the Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 794, dated Bangalore, 29th June 1875.

With reference to para 4 of my No. 721 of the 23rd instant, subject—the advisability of getting down from the Central Provinces two Darogas familiar with the system of keeping fires out of forests, I have now the honor to report for the information of the Chief Commissioner that I have this morning heard from the Conservator, Central Provinces, who in reply to a demi-official letter from me writes as below regarding the system in force in the Central Provinces for preventing forest fires.

2. Captain Doveton says "you appear to be adopting the same plan as we do for keeping out fires, and I really do not think there is anything I could tell you on the subject that would be of much use. In good high forest narrow lines 40 or 50 feet will do, but where the forest is broken, and the wind can get at the ground, nothing under 150 feet is safe unless the usual direction of the wind is favorable. The number of fire guards must depend on the number of people loafing about. As regards areas I should not think 50 square miles too large, but then for safety's sake it is as well to clear a few paths through the forests thus breaking up the reserve."

3. Captain Doveton's experience shews that "nothing under 150 feet" paths are safe where the forest is open and the wind has free course. This is worth knowing. I should also think that where the forest has much tall bamboos anywhere near the fire-paths, that lines, wider than those that we have as yet cut in Mysore, (60 feet), will be required. A report has come in from the Mysore District of the result of the attempts to keep out fire in the nine square miles set off in the Ainur-Marigudi forest. Mr. Jellicoe reports that a portion was burnt. The fire entered on the eastern side, where, owing to the fact of the line running for some way along the banks of the Nagu stream, the clearing had not been so carefully carried out. This is not satisfactory. The presence of a stream should be viewed as an auxiliary not as a substitute for the line, for during the hot weather the water falls very low, and there may be any quantity of dry debris lying in the bed of the stream. Mr. Jollicoe is not personally responsible as he had only just joined. I have requested him to pay the very greatest attention to this part of his duties. From the Nagar Division, where nine square miles have been set off, no report has yet come in of any fire having occurred in the Sakrebail forest, and as the rains must have set in now in that part of the country, I consider that the experiment has proved successful for this year in that locality.

4. Captain Doveton does not think 50 square miles too large an area, but says that for safety's sake a few paths should be cleared. My own opinion is that no area of 50 square miles (the size of our Begur forest), would be at all safe unless it was intersected by numerous paths. If our forests are to be worked on some settled plan, it will be necessary to divide them into compartments; and the dividing lines could also serve the purpose of fire-paths. I am inclined to think that 5 square miles is not too small.

5. I would therefore propose that in the Mysore forests firepaths be cut dividing each reserve into as many portions as may seem necessary for its safety, the minimum size of each compartment to be 5 square miles, the maximum 10 square miles. The width of these paths should vary from 150 feet to 60 feet according to the quality of the forest through which they run. Streams to be considered auxiliary to the paths. The number of guards cannot be fixed at any arbitrary figure, but will be settled as circumstances may require. These guards will only be required during the months when fires prevail in the forests generally.

6. If the Chief Commissioner approves of these proposals, I will at once issue the necessary orders, so as to have as large an area as possible of our forests protected against fire before the commencement of the hot weather of 1876.

7. Here I would point out how all such work would be facilitated, and how much more neatly and exactly it might be carried out, if we had even boundary surveys of our forests.

No. 3134—Rev.-F. 104, dated Bangalore, 13th July 1875.

Order thereon.—In para 8 of the Offg. Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 647—11 of the 20th April last, the Conservator was directed with reference to the orders of His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the Forest Report for 1873—74, communicated in para 7 of letter No. 222 of 25th February 1875, from the Offg. Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, to

place himself in communication with the Conservator of Forests in the Central Provinces, in order to ascertain what system was pursued in those Provinces for protecting forest reserves from fires, and in what respects it differed from that followed in this Province.

2. In the foregoing letter the Conservator reports the result of his correspondence, from which it would appear that the system adopted in both Provinces is substantially the same, though in some matters of detail suggestions have been made, and Captain van Someren has availed himself of the opportunity to submit proposals with the object of more effectually securing the safety of the State forests.

3. As regards the width of fire-paths, the Offg. Chief Commissioner observes that the Conservator is in favor of increasing the present maximum width of 60 feet, up to 150 feet, where circumstances may render this necessary, and with respect to the areas to be intersected by such paths, that while Captain Doveton does not consider blocks of 50 square miles too large, Captain van Someren suggests that the reserves should be formed into blocks of 5 square miles.

4. The Offg. Chief Commissioner considers that these are matters on which it seems unnecessary to lay down any fixed rule, as experience and a knowledge of the character of each forest will best determine what should be the width of the fire-paths and the area they should embrace. Where the reserves are extensive and valuable, no consideration of cost should interfere with the adoption of such measures as are necessary to ensure the greatest possible degree of security, and in such cases blocks of 5 square miles would probably not be too small, but in other cases, the costliness of the operation of clearing and of subsequently maintaining the fire-paths would not seem to warrant the standard being adopted.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests), 27th July 1875.

From the Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 946, R.-F., dated Bangalore, 16th July 1875.

In continuation of para 2 of my memorandum sent up with No. 2845 of the 20th February 1875, and with reference to your No. 8681—521 of the 25th idem, I have the honor to report that the work of the enumeration of sandalwood trees in the Hassan Range cannot be carried on without employing special agency for it. I would therefore beg to ask whether the work is to be so carried out. If so, whether a temporary establishment of 6 Monegars on Rs. 15 each per mensem will be sanctioned for 6 months, the cost being met from the savings under A "Conservancy and Working," Head I. 1. (*a*) *Timber and Bamboos.*

No. 3520—Rev.-F. 105, dated Bangalore, 27th July 1875.

Order thereon.—The Conservator reports that the work of enumeration of sandal trees, on which the Forest Department has been engaged for the last 3 years, cannot be carried out in the Hassan Range with the existing agency. It appears from the memorandum submitted with his No. 2845 of 20th February last, that the enumeration in a portion of one Taluk of that District had been completed, and the work carefully executed by departmental agency. Returns were still however to be obtained from the Hassan, Belur, Arkalgúd and Manjarabad Taluks, all reported to be rich in sandal. From the slow progress that has been hitherto shewn, the Offg. Chief Commissioner conceives that a special agency is necessary to carry on the work, and as the production of sandal is considerable in this District and is also confined within a definite area, it is the more needful that the enumeration should be carefully as well as promptly effected.

2. To ensure the speedy completion of the work, the Offg. Chief Commissioner sanctions the employment of 6 Monegars for 3 months at 15 Rs. each per mensem, and the payment of a bonus of Rs. 20 each in addition, if the work allotted to the several individuals be completed within the period of 3 months, the cost being met from the savings under A. "Conservancy and Working," Head I. 1. (*a*) *Timber and Bamboos.*

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests), 30th July 1875.

From the Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, Rev.-Forests, No. 818, dated Bangalore, 5th July 1875.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 2214—61 of the 14th ultimo, communicating with certain instructions the orders of the Government of India on the Budget estimate of the Mysore Forest Department for 1875—76, and with reference thereto, to report as follows.

2. With reference to para 3 of the Government of India memo No. 204, I beg to state that I did not understand before this, that the annual statement of receipts and charges, and the annual abstract account of cash transactions of the Department should be countersigned by the Deputy Accountant General. I simply sent him the annual summary of revenue and expenditure "for examination before submission to Government," see Resolution No. 5—196 of 31st January 1873.

3. The proposals and estimates for the Naganhalla sandal plantations were submitted with the Budget for 1875—76, *vide* Appendix B. The papers connected therewith are herewith submitted (in original) for information and obliging return.

4. As regards the proposals to apportion the outlay for the protection of Forest reserves from fire, I beg leave to state that I shall be ready to submit the details, when orders are passed on my No. 794 of the 29th ultimo, reporting the result of my correspondence with the Conservator of Central Provinces regarding protection of forests from fire, and submitting for sanction certain proposals thereon.

5. With reference to the 3rd point on which I am ordered to report in para 3 of Chief Commissioner's Proceedings under reply, I would respectfully suggest that—The fuel plantations and timber plantations now in course of formation in Nundydroog be continued: that the Mastigudi plantations in Mysore be continued, and that the teak plantations close by and already established (90 acres in all) be maintained: that the proposals now being drawn up for the reboisement of the Dodballapur tract be sanctioned: that the reboisement of the Vijiyapur forest in Hassan be sanctioned: that the minor operations in Killekaval and Nundydroog forests be sanctioned; that in Mysore the Naganhalla sandal plantation be sanctioned: but that having provided for these and the establishment of a third sandal reserve in Nagar, the Department in addition to its ordinary exploitation of sandal and of timber from the State forests shall turn its attention almost entirely to the improvement of the State forests and the drawing up of working plans for the various forests. I would suggest that a lump sum be granted annually, (details being given in the Budget chapter iii), for the dibbling in of sandal seed yearly wherever it will grow in the State Forest and of other seeds. In Nagar I would not advise that any timber plantation be established. As long as the intentions of the Madras Irrigation Company are unknown or so long delayed, the best planting land in Nagar must remain untouched.

APPENDIX B.

MYSORE RANGE.

Estimate and Proposals for a Sandal Plantation of 640 Acres.

Area in Acres.	Species of tree to be grown.	Nature of work.	Men.	Cost of material and labor.	*Bona fide* cost of cultivation.			Budget headings.	Remarks.
					Favorable soil.	Unfavorable soil.	Very unfavorable soil.		
			No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
		Survey of the area, and dividing it into blocks. Nil. *Demarcation.* Nil. *Nurseries.* Nil.							
		Planting.							
640	Sandal-wood.	Clearing at Rs. 5 per acre	17,066	...	3,200	...	...	A IV 2 (*a*)	Coolies at 3 annas each.
		Lining at Rs. 2 do	6,826	...	1,289	...	...	Do	Do
		Preparing ground at Rs. 6 per acre	13,653	...	3,840	...	...	Do	Do
		Seed at 150 seers to an acre 86,000 seers at Rs. 3 per 100 seers	...	...	2,580	...	...	Do	Do
		Sowing in lines 3 ft. by 3 ft. at Rs. 2 per acre ...	6,826	...	1,280	...	...	Do	
		Fencing at Rs. 2 per acre	6,826	...	1,280	...	...	A IV 2 (*d*)	
640	Do	Weeding round plants at Rs. 5 per acre... ...	17,066	...	3,200	...	...	A IV 2 (*c*)	
		Supervision.							
		1 Mutsáddi at Rs. 15 per mensem	...	...	4,680	...	...	A IV.	For 26 years.
		2 Forest Watchers at Rs. 6 each per mensem ...	...	...	3,744	...	...	Do	Do
		Contingencies	...	...	500	...	...		
		Tools	...	500	500	...	...	A IX 2	Do
		Total.....	...	500	26,084	...	...	...	

ABSTRACT.

				Rs.
A IV 2 (*a*)	...	...	...	12,180
A IV 2 (*c*)	...	...	..	3,200
A IV 2 (*d*)	...	...	...	1,280
A IV	...	...	...	8,924
A IX 2	...	...	...	500
			Total.....	26,084

MYSORE RANGE.

Proposals for a sandal plantation of 640 acres at Naganhalla in the Periyapatna Taluk.

I. .. ..

II. The following are the chief reasons why this spot has been selected.

Sandal trees in this locality grow freely and well. There is a sufficient rain-fall to ensure the seeds germinating early in the season which is every thing with sandal, for unless the seedling has a good start before the hot-weather sets in, it is sure to die.

There are numerous villages in the vicinity from which an abundant supply of labor can be procured at all times. The site of the proposed plantation is also within three miles of a main road to which at present there is a very fair cart-track.

The existing growth on the land consists of small scrub jungle with here and there open patches of grass land.

III. None necessary.

IV. The method of cultivation will be this. The ground will in the first instance be cleared of every thing that is not fit for shade. It will then be marked out in lines, pegs being put down every three feet by three feet, and at these places the ground will be dug up to the depth of six or nine inches. With the first rains seed will be sown at these pegs, and with the exception of keeping the ground round the seedlings free of weeds and grass for the first few months, nothing else will be requisite.

V. Fifty acres will be taken in hand every year. The area will therefore require 13 years to plant up.

VI. A Mutsaddi on Rs. 15 and two forest-watchers on Rs. 6 each will be all the supervision necessary. No buildings of any sort will be required as the laborers and supervising staff will reside in the adjacent villages.

VII. Rupees 500 is estimated roughly for the tools. Such tools as axes, cullies, and grass knives will generally be brought by the villagers.

VIII. As yet we have no experience to shew at what age the sandal tree becomes mature, but it is generally put down at about 25 years.

Sowing as it is now proposed at 3 feet apart there should be 4840 seedlings per acre. Allowing for these dying and for thinning out till the trees are left at 9 feet apart, there will be eventually 537 trees to the acre. No charges are entered for thinning, as the establishment entertained should carry out such petty work. Then at the close of 13 years the reserve will have been fully stocked, and at the close of 26 years one thirteenth of it or the produce of 50 acres will be fit for felling. Each tree may be fairly assumed to yield one maund or 28 lb. weight of heartwood. Then 537 (trees to the acre) × 50 = 26,850 maunds. There being 80 maunds to the ton, the crop will be 26,850 ÷ 80 = 335⅝ tons. The value per ton being taken at Rs. 320, the total value of wood on 50 acres will be Rs. 1,07,400. The expenses for felling, roughly preparing and carting to the stores may be fairly estimated at the low rate of Rs. 25—0—0 per ton, work being all on one spot. The net returns on 50 acres will then be:—

Value of crop			1,07,400
Deduct $\frac{1}{13}$ of total expenditure on planting 640 acres ..		1,968	
Cost of working out 335⅝ tons at Rs. 25 per ton.. ..		8,390	
			10,358
	Balance ...		97,042

Each succeeding year for 11 years should bring into condition fit for felling 50 acres and 40 acres in the 12th year; till at the end of 40 years from the date of the commencement of the plantation the whole quantity of wood standing on 640 acres or 4296 tons will have been worked out. I assume that the price of sandalwood will not fall below Rs. 320 per ton. I do not think that it will at any time fall much below this, and may probably rise much higher. The effect of the settlement of land by the Revenue Settlement Department and of all orders issued of late regarding sandalwood standing on occupied lands has been to modify the strict rules regarding the destruction of young sandal trees, and in the course of time I think very few sandal trees will be found growing any where except on Government

waste land or on lands held by the Forest Department. The monopoly of sale of sandalwood in Mysore being retained by the Mysore Government, the price will I think not fall below the present fixed value.

The money results will be, supposing my calculation to be correct.

Total value of 4296 tons at Rs. 320 per ton			13,74,720
Deduct—			
Total expenditure on stocking and up-keep of plantation for 26 years	25,589		
Up-keep for 14 years from (26th to 40th year) at Rs. 324 per annum	4,536		
To felling, preparing, transport to stores of 4306 tons at Rs. 25 per ton	1,07,400		
			1,37,525
	Net Profit,...		12,37,195

Shewing a return of rather more than 1000 per centum. I have not taken any notice of the interest on money expended. The total sum expended during 40 years is but $\frac{1}{10}$ of the returns. For the first 26 years the expenditure is less than $\frac{1}{10}$ of the total returns: while the returns of the 26th year far exceed the expenditure up to that date. The heaviest item of the total expenditure is for felling and storing, and this expenditure fairly falls year by year to revenue charges and should not be treated as capital expenditure. I therefore see but little use in working out the loss on interest: of a sum of Rs. 30,125 spread over 40 years, the annual expenditure varying from 1,845 Rs. to 324 Rs. per annum, when the returns commencing in the 26th year and extending to the 40th year amount to Rs. 13,74,720.

Statement of the probable cost for planting 50 acres with sandal seed at Naganhalla during the year 1875—76 as per estimate and proposals attached:—

Budget Headings.	Area.	Work to be done.	Cost. Soil favorable. Men.	Rs.	Unfavorable. Men.	Rs.	Very bad. Men.	Rs.
EXPENDITURE.								
A. Conservancy and Works.								
IV. Cost of the treatment & creation of forests.								
2. Artificial forests.	acres.							
(a.) Formation. ...	50	Clearing at rupees 5 per acre ...	1,333 at 3 annas each.	250				
		Lining at „ 2 do ..	533	100				
		Preparing ground at rupees 6 per acre...	1,066	300				
		Seed at 150 seers to an acre 5,000 seers at rupees 3 per 100 seers ...	...	225				
		Sowing in lines 3 feet by 3 feet at rupees 2 per acre	533	100				
(b.) Protection from fire.	...	At rupees 1 per acre	266	50				
(c.) Improvement and conservation.	...	Weeding round plants at rupees 5 per acre	1,333	250				
(d.) Fencing and enclosing.	...	At rupees 2 per acre	533	100				
		Supervision.						
B. 1, 4.		1 Mutsaddi at rupees 15 per mensem...	...	180				
		2 Forest-watchers at Rs. 6 each ...	..	144				
		Contingencies	...	40				
IX. Cost of Departmental plant and tools ...				1,745				
2. For other purposes.				100				
		Total Rs.....	...	1,845				

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests), 30th July 1875.

No. 3685—Rev.-F. 109, dated Bangalore, 30th July 1875.

Order thereon.—The Conservator of Forests submits the information called for in Offg. Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 2214—Rev. 61, dated 14th June 1875, communicating the orders of the Government of India as conveyed in Resolution, Financial Department, No. 910, dated 25th May 1875, and in Office Memorandum of Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, Forests No. 204, dated 22nd February 1875.

2. With reference to para 3 of the office memorandum, the Conservator explains that he did not understand that the orders of Government required that the annual statement of receipts and charges, and the annual abstract account of cash transactions should be sent to the Deputy Accountant General for check. The course indicated will however be followed in future.

3. With regard to the estimates for the Naganhalla sandal plantation in the Mysore District, it appears that these and the proposals which accompanied them were transmitted to the Secretary to Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, by the Deputy Accountant General with his No. 3905 of 18th November 1874, forwarding the Budget estimates for 1875—76. A duplicate copy of these will now be sent to the Government of India.

4. Of the several projects enumerated in para 15 of the memorandum under reference, the Conservator recommends that, in pursuance of the instructions contained in para 16, for further concentrating planting operations, the following items should be retained in the current year's Budget.

	Rs.
1. Mastigudi teak plantation	3,200
Vide correspondence ending with letter No. 3133—45, dated 13th July 1875, from Offg. Secretary to Chief Commissioner.	
2. Kakankote teak plantation adjoining above	800
3. Naganhalla sandal plantation	1,600
4. Nine fuel plantations in the Nundydroog Division	19,050
5. Kumbarhalli and Dodballapur forests in Nundydroog Division ..	3,000
6. Killekaval and other forests in do	2,500
7. *Reboisement* of the Vijiyapur forest in Hassan	900
Total Rs.	27,850
Sanctioned outlay for plantations	31,400
Difference Rs.	3,550

5. Subject to the approval of the Government of India to the projects Nos. 1 and 3, the Conservator is authorized to proceed with all the works above mentioned.

6. The sum of Rs. 3,550 will thus be made available for the improvement of the State forests, in accordance with the orders of Government. The Conservator will report the mode in which he proposes to apportion this assignment, with reference to the orders communicated in Offg. Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 3134—Rev.-F. 104, dated 13th July 1875.

7. The proposal of the Conservator to have a specific sum placed at his disposal for the purpose of sowing sandal seed, by dibbling, in the State forests, is approved, and the necessary provision should be entered in the forthcoming Budget estimates for 1876—77.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests), 31st July 1875.

From the Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, Rev.—F. No. 1002, F., dated Bangalore, 21st July 1875.

In reply to your letter No. 3209—173 of the 15th instant, I have the honor to forward for information a statement shewing the details of the collections from District Forests in Mysore for 1873—74, from which it will be observed that Rs. 53,105—3—1 were collected under the Forest Officers, and Rs. 72,967—3—3 under the Revenue Officers.

2. The figures given in the Nundydroog, Mysore and Hassan Ranges tally with those given by the Deputy Commissioners in their monthly statements No. 25 rendered to this Department. But in Nagar the statements were not received regularly. Hence they were not verified.

3. A total sum of Rs. 59,318—8—8 was shewn as District-Forest collections in Nagar by the Deputy Accountant General, of which Rs.* 28,762—9—11 were on account of timber sales made by this Department at District-Forest Depôts, and the balance, *viz.*, Rs. 30,555—14—9, was taken as the revenue realized through Revenue Department without reference to the Forest Department.

*According to the Forest accounts.

4. Statement No. 25 rendered to the Forest Department by the Deputy Commissioners shews the collections made by them and their subordinates without reference to the Forest Officer. As the figures given in these statements by the Deputy Commissioners of Nundydroog, Mysore and Hassan Ranges tally with those given by the Deputy Accountant General, I beg to state that my figures are apparently correct in those Ranges; and for Nagar I adopted the Deputy Accountant General's figures which were based on Treasury returns deducting what I knew to be the operations of the Department.

5. The Commissioner of the Nagar Division has been written to on the subject.

Statement shewing the details of the collections from District Forests in Mysore for 1873—74.

Particulars.	Nundydroog Range.			Nagar Range.			Mysore Range.			Hassan Range.			Total.			Remarks.
Under Forest Officers ...	1,079	11	3	28,762	9	11	21,119	15	10	2,142	14	1	53,105	3	1	
„ Revenue Officers ...	25,568	10	10	30,555	14	9	11,496	7	10	5,346	1	10	72,967	3	3	
Total.....	26,648	6	1	59,318	8	8	32,616	7	8	7,488	15	11	1,26,072	6	4	

No. 3730—Rev. 111, dated Bangalore, 31st July 1875.

Order.—The Officiating Chief Commissioner observes that if the sum of Rs. 30,555—14—9, taken by the Conservator of Forests as realization from District Forests under the Revenue Officers in the Nagar Division, is found to be correct on receipt of the Nagar Commissioner's reply, a copy of which the Conservator is requested to communicate to this Office, there will still be a discrepancy of Rs. 32,342—2—8 in the two accounts rendered by the Revenue Officers to this Office and to the Forest Department respectively, for, according to the former the total collections from District Forests under the Revenue Officers in the whole Province amount to Rs. 1,05,309—5—11, whereas according to the latter they only amount to Rs. 72,967—3—3.

2. The Commissioner of Nagar is requested to direct the Deputy Commissioners in his Division to be punctual in submitting their accounts to the Forest Department.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Stretchers.* Sanctioning their supply to Police Stations.	No. 2766—139, dated 1st July 1875.	...	...	1
2 to 3	*Budget Estimates of Municipal Towns in the Ashtagram Division for 1875—76.* Passing orders on them.	No. 2874—150, dated 6th July 1875.	...	..	1 to 3
4 to 5	*Office Establishments of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.* Appointing a Committee to consider and report upon certain proposals submitted on the subject by Colonel Pearse.	No. 2907—155, dated 7th July 1875.	...	...	4 to 10
6 to 7	*Budget Estimates of the Shimoga, Kadur, and Chitaldroog Districts.* Passing orders on them.	No. 3147—166, dated 14th July 1875.	...	...	11
8 to 9	*Supplemental Budget Estimates for the Towns of Tiptur and Turwekere for the year 1875—76.* Passing orders on them.	No. 3319—184, dated 19th July 1875.	...	...	12
10 to 11	*Chikballapur.* Sanctioning an estimate amounting to Rs 1,176 for opening out new roads in the Fort.	No. 3570—36, dated 28th July 1875.	...	...	12
12 to 13	*Firesticks supplied to certain Anché Houses.* Sanctioning the aggregate allowance hitherto made for the purpose being raised from Rs. 36—8—1 to Rs. 72—2—8 per mensem.	No. 3612—201, dated 29th July 1875.	...	...	13 to 16
14 to 15	*Muhammadan Musafarkhana at Chikmagalur.* Placing funds at the disposal of the Public Works Department for constructing it.	No. 3727—208, dated 31st July 1875.	...	...	17

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department,
1st July 1875.

From the Offg. Inspector General of Police, Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 1431—609, dated Bangalore, 22nd June 1875.

I have the honor to enclose herewith a copy of a letter from the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, recommending the supply of stretchers to Police Stations for the careful conveyance of persons requiring medical aid.

2. I concur in the recommendation; but such charges not having hitherto been defrayed from the Police budget, no provision has been made to meet the cost, which, at the rate mentioned, would for all stations in the Province amount to about Rs. 3,000.

3. It is probable that there may be savings of establishment sufficient to meet the charge if the Chief Commissioner see fit to sanction the proposal.

Each stretcher should have the name of the station legibly printed on the canvas in diglot.

From the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, To the Deputy Inspector General of Police, Bangalore, No. 333, dated Mysore, 10th June 1875.

I have the honor to inform you that in Sessions trials I have noticed several cases of wounded persons having been carried in baskets, cumblies and litters made of branches from different Police Stations to the head-quarters of Taluks and Districts for the purpose of medical aid, a mode of conveyance productive of inconvenience to the injured persons, and to suggest the introduction of stretchers of the following description, which I believe have been found useful in the Madras Presidency.

"A piece of canvas 6 feet 4 inches long by 2 feet wide, sown into a loop along each side, so as to admit of two stout bamboos being passed through. The bamboo to be secured at head and foot by horizontal iron bars with a ring at each end through which the bamboos are passed."

Both the Deputy Commissioners approve of the proposal, and if funds admit, it would be of advantage that each Police Station should be supplied with a stretcher.

The estimated cost for making up at the Mysore Jail is Rs. 8—10—0 each.

No. 2766—Finl. 139, dated Bangalore, 1st July 1875.

Order thereon.—The suggestion to supply stretchers to Police Stations of the description mentioned is approved, and the Inspector General is authorized to make a commencement within a limit of Rs. 500 to be met from savings.

2. In Bangalore, Mysore and other District head-quarter towns, where the cost of the Police is wholly or partially met from Municipal Funds, the Municipalities may be called upon to provide the stretchers in those towns gradually as funds admit.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Read letter No. 472, dated 1st May 1875, from the Deputy Accountant General of Mysore, submitting the Budget Estimates of Municipal Towns in the Ashtagram Division, for the year 1875—76.

No. 2874—Finl. 150, dated Bangalore, 6th July 1875.

Order thereon.—Under instructions communicated in this Office Circular No. 5470—49 of the 24th December 1872, the sale proceeds of building sites should be credited to Government as revenue deposits. The amount entered under the head "Extraordinary" should therefore be struck out.

Chamrajnagar.

Yedatore.

2. The estimated receipts are considerably in excess of the actuals of the previous years, and in the absence of any explanation for anticipating such a large increase, the amount should be reduced to Rs. 350—0—0.

Heggaddevankote.

3. The receipts under the head of "sale of cattle" in this town seems to have been over-estimated as compared with the actuals of the previous years. The amount has however been passed on the understanding that should any deficit occur, it can be met from the last year's cash balance.

Gundlupet.

4. The estimates call for no remark.

Nanjangúd.

5. For the reason stated in para 1, the sum of Rs. 18, entered under head "Extraordinary" should be omitted.

6. There appears to be a clerical error in the total given under column "Estimate for 1875—76," which ought to be Rs. 1,036 and not Rs. 1,000 as therein inserted. This excess should be deducted from the estimated expenditure under the head "Miscellaneous."

Talkad.

7. The item of Rs. 10 under the head "Extraordinary" should be struck out, *vide* para 1 above.

Mandya.

8. The estimates call for no remark.

Maddur.

9. It is observed that no charges for conservancy are proposed from want of funds. This would indicate the necessity for imposing a light Municipal house-tax, to meet an indispensable want.

Malvalli.

10. No explanation is given for the large increases expected under octroi and fines from cattle trespass, and as they do not seem to be warranted by the actuals of the previous years, the sums under these heads in the Budget should be reduced to Rs. 450 and 170 respectively.

The item of Rs. 20 under Extraordinary should be struck out.

A corresponding decrease may be made on the expenditure side by reducing the conservancy charges to Rs. 420 and the item Repairs to Rs. 227.

Saklespur.

11. The Municipal revenue of this town is very small, and under octroi the collections are estimated to fall from Rs. 200 to Rs. 75, for which no explanation is given. The resources of the Municipality might with advantage receive some further consideration and scrutiny.

The amount Rs. 50 entered under Extraordinary should be struck out and an equivalent amount under "Works."

Alur.

12. The estimate under octroi is nearly Rs. 200 less than the actuals of the previous year, but no reason is assigned for fixing the collections at so low a figure. The estimates are however accepted.

Arkalgúd.

13. The item of Rs. 5 under Extraordinary should be struck out.

Attikuppa.

14. The estimates for this town call for no remarks.

15. The sum of Rs. 10, entered under "Extraordinary," should be struck out, and a corresponding reduction made in the expenditure under original works.

Belur.

16. The budget is passed subject to an explanation being submitted for the increase of Rs. 100 provided for the Head Office.

Channaraypatna.

17. The amount under Extraordinary should be struck out and an equivalent reduction made in the expenditure.

Nagamangala.

18. "Conservancy" should be considered of the first importance in all Municipalities, but no provision for this purpose has been made in the budget. The budget is accepted for the current year.

Harohalli.

19. The item of Rs. 20 under the head "Extraordinary" should be omitted.

Narsipur.

20. The actuals under the head Octroi for 1873—74 and 1874—75 shew a considerable falling off in this item of revenue for which again no explanation is furnished.

Húnsúr.

The Commissioner will report why no revenue has been credited under the head "house-tax."

21. The octroi collections for the past year amounted to Rs. 1,861, while the realizations in the previous year were Rs. 4,857. The estimate for the current year has risen again to Rs. 4,400. The Commissioner's attention is requested to the account for the past year under this item. Explanation is requested as to what is meant by the term "tax on carriage," under which head a revenue of Rs. 422 is expected to accrue.

Seringapatam.

The provision to meet the cost of the Police should be increased to Rs. 3,812—0—0 and that for the dress reduced to Rs. 500—0—0.

The Offg. Chief Commissioner observes that there is a large surplus available, and he desires that early measures may be taken to expend this sum on improvements in the Town.

Subject to the modifications above proposed the Offg. Chief Commissioner sanctions the budget estimates under review.

It is observed that only a few of the Municipalities are debited with the cost of the Head Office Establishment, which should be borne proportionately by all the Municipalities in the District, and he further remarks that the result exhibited in respect of the smaller Municipal Towns under the head of receipts from Octroi is very unsatisfactory.

Excepting in Húnsúr and Seringapatam, the system of levying a Municipal house-tax has not been adopted in the Ashtagram Division. The Offg. Chief Commissioner desires that the subject should receive early consideration, in order that the finances of the Municipalities whether small or large in amount should be rendered less fluctuating and uncertain than they are under the present mode of taxation.

The budget estimates are herewith returned.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 7th July 1875.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 83, Fin., dated Bangalore, 18th March 1873.

I have the honor to submit for the favorable consideration of the Chief Commissioner, a proposition statement for revising and strengthening, to a moderate extent, my own Judicial and English Departments, and the District Revenue and English Establishments as well as the staff of Court orderlies.

2. In a letter addressed to the Judicial Commissioner on the 10th of January 1872, I gave the following reasons for wishing to revise these establishments.

Division Judicial Department.

"My own Judicial Establishment was fixed at a time when all appeal suits were disposed of on the "record, and when not one paper in English was written or copied for "twenty that are now sent out. Transmitting copies of orders and "judgments has increased the English work enormously. The Diary work, the more precise and accu- "rate preparation of the Returns, the Resolution and Inspection Statements of all kinds have added to "the labor of the few English hands I have in the Department, and I cannot get men competent to do "my work at the rates of Rs. 25 and 30 which is all that some of my people get. A good intelligent "English Writer who knows the Vernaculars also is worth more, and can get it as a rule.

"I may here mention that heavy original suits are coming in fast. The value of those I have al- "ready on the file is between 4 and 500,000 rupees, which will give a very fair amount of execution "work hereafter.

"I may add that I have only put down what I consider a commensurate establishment for the "Judicial Department of the Division, as I find at present that it is not possible to get the work done "without constant aid from other Departments."

3. I am sending a copy of this letter to the Judicial Commissioner, and am asking him for his support with regard to these points which bear on the Judicial Department. I have every hope that he will give it. The Revenue Department of my Office was fortunately revised in 1867 by Mr. Bowring at my request, but as the more precise working in English and the Open Court system had not been introduced at that time, the revision of the Judicial Department was allowed to stand over.

Division English Department.

4. I shall now take the liberty of submitting a few remarks about my English Department, and I trust my propositions under that heading also will receive Colonel Meade's favorable consideration.

5. I can confidently assert that the English work has far more than doubled since the establishment of the revised Division Office, as an immense deal was then done in the Vernacular, which has now to be done exclusively in English. The records have increased enormously and are being added to daily, and require a special extra hand to look after them. The indexing now occupies the time of one of my best Clerks almost exclusively; as the index must be done by a good English scholar acquainted with both Revenue and Judicial matters to enable him to select the appropriate headings when entering the correspondence.

6. The judicial copying has moreover become a most serious matter, as a copy of every judgment and decree has now to be sent to the lower Courts concerned, and a copy of the order in every Criminal case has to go up to the Judicial Commissioner. The Resolutions, Proceedings and Returns are also more voluminous than they ever were before, and all this adds enormously to the amount of copying, docketing, registering, and indexing that has to be done in the English Office.

7. Major Campbell evidently entertained a similar opinion with regard to the wants of the English Department, for I find among the papers in the Office a memorandum on the subject evidently drawn up at his desire, and on which he has noted that the whole of the papers were to be shewn to me on my return from furlough, and I would have submitted the matter long before this, but I wished—1stly, to see the Civil Court revision fairly started, and 2ndly, cases have increased so seriously in number that I have been obliged to defer going into the matter from month to month.

District Revenue and English Departments.

8. The District Revenue and English Departments are also in need of a moderate revision, and in my letter of the 26th of June last, I wrote as follows regarding them in a letter to the address of the Judicial Commissioner.

"A revision of the Revenue and English Establishments of the Bangalore District is most desirable. "These establishments were organized when the whole of the Revenue, Criminal and Civil work excep- "ting what the Deputy Superintendent wrote briefly with his own hand, was in Kanarese. A simple "Local Code and only one or two Acts were in force in the Province. Neither the Penal nor Procedure

"Codes had been introduced, the elaborate and precise Jail fee and fine, and Criminal returns, now "regularly sent in, were unknown. Resolutions, reviews of records and cases, Inspection Reports and "the transmission of judgments and copies of orders, were not anticipated, and it has really surprized "me how most of the Officers have carried on the work up to the present time in a satisfactory manner, "with establishments which were never intended to meet the requirements of the days, and where they "have done it, I consider them worthy of all praise."

9. The work in the Revenue Department of the District Office has become very heavy; some of the officials get only Rs. 15 per mensem, and efficient work can hardly be expected from such ill-paid men.

10. For the foregoing reasons I think that the District Revenue and English Departments should be strengthened.

11. The only remaining point is the question of Court orderlies, and I cannot better explain what I have to say under this heading than by abbreviating from my letter of the 10th of last June to the address of the Judicial Commissioner.

Court Orderlies.

12. The Police at present send the superior Criminal Courts at Head-Quarters two Daffedars and 14 peons to aid at criminal trials, &c., which are often attended by great crowds. It is therefore absolutely necessary to have these additional men, and our other orderlies are so few that we have to keep the police men to assist at other times also, to which objection is constantly raised. They are distributed as marginally noted, and I propose that an allotment of one Daffedar and 12 men should be given for the Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner's Courts out of the savings available. It is only a very small addition, but it will be a most valuable aid to us both, for, the Police men regarding whom much correspondence has taken place, can then be sent back at once to duty, and will no longer be in the false position of being under two masters by which means they obtain an opportunity of being constantly absent on a variety of pleas, such as musters, kit-examinations, &c., &c.

	Daffedars.	Peons.
Session Court	1	5
Deputy Superintendent	1	3
1st Assistant	0	2
2nd Assistant	0	2
3rd Assistant	0	2
	2	14

13. Our establishment of orderlies was, I should add, fixed at a time when there were 250 Kandachar peons in the Bangalore Taluk alone, whom we could send for in such numbers as we required, and when the Kandachars were abolished and the new police established, the allotment above referred to was given as in substitution of the Kandachars who were formerly at our disposal, and now we are asked to give them up also.

14. After thus giving my reasons for a revision of the Division Office establishments, both Judicial and English, and the District Revenue and English establishments, &c., I beg to append in the margin* a memo of the savings from which my proposals for these small revisions can be carried out without entailing any additional expense on Government.

* Balance of savings from Taluk abolished	52
Do from the abolition of Yelahanka Taluk	433
Do from the abolition of Kotwals and Duadis as recommended by Mr. Ricketts being no longer required	55
By abolition of distillery shroff otherwise provided for, as payments are now made to the Treasury	6
Residue from Assistant's establishments, *vide* Secretary's letter No. 4728—162 of 22nd December 1871	11
By abolition of the establishment attached to the Biladi, Kolar and Chikballapur Travellers' Bungalows which it is proposed to turn into Munsiffs' Courts	34
	Rs. 591

15. It will be observed that a total aggregate of savings to the extent of Rs. 591 is available to meet the proposed increase to the establishments noted in the margin, † and to provide for a better staff of Court servants for both the Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner.

† Division Judicial Department.
Do English Do
Bangalore District Revenue Department.
Bangalore District English Department.

16. The distribution of the amount has been made as regards the District, after consulting Mr. Ricketts, and is shewn in detail in the appended statements.

17. I beg to submit copies of the several letters on the subject of the savings referred to in para 15

From Bangalore, No. 760, 14th November 1871.
Do 752, 10th Do.

18. As the revision of my Revenue Department in 1867 was effected with the aid of savings, Mr. Bowring at once sanctioned it himself.

N. B.—I send in this revision statement now to allow time for its due consideration and also because it is ready, though of course the amount will only be available after the Munsiff's scheme has been sanctioned.

Tabular Statement of Proposition submitted by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.

Office to which the proposition refers.	Nature of Charge.													Difference.						
	Present Establishment.		Amount.			Total.			Office to which the proposition refers.	Proposed Establishment.		Amount.			Total.			Increase.			Decrease.			
	Rank.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.		Rank.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
Nundydroog Division Commissioner's English Department.	Manager	...	250	0	0				Nundydroog Division Commissioner's English Department.	Manager	...	250	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Head Clerk	..	120	0	0					Head Clerk	...	150	0	0				30	0	0	...	...	...	
	2nd do	...	75	0	0					2nd do and Indexer	...	100	0	0				25	0	0	...	...	...	
	4th do Translator	...	75	0	0					3rd Clerk	...	75	0	0				..	..	...	...	...	..	
	3rd do	...	50	0	0					4th do	...	50	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	5th do do	...	50	0	0					5th do	...	35	0	0				...	...	...	15	0	0	
	Head Record-keeper	...	40	0	0					6th do	...	20	0	0				20	0	0	...	...	...	
	Assistant do	...	20	0	0					Translator	...	75	0	0				75	0	0	...	...	...	
	Book-binder	...	15	0	0					Head Record-keeper	..	50	0	0				10	0	0	...	...	...	
	Mutchi ...	...	12	0	0					Assistant do	...	30	0	0				10	0	0	...	...	...	
	2 Gollars at 6 Rs. each	...	12	0	0					Book-binder	..	15	0	0				...	...	..	...	...	...	
						719	0	0		Mutchi...	...	12	0	0				...	..	..	...	...	..	
										2 Gollars at 6 Rs. each	..	12	0	0				...	...	...	...	..	...	
															874	0	0	170	0	0	15	0	..	155 Net increase.
Nundydroog Division Commissioner's Judicial Dept.	Judicial Sheristadar...	...	200	0	0				Nundydroog Division Commissioner's Judicial Dept.	Judicial Sheristadar...	...	200	0	0				...	...	...	...	..	...	
	Government Prosecutor	...	150	0	0					Government Prosecutor	...	150	0	0				...	..	...	...	...	...	
	Head Munshi	...	70	0	0					Interpreter and Translator	...	100	0	0				100	0	0	...	..	...	
	2nd do	...	50	0	0					Head Munshi	...	70	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3rd do	...	40	0	0					2nd do	...	50	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	4th do	...	30	0	0					3rd do	...	40	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	2 Gumastas at 25 Rs. each	...	50	0	0					4th do	...	30	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Head Record-keeper	..	40	0	0					Head Accountant	...	60	0	0				60	0	0	...	...	...	
	Assistant do	...	30	0	0					2nd do	...	50	0	0				25	0	0	...	..	..	
	2 Gollars at 6 Rs. each	...	12	0	0					3rd do	...	40	0	0				15	0	0	...	...	...	
						672	0	0		Head Record-keeper...	...	50	0	0				10	0	0	...	...	...	
										Assistant do	...	40	0	0				10	0	0	...	...	...	
										2 Gollars at 6 Rs. each	...	12	0	0										
															892	0	0	220	0	0	...	...	...	220 Net increase.

Proposition Statement (*Continued.*)

Office to which the proposition refers.	Nature of Charge. Present Establishment. Rank.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.	Total. Rs.	A.	P.	Office to which the proposition refers.	Proposed Establishment. Rank.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.	Total. Rs.	A.	P.	Difference. Increase. Rs.	A.	P.	Decrease. Rs.	A.	P.	
Bangalore District Dy. Commissioner's English Department.	Head Clerk	140	0	0				Bangalore District Dy. Commissioner's English Department.	Head Clerk	150	0	0				10	0	0	...	...	...	
	Translator	70	0	0					Translator	70	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	2nd Clerk	70	0	0					2nd Clerk	70	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	3rd do	40	0	0					3rd do	40	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	4th do	35	0	0					4th do	30	0	0				...	...	...	5	0	0	
	5th do	25	0	0					5th do	25	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	6th do	20	0	0					6th do	...	...	...				...	...	...	20	0	0	
	1 Mutchi	10	0	0					Indexer	50	0	0				50	0	0	...	...	...	
	1 Gollar	6	0	0					Record-keeper	40	0	0				40	0	0	...	...	...	
					416	0	0		1 Mutchi	10	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
Bangalore District Deputy Commissioner's Revenue Department.	Revenue Sheristadar... ...	100	0	0					1 Gollar	6	0	0										
	Head Accountant	70	0	0									491	0	0	100	0	0	25	0	0	75 Net increase.
	Deputy Do	50	0	0																		
	5 Revenue Accountants at 25 Rs. each	125	0	0					Revenue Sheristadar ...	120	0	0				20	0	0	...	...	...	
	Head Munshi	50	0	0					Head Accountant	70	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Deputy do	30	0	0					Deputy do	50	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Sayer and Panchbab Accountant ...	35	0	0					2 Accountants at 35 Rs. each ...	70	0	0				35	0	0	...	...	...	
	2 Assistants at 20 Rs. each ...	40	0	0					5 Rev. Accountants at 25 Rs. each.	125	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Head Record-keeper ..	35	0	0					2 Do at 20 Rs. each ...	40	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	2 Assistants at Rs. 20 each ...	40	0	0					Head Munshi	50	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1 Maramat Accountant ..	25	0	0					Deputy do	30	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	2 Gumastas at 15 Rs. each ...	30	0	0					Head Record-keeper... ..	35	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	2 Daftarbands at 5 Rs. each ...	10	0	0					2 Assistants at 20 Rs. each ...	40	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
					610	0	0		2 Daftarbands at 5 Rs. each ...	10	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
									1 Maramat Accountant ...	25	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Savings from Yelahanka and other Taluks abolished ...	485	0	0					2 Gumastas at 15 Rs. each ...	30	0	0				...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Do from the abolition of Kotwals and Dandis	55	0	0									695	0	0	55	0	0	...	...	...	55 do.
	Do do of Distillery Shroffs...	6	0	0					Court orderlies in lieu of those hitherto lent by the Police both to the Division and Bangalore District													
	Do from the revision of Asstts.' Offices	11	0	0					1 Daffedar	10	0	0										
	Do from the abolition of the Bidadi Travellers' Bungalow.	4	0	0					4 Peons at Rs. 7 each ...	28	0	0										
	Do do of Kolar do ...	15	0	0					8 Peons at Rs. 6 each ...	48	0	0										
	Do do of Chikballapur ...	15	0	0																		
					591	0	0						86	0	0	86	...	..	...	...	...	86 do.
	Grand Total.. ...				3,038	0	0		Grand Total... ..	...	...	...	3038	0	0	681	...	...	90	0	0	591 do.

NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.

Statement shewing the existing and proposed Establishment in connection with the revision of the Division Judicial and English Departments, and the District Revenue and English Establishments, as well as the staff of Court Orderlies.

Existing Establishment.	No.	Rate.	Amount.	Total.	Remarks.	Proposed Establishment.	No.	Rate.	Amount.	Total.	Remarks.
Division Judicial Department	12		672			Division Judicial Department	14		892		
Do English Do	12		719			Do English Do	14		874		
				1,391						1,766	
District Revenue Do	21		640			District Revenue Do	22		695		
Do English Do	9		416			Do English Do	10		491		
				1,056						1,186	
Savings from Yelahanka and other Taluks abolished			485			Court orderlies in lieu of those hitherto sent from the Police both to the Division and the Bangalore District ...	13		86	86	
Do from the abolition of Kotwals and Dandis			55								
Do from the abolition of Distillery Shroff...			6								
Do from the revision of Assistants' Offices.			11								
Do Do of Bidadi Travellers' Bungalow ...			4			Grand Total...				3,038	
Do abolition of Kolar Do ...			15								
Do Do of Chikballapur Do ...			15								
				591							
Grand Total...				3,038							

Details of the proposed Establishment.

Division Judicial Department.				Division English Department.				District Revenue Department.				District English Department.				Court Orderlies.			
Judicial Sheristadar ...	200	0	0	Manager ...	250	0	0	Revenue Sheristadar ...	120	0	0	Head Clerk ..	150	0	0	1 Daffedar ...	10	0	0
Government Prosecutor ...	150	0	0	Head Clerk ...	150	0	0	Head Accountant ...	70	0	0	Translator ...	70	0	0	4 Peons at 7 Rs. each.	28	0	0
Interpreter and Translator	100	0	0	2nd Do and Indexer ...	100	0	0	Deputy Do ...	50	0	0	2nd Clerk ...	70	0	0	8 Do 6 Do ...	48	0	0
Head Munshi ...	70	0	0	3rd Do ...	75	0	0	2 Acctts. at 35 Rs. each.	70	0	0	3rd Do ...	40	0	0				
2nd Do ...	50	0	0	4th Do ...	53	0	0	5 Do at 25 Rs. Do	125	0	0	4th Do ...	30	0	0				
3rd Do ...	40	0	0	5th Do ...	35	0	0	2 Do at 20 Rs. Do	40	0	0	5th Do ...	25	0	0				
4th Do ...	30	0	0	6th Do ...	20	0	0	Head Munshi Do	50	0	0	Indexer ..	50	0	0				
Head Accountant ...	60	0	0	Translator ...	75	0	0	Dy. Do ...	30	0	0	1 Record-keeper ...	40	0	0				
2nd Do ...	50	0	0	Head Record-keeper ...	50	0	0	Head Record-keeper ...	35	0	0	1 Mutchi ...	10	0	0				
3rd Do ...	40	0	0	Assistant Do ...	30	0	0	2 Asstt. Do at 20 Rs. each	40	0	0	1 Gollar ...	6	0	0				
Head Record-keeper ..	50	0	0	Book-binder ...	15	0	0	2 Daftar-bands at 5 Do	10	0	0								
Assistant Do ...	40	0	0	Mutchi ...	12	0	0	1 Maramat Accountant...	25	0	0								
2 Gollars at 6 Rs. each ...	12	0	0	2 Gollars at 6 Rs. each ...	12	0	0	2 Gumastas at 15 Rs. each	30	0	0								
Total...	892	0	0	Total...	874	0	0	Total...	695	0	0	Total...	491	0	0	Total...	86	0	0

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 7th July 1875.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. F. 72, dated Bangalore, 16th September 1874.

With reference to the concluding para (6) of the Chief Commissioner's Order No. 4342—Genl.184 of the 3rd November 1873, I have the honor to request you to do me the favor to place my letter No. F. 83 of the 18th of March 1873, before Sir Richard Meade, for his most favorable consideration and instructions.

2. I have in that letter explained so fully the wants of my own Judicial and English Departments, and the necessity of improving some of the Departments in the Bangalore District Office, that I have little to add except that I trust the Chief Commissioner will be pleased to sanction my proposals on as early a date as possible, the pressure being now considerable, as the Survey and Inam Departments are both at work in the Division, and the Local Fund and Municipal arrangements are also causing an increase of work in the English and other Offices.

3. I beg to append an accurate statement of the total net saving from the reduction in the number of taluks and also under other headings which has become available, and which in the aggregate exceeds the amount asked for in my letter above noted.

STATEMENT.—Savings from the reduction of 6 taluks and from the abolition of Civil Gumastas in the permanent taluks, &c., &c, ... 241 8 0

Savings from the abolition of the Yelahanka Taluk	..	..	..	433 0 0
Do from the discontinuance of certain Kotwals and Dandis in the Bangalore District.				22 0 0
Do Do of the Distillery Shroff in the Bangalore District	..	..	..	6 0 0
Do Do the reduction in the Assistants Establishment, *vide* Secretary's letter No. 4728—162, dated 22nd December 1871	..	..	..	11 0 0
Total..	..	..	..	713 8 0

4. With reference to my letter above alluded to, and after providing funds for the propositions therein made, there remains a sum of Rs. 122 available, *vide* the marginal statement, and this sum I would propose to utilize by adding 2 more Munshis to the Bangalore *District Revenue Department*, and a Peshkar to the Bangalore Taluk. I understand that the District Munshi Department is very weak, and not equal to the disposal satisfactorily of 100 references or upwards daily, which is approximately, the average number received on working days; and with regard to the Bangalore Taluk, it is now so extensive that a Peshkar to be permanently located at Kengeri with a Gumasta to assist him, would be a great convenience from a public point of view, and would be of most material assistance to the Amildar, who would thus be left free to carry on the general duties of this large Taluk, with less difficulty than at present.

Statement.

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
Amount available as per Statement above ...	713	8	0
Deduct amount already proposed to be utilized...	591	0	0
Balance still available	122	8	0

Distribution.

2 Munshis at Rupees 25 each ...	50	0	0
1 Additional Peshkar to the Bangalore Taluk ...	50	0	0
Total ...	100	0	0

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. F. 19, dated Bangalore, 5th June 1875.

I have the honor to request the favor of an early consideration of the request made in this Office No. 72, F., dated 16th September 1874, on the subject of the revision of the Division Office Establishment, copy of which is herewith enclosed for ready reference.

2. I beg to state that it is difficult to carry on the work of the Judicial, English, and Orderly Establishments without some additional aid; and that Mr. Gordon has still further cramped the Office by withdrawing all the Police orderlies. Copy of the correspondence * on this subject is also herewith forwarded.

*Ending with Judicial Commissioner's No. 389—63, dated 26th February 1875.

3. Sir Richard Meade promised me personally to sanction this revision when I told him that I could shew sufficient savings to cover the outlay, without the necessity of going up to the Supreme Government.

From the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore, To the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, No. 267—48, dated Bangalore, 15th February 1875.

I have the honor to observe that the returns of the Police Force submitted to this Office shew that 1 Daffedar and 4 Police peons are permanently employed as orderlies to the Nundydroog Session's Court. I believe that such permanent employment of police men was not originally intended; nor is it recognized in the other Session's Courts of the Province. It is moreover opposed to the principles of the new Police organization.

NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.

Statement shewing the existing and proposed Establishment in connection with the revision of the Division Judicial and English Departments, and the District Revenue and English Establishments, as well as the staff of Court Orderlies.

Existing Establishment.	No.	Rate.	Amount.	Total.	Remarks.	Proposed Establishment.	No.	Rate.	Amount.	Total.	Remarks.
Division Judicial Department ...	12		672			Division Judicial Department ...	14		892		
Do English Do ...	12		719			Do English Do ...	14		874		
				1,391						1,766	
District Revenue Do ...	21		640			District Revenue Do ...	22		695		
Do English Do ...	9		416			Do English Do ...	10		491		
Savings from Yelahanka and other Taluks abolished			485	1,056						1,186	
Do from the abolition of Kotwals and Dandis			55			Court orderlies in lieu of those hitherto sent from the Police both to the Division and the Bangalore District ...	13		86	86	
Do from the abolition of Distillery Shroff...			6								
Do from the revision of Assistants' Offices.			11								
Do Do of Eidadi Travellers' Bungalow ...			4			Grand Total...				3,038	
Do abolition of Kolar Do ...			15								
Do Do of Chikballapur Do ...			15								
				591							
Grand Total...				3,038							

Details of the proposed Establishment.

Division Judicial Department.				Division English Department.				District Revenue Department.				District English Department.				Court Orderlies.			
Judicial Sheristadar ...	200	0	0	Manager ...	250	0	0	Revenue Sheristadar ...	120	0	0	Head Clerk ..	150	0	0	1 Daffedar ...	10	0	0
Government Prosecutor ...	150	0	0	Head Clerk ...	150	0	0	Head Accountant ...	70	0	0	Translator ...	70	0	0	4 Peons at 7 Rs. each.	28	0	0
Interpreter and Translator	100	0	0	2nd Do and Indexer ...	100	0	0	Deputy Do ...	50	0	0	2nd Clerk ...	70	0	0	8 Do 6 Do ...	48	0	0
Head Munshi ...	70	0	0	3rd Do ...	75	0	0	2 Acctts. at 35 Rs. each.	70	0	0	3rd Do ...	40	0	0				
2nd Do ...	50	0	0	4th Do ...	50	0	0	5 Do at 25 Rs. Do	125	0	0	4th Do ...	30	0	0				
3rd Do ...	40	0	0	5th Do ...	35	0	0	2 Do at 20 Rs. Do	40	0	0	5th Do ...	25	0	0				
4th Do ...	30	0	0	6th Do ...	20	0	0	Head Munshi Do	50	0	0	Indexer ..	50	0	0				
Head Accountant ...	60	0	0	Translator ...	75	0	0	Dy. Do ...	30	0	0	1 Record-keeper ...	40	0	0				
2nd Do ...	50	0	0	Head Record-keeper ...	50	0	0	Head Record-keeper ...	35	0	0	1 Mutchi ...	10	0	0				
3rd Do ...	40	0	0	Assistant Do ...	30	0	0	2 Asstt. Do at 20 Rs. each	40	0	0	1 Gollar ...	6	0	0				
Head Record-keeper ..	50	0	0	Book-binder ...	15	0	0	2 Daftar-bands at 5 Do	10	0	0								
Assistant Do ...	40	0	0	Mutchi ...	12	0	0	1 Maramat Accountant...	25	0	0								
2 Gollars at 6 Rs. each ...	12	0	0	2 Gollars at 6 Rs. each ...	12	0	0	2 Gumastas at 15 Rs. each	30	0	0								
Total...	892	0	0	Total...	874	0	0	Total...	695	0	0	Total...	491	0	0	Total...	86	0	0

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 7th July 1875.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. F. 72, dated Bangalore, 16th September 1874.

With reference to the concluding para (6) of the Chief Commissioner's Order No. 4342—Genl.184 of the 3rd November 1873, I have the honor to request you to do me the favor to place my letter No. F. 83 of the 18th of March 1873, before Sir Richard Meade, for his most favorable consideration and instructions.

2. I have in that letter explained so fully the wants of my own Judicial and English Departments, and the necessity of improving some of the Departments in the Bangalore District Office, that I have little to add except that I trust the Chief Commissioner will be pleased to sanction my proposals on as early a date as possible, the pressure being now considerable, as the Survey and Inam Departments are both at work in the Division, and the Local Fund and Municipal arrangements are also causing an increase of work in the English and other Offices.

3. I beg to append an accurate statement of the total net saving from the reduction in the number of taluks and also under other headings which has become available, and which in the aggregate exceeds the amount asked for in my letter above noted.

STATEMENT.—Savings from the reduction of 6 taluks and from the abolition of Civil Gumastas in the permanent taluks, &c., &c, ...	241	8	0
Savings from the abolition of the Yelahanka Taluk	433	0	0
Do from the discontinuance of certain Kotwals and Dandis in the Bangalore District.	22	0	0
Do Do of the Distillery Shroff in the Bangalore District	6	0	0
Do Do the reduction in the Assistants Establishment, *vide* Secretary's letter No. 4728—162, dated 22nd December 1871	11	0	0
Total.. ..	713	8	0

4. With reference to my letter above alluded to, and after providing funds for the propositions therein made, there remains a sum of Rs. 122 available, *vide* the marginal statement, and this sum I would propose to utilize by adding 2 more Munshis to the Bangalore *District Revenue Department*, and a Peshkar to the Bangalore Taluk. I understand that the District Munshi Department is very weak, and not equal to the disposal satisfactorily of 100 references or upwards daily, which is approximately, the average number received on working days; and with regard to the Bangalore Taluk, it is now so extensive that a Peshkar to be permanently located at Kengeri with a Gumasta to assist him, would be a great convenience from a public point of view, and would be of most material assistance to the Amildar, who would thus be left free to carry on the general duties of this large Taluk, with less difficulty than at present.

Statement.

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
Amount available as per Statement above ...	713	8	0
Deduct amount already proposed to be utilized...	591	0	0
Balance still available	122	8	0
Distribution.			
2 Munshis at Rupees 25 each ...	50	0	0
1 Additional Peshkar to the Bangalore Taluk ...	50	0	0
Total ...	100	0	0

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. F. 19, dated Bangalore, 5th June 1875.

I have the honor to request the favor of an early consideration of the request made in this Office No. 72, F., dated 16th September 1874, on the subject of the revision of the Division Office Establishment, copy of which is herewith enclosed for ready reference.

2. I beg to state that it is difficult to carry on the work of the Judicial, English, and Orderly Establishments without some additional aid; and that Mr. Gordon has still further cramped the Office by withdrawing all the Police orderlies. Copy of the correspondence * on this subject is also herewith forwarded.

*Ending with Judicial Commissioner's No. 389—63, dated 26th February 1875.

3. Sir Richard Meade promised me personally to sanction this revision when I told him that I could shew sufficient savings to cover the outlay, without the necessity of going up to the Supreme Government.

From the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore, To the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, No. 267—48, dated Bangalore, 15th February 1875.

I have the honor to observe that the returns of the Police Force submitted to this Office shew that 1 Daffedar and 4 Police peons are permanently employed as orderlies to the Nundydroog Session's Court. I believe that such permanent employment of police men was not originally intended; nor is it recognized in the other Session's Courts of the Province. It is moreover opposed to the principles of the new Police organization.

The Magistrate of theDistrict has accordingly been directed to recall the said Police men, and of make the necessary arrangements in future for Police escort at the Session's Court on the occasion to Session's trials. This arrangement will take effect from the 1st proximo.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore,
No. 435, dated Bangalore, 22nd February 1875.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your No. 267—48 of the 15th instant relating to the Daffedars and Police peons employed at present as orderlies in this Court, and in reply to enclose copies of letters to the Secretary asking for a slight revision of establishment out of savings which have fallen in, to which no reply has yet been received, and with reference to paras 12 and 13 of my letter of the 10th of March 1873, I beg to draw your attention to the fact that two years ago I was desirous of sending these Police men back to their Departments provided only that I could get some men in their stead to do the work of the Offices.

With such a paucity of orderlies in the Division, District and Assistants' Offices ; all taluks' and extraneous aid even for guarding or locking up the rooms having now been withdrawn, the inconvenience if these men also are suddenly withdrawn will be very great ; but if, as Officiating Chief Commissioner, you will kindly do me the favor to pass the small revision, referred to in the enclosed letters, which only requires the word " sanction" from you, as it is fully provided for out of savings, I shall be but too glad to send the Police men back at once to their own Departments.

From the Judicial Commissioner in Mysore, To the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division,
No. 389—63, dated Bangalore, 26th February 1875.

In reply to your letter No. 435 of 22nd instant, I have the honor to inform you that it is quite necessary the Police peons should revert to their proper duties, and I have therefore to request you will issue directions so that this may be done on the date fixed, *viz.*, the 1st proximo.

2. The decision in respect to the proposed revision necessarily cannot be dealt with in this Office.

No. 2907—Finl. 155, dated Bangalore, 7th July 1875.

Order thereon.—The Officiating Chief Commissioner requests that the Officers marginally named will be good enough to form themselves into a Committee to consider and report on the proposals submitted in the above letters, and to forward a proposition statement embodying such revision of the Judicial and Revenue as well as English Departments of the Division and District Offices in the Nundydroog Division as the altered circumstances referred to by Colonel Pearse may appear to require.

President.
H. T. Prinsep Esq. Officiating Judicial Commissioner.
Members.
Colonel J. L. Pearse, Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
L. Ricketts, Esq., Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.
B. Krishnaiengar, Esq., Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.

2. The necessity of appointing orderly peons for the Division and District Offices being urgent, the Officiating Chief Commissioner authorizes that an establishment as noted below may be at once entertained, as a temporary measure and distributed in the proportion of 4 men to the Division Office and 8 men to the District Office.

4 Peons at 7 Rs.	Rs. 28 0 0
8 Do at 6 „	„ 48 0 0
	Rs. 76 0 0

T. CLARKE.
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department,
14th July 1875.

Budget Estimates of Municipalities in the Shimoga, Kadur and Chitaldroog Districts for 1875—76, submitted by the Commissioner of Nagar with his No. 223, dated 24th February 1875, to the Deputy Accountant General.

No. 3147—FINL. 166, DATED BANGALORE, 14TH JULY 1875.

ORDER THEREON.—The estimates of receipts and expenditure for the 16 Municipalities comprised in these Budgets, the Offg. Chief Commissioner proceeds to pass his orders thereon.

2. Having in view the insolvent condition of this Municipality, and the doubts which have been expressed as to the quality of the water to be obtained from the Jumma Masjid well, the allotment of Rs. 971—0—0 for completing this work may be struck out pending future enquiry as to its necessity.

Shimoga Town.

3. This Municipality exhibits a large surplus of Rs. 1,405—0—0 after meeting all proposed charges. The Offg. Chief Commissioner suggests that this sum may be utilized in clearing land for the extension of the town, which is rising in importance.

Nyamti.

4. The proceeds derived from the sale of lands within Municipal limits have been erroneously included under the head of Extraordinary in the estimated receipts of this Municipality. The amount should be held in Revenue deposits and not appropriated for current expenses. The item should therefore be struck out and the deficit thus caused of Rs. 498, on a comparison of the estimated expenditure and income for the year, may be met from the cash balances of the previous years amounting to Rs. 4,115—0—0.

Chikmagalur.

5. The increase of allowances provided for the Mutsaddi and the Shanbhog under the head of collection charges in this Municipality appears to be uncalled for and is disallowed.

Chitaldroog Town.

6. The estimated income from octroi falls far short of the actuals of the previous year, for which no reason is shewn. The estimate of last year, *viz.*, Rs 700—0—0, should be retained, giving a balance of Rs. 160—0—0 in favor of the Municipality.

Harihar.

7. As the duty on piece-goods has been abolished under the terms of the Notification No. 123, dated 15th June 1875, the Offg. Chief Commissioner is prepared to consider proposals from the Municipalities to impose it as a Municipal tax upon all cloth which has not paid import duty at the sea-board.

8. The Commissioner is under a mis-apprehension in observing that the income of Municipal towns may be increased by levying the existing sayer duty on cocoanuts and betel-leaves in the form of octroi, the object of the revised arrangement now in contemplation being to levy town duties on these articles through the agency of the octroi establishment; the Municipalities being remunerated by a small quota to meet the cost of collection.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 28th July 1875.

Docket No. 3, dated 23rd June 1875, from the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.

No. 3319—FINL. 184, DATED BANGALORE, 19TH JULY 1875.

ORDER THEREON.—The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, submits Supplemental Budget Estimates for the Municipal towns of Tiptur and Turuvekere for the year 1875—76.

In respect to Tiptur, the receipts are estimated at Rs. 10,805 instead of Rs. 9,234, and the expenditure at Rs. 7,638—8—0, which provides for a sum of Rs. 1,625 to be disbursed on works executed in the past year. The outlay is sanctioned, to be met from the balance of Rs. 4,791—8—0 with which the current year's account opened. There will still be a cash balance of Rs. 3,166 to be expended in the manner indicated in para 4 of the Offg. Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 2216—93, dated 14th June 1875.

2. For Turuvekere, the receipts are now estimated at Rs. 2,880, in lieu of Rs. 2,126, and the expenditure at Rs. 2,880. The latter figures are based on the assumption of an opening cash balance of Rs. 2,695, the actual amount stated by the Deputy Accountant General being, however, Rs. 2,096 only. This Budget requires further revision.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To Offg. Secretary to Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, General No. 112, dated 21st June 1875.

Secretary's letter No. 1729—Genl. 70 of 29th May 1875.

With reference to the above, has the honor to annex copy of a docket from the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District stating that the plan and estimate for opening out new roads in the fort of Chikballapur were prepared by the District Surveyor as per Sir Richard Meade's instructions conveyed to the Deputy Commissioner when at Chikballapur in November last.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, To the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, No. 527—190, dated 14th June 1875.

The Commissioner's Official Memo No. 154 of the 3rd instant.

In resubmitting the plan and estimate amounting to Rs. 4,136 for opening out new roads in the fort of Chikballapur, the undersigned has the honor to state that the plan and estimate were prepared by the District Head Surveyor and they are in accordance with the verbal instructions given by the undersigned who has done so after ascertaining Sir Richard Meade's pleasure who kindly visited the spot in November last.

No. 3570—FINL. 36, DATED BANGALORE, 28TH JULY 1875.

ORDER THEREON.—The estimate amounting to Rs. 4,136, for opening out new roads in the fort of Chikballapur, is sanctioned.

2. As the object is partially to obtain a suitable site for a Taluk Cutcherry and Munsiff's Court, the Officiating Chief Commissioner sanctions half of the amount, *viz.*, Rs. 2,068, being assigned from Local Funds General; the remainder being met from the proceeds of the sale of vacant sites and from Municipal income generally.

3. The plan and estimate are herewith returned.

T. CLARKE.
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 29th July 1875.

From the Anche Bakshi of Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 204, dated Bangalore, 21st July 1875.

The Deputy Commissioners of Kolar and Shimoga, as well as the Amildars of the taluks noted in the margin, having represented the necessity of moderately increasing the present rates of firesticks, &c., supplied to the Anches in their respective taluks, as they are very low, I beg to submit a statement shewing the present and proposed rates of firesticks, noting in the column of remarks the reason assigned by the Deputy Commissioners and Amildars for the necessity of raising them.

Bangalore.
Malur.
Tumkur.
Manjarabad.
Hamhalli.
Shikarpur.
Honnali.
Kadur.

2. The existing rates were fixed in 1842 at a time when labor was cheap and plentiful, and people had access to the jungles which were then not very distant from the Kasbas. But since such jungles have been cleared, and the cutting of wood in the jungles have not only been restricted, but entirely prohibited in some jungles, these firesticks are only allowed to be cut in certain forests which are remotely situated. When applications were received by me from the Deputy Commissioners and Amildars for the increase in the rates of firesticks, these were scrutinized and duly commented on by me in the first instance, and I always pointed out and compared the rates allowed with those in the adjacent places; but it is found that the time has arrived for increasing the rates, which is in fact being insisted upon. I beg to forward one of the several correspondences which passed between this Office and the Deputy Commissioner for information. As the contractors demand higher rates which appears to be also reasonable, I would respectfully solicit that the Chief Commissioner will be pleased to sanction the increased rates proposed by the Deputy Commissioners and Amildars which will amount monthly to Rs. 35—10—7.

3. The amount can be met from the Budget grant of Rs. 4,900 provided for firesticks under 13. Post Office, for 1875—76. The annual allotment on account of firesticks has not exceeded as will be seen from the marginal figures.

Budget Grants.		Actual Expenditure.
1870—71 ...	4,650	4,556
1871—72 ...	4,800	4,734
1872—73 ...	4,800	4,800
1873—74 ...	4,932	4,614
1874—75 ...	4,900	4,454

4. It is further requested, should sanction be accorded to the above, that the Deputy Commissioners concerned may be addressed on the subject.

Statement showing the present and proposed rate of firesticks, &c.,

District.	Taluk.	Anche.	Present rate.																	
			Firesticks.				Log of wood.				Bundle of wood.				Total.					
			No.	Amount.			No.	Amount.			No.	Amount.								
Bangalore..	Bangalore ..	Kasba ...	120	5	13	1	5	0	10	0	5	1	4	0						
		Nayandhalli ...	30	1	4	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	11	8						
		...	...	7	1	1	...	0	15	0	...	1	15	8	9	15	9			
Kolar ...	Malur ...	Narsapur ..	30	1	4	0	5	0	7	11	5	0	7	11						
	Kolar ...	Kasba ..	60	1	1	6	...	...	...	...	0	...	...	...						
		...	...	2	5	6	...	0	7	11	...	0	7	11	3	5	4			
Túmkúr ..	Kadaba ...	Gubbi ...	30	0	15	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	0	15	0			
Hassan ...	Manjarabad ...	Kasba ...	30	0	7	0	5	0	0	9	5	0	0	9						
		Mattsagar ...	30	0	7	0	5	0	0	9	5	0	0	9						
		Hullahalli ...	15	0	3	6	...	...	...	...	5	0	0	9						
		Marnhalli ...	30	0	15	0	...	...	...	...	5	0	8	9						
		Hygaltope ...	30	0	15	0	...	...	..	...	5	0	8	9						
		Kemphole ...	30	0	15	0	...	...	...	...	5	0	8	9						
		Malalbid ...	30	0	15	0	...	...	...	...	5	0	8	9						
		...	...	4	13	6	...	0	1	6	...	2	5	3	7	4	3			
	Harnhalli ...	Arsikere ..	30	0	10	0	5	0	0	10	5	0	1	6						
		Lakshmidevarhalli	30	0	11	0	5	0	0	10	5	0	1	6						
		Gandsi ...	30	0	10	0	5	0	0	10	5	0	1	8						
		Rudranhalli ...	30	0	10	0	5	0	0	10	5	0	1	6						
		Boranhalli ...	30	0	10	0	5	0	0	10	5	0	1	8						
		...	...	3	3	0	...	0	4	2	...	0	7	10	3	15	0			
Shimoga ...	Shikarpur ...	Kasba ...	40	0	3	4	10	0	1	8	5	0	1	3						
		Ballakoppa ...	40	0	3	4	10	0	1	8	5	0	1	3						
		Hosur ...	60	0	5	0	10	0	1	8	5	0	1	3						
		Surgi ...	40	0	3	4	10	0	1	8	5	0	1	3						
		Varaha ...	40	0	3	4	10	0	1	8	5	0	1	3						
		...	...	1	2	4	...	0	8	4	...	0	6	3	2	0	11			
	Honnali ...	Nyamati ...	90	0	7	6	10	0	3	4	10	0	6	8						
		Musikanhalla ...	60	0	4	0	10	0	3	4	10	0	6	8						
		Palavanhalli ...	60	0	5	0	5	0	1	8	5	0	3	4						
		Jinhalli ...	60	0	5	0	5	0	1	8	5	0	3	4						
		Bairankoppa ...	60	0	4	0	10	0	1	8	10	0	3	4						
		Kumsi ...	60	0	3	4	10	0	1	8	10	0	3	4						
		...	...	1	12	10	...	0	13	4	...	1	10	8	4	4	10			
Kadur ...	Kadur ...	Kasba ...	30	0	10	0	5	0	0	10	5	0	1	8						
		Tangali ...	30	0	10	0	5	0	0	10	5	0	1	8						
		Mattigatta ...	30	0	10	0	5	0	0	10	5	0	1	8						
		Kambasagara ...	30	0	10	0	5	0	0	10	5	0	1	8						
		Brahmnasandra ...	30	0	10	0	5	0	0	10	5	0	1	8						
		Birur ...	30	0	10	0	5	0	0	10	5	0	1	8						
		...	...	3	12	0	...	0	5	0	...	0	10	0	4	11	0			
		Grand Total...	...	25	1	3	...	3	7	3	...	7	15	7	36	8	1			

supplied for Night-Tappals in certain Taluks.

Proposed rate.														Remarks.
Firesticks.			Log of wood.			Bundle of wood.			Total.					
No.	Amount.			No.	Amount.			No.	Amount.					
120	7	8	0	5	0	10	0	5	1	4	0			*a*. The contractor complains that the present rate is too low, and that he is put to a great loss by having to fetch the firesticks, &c., from distant jungles.
30	1	14	0	5	0	10	0	5	1	4	0			
...	9	6	0	...	1	4	0	...	2	8	0	*a*. 13	2	0
30	1	12	0	5	0	10	0	5	0	10	0			*b*. The contractor complains that having been strictly prohibited by the Forest authorities from cutting sticks in the District jungles, he has to bring them from distant jungles, that he cannot therefore supply them at the present rate.
60	2	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
...	3	12	0	...	0	10	0	...	0	10	0	*b*. 5	0	0
30	1	6	0	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	*c*. 16	6	
30	1	14	0	5	0	3	2	5	0	6	8			*c*. The contractor refuses to supply sticks, &c., at the present rate, and no one else will come forward to supply them at the same rate.
30	1	14	0	5	0	3	2	5	0	6	8			
15	0	15	0	...	...	...	...	5	0	6	8			
20	1	14	0	...	...	...	...	5	0	6	8			
30	1	14	0	...	...	...	...	5	0	6	8			
30	1	14	0	...	...	...	...	5	0	6	8			
30	1	14	0	...	...	...	...	5	0	6	8			
...	12	3	0	...	0	6	4	...	2	14	8	*c*. 15	8	0
30	1	14	0	5	0	3	2	5	0	6	8			
30	1	14	0	5	0	3	2	5	0	6	8			
30	1	14	0	5	0	3	2	5	0	6	8			
30	1	14	0	5	0	3	2	5	0	6	8			
30	1	14	0	5	0	3	2	5	0	6	8			
...	9	6	0	...	0	15	10	...	2	1	4	*c*. 12	7	2
40	0	10	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0			
40	0	10	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0			
60	0	15	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0			
40	0	10	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0			
40	0	10	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0			
...	3	7	0	..	1	9	0	...	1	9	0	*c*. 6	9	0
60	0	15	0	5	0	3	4	5	0	6	8			
60	0	15	0	5	0	3	4	5	0	6	8			
60	0	15	0	5	0	3	4	5	0	6	8			
60	0	15	0	5	0	3	4	5	0	6	8			
60	0	15	0	5	0	3	4	5	0	6	8			
60	0	15	0	5	0	3	4	5	0	6	8			
..	5	10	0	...	1	4	0	...	2	8	0	*c*. 9	6	0
30	0	15	0	5	0	1	8	5	0	6	8			
30	0	15	0	5	0	1	8	5	0	6	8			
30	0	15	0	5	0	1	8	5	0	6	8			
30	0	15	0	5	0	1	8	5	0	6	8			
30	0	15	0	5	0	1	8	5	0	6	8			
30	0	15	0	5	0	1	8	5	0	6	8			
...	5	10	0	...	0	10	0	...	2	8	0	*c*. 8	12	0
...	50	12	6	...	6	11	2	...	14	11	0	72	2	8

Difference Rs. 35—10—7.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 29th July 1875.

Translation of a Rubkari from the Anche Bakshi of Mysore, to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, No. 156, dated 15th December 1874.

The Rubkari, dated 27th ultimo, from the Deputy Commissioner of Shimoga District, forwarding an Arzi from the Amildar of Shikarpur, was read. The Deputy Commissioner states that the increased rate proposed by the Amildar for supplying firesticks, &c., appears reasonable. On comparing this rate with the rate noted in the margin, *viz.*, that supplied in the Honnali Taluk (a neighbouring taluk to Shikarpur), it will be seen that the rate now proposed is too high." It is therefore necessary to inform the Deputy Commissioner that if the Amildar can assign proper reasons for thus increasing the rate, the matter will be submitted for the orders of the Chief Commissioner.

	Firesticks.	Log of wood.	Bundle of wood.
Rate for each stick supplied in Honnali Taluk,	Pies. 1.	Pies. 4.	Pies. 4.
Rate proposed by the Amildar of Shikarpur,	Pies. 3.	Annas. 1.	Pies. 8.

Ordered, that a copy of this Rubkari be forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, to the Anche Bakshi Rubkari No. 941, dated 3rd February 1875.

Read Shikarpur Amildar's report No. 795. The Amildar states that the rate fixed by the Sarkar for supplying firesticks, &c., is too low; that even sticks, &c., are not sold at this rate; and that the ryots refuse to supply at the present rate. This appearing to be true, it would be advisable to increase the present rate at which others are now selling. It having therefore been found necessary to forward this Rubkari with the report of the Amildar, to the Anche Bakshi for consideration, ordered, that a copy be sent accordingly.

No. 3612—Finl. 201, dated Bangalore, 29th July 1875.

Order thereon.—Under the circumstances represented by the Anche Bakshi, the Offg. Chief Commissioner sanctions the aggregate allowance hitherto made for firesticks, &c., supplied to the Anche-houses in the marginally noted taluks, being increased from Rs. 36—8—1 to Rs. 72—2—8 per mensem as detailed in the statement annexed to his letter. The increased charge will be met from the grant of Rs. 4,900 provided for firesticks, under "13. Post Office" in the Budget for 1875—76.

Bangalore.
Malur.
Kolar.
Kadaba.
Manjarabad.
Shikarpur.
Honnali.

2. The Deputy Commissioners concerned are requested to issue the necessary instructions to the respective Amildars on the subject.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department,
31st July 1875.

From the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Public Works Department, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 1674, dated Bangalore, 21st July 1875.

With reference to your No. 6269—85, F. of the 27th November 1874, conveying sanction to the estimate (amounting to Rs 4,400) for constructing a Muhammadan Musafarkhana in the town of Chikmagalur, I have the honor to request that you will be good enough to direct the Deputy Accountant General to place the above amount to the credit of the District Fund Budget of 1875—76, with a view to enable the Executive Engineer, Kadur Division, to carry out the work in accordance with the rules of this Department.

No. 3727—Finl. 208, dated Bangalore, 31st July 1875.

Order.—The sum of Rupees 4,400, of which Rupees 1,110 have been contributed by the local community, will be placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department for constructing the Muhammadan Musafarkhana at Chikmagalur, if the appropriation of Rs. 2,655 made last year for the work from the grant of Rs. 4,000 from Local Funds General, remains unexpended.

2. The Offg. Chief Commissioner trusts that it will be found practicable to restrict the expenditure on this work to Rs. 4,000; the Government contribution being already much in excess of the amount assignable under the rules.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Ummatur Hobli School.* Passing orders on a letter from the Director of Public Instruction soliciting orders whether the grant of timber at half rates for it is admissible.	No. 2915—63S, dated 7th July 1875.	...	...	1
3	*Cholera.* Calling the attention of Divisional and District Officers and the President, Cantonment and Town Municipality, to a severe outbreak of the disease at Cuddapah and urging on their attention increased sanitary precautions.	No. 2971—73, dated 8th July 1875.	...	...	1
4 to 5	*Dispensary at Haribarpur.* Passing orders on its establishment.	No. 3114—83, dated 12th July 1875.	...	...	2 to 3
6 to 7	*Experimental Farm.* Passing orders on proposals in connection with its establishment.	No. 3211—137, dated 16th July 1875.	...	..	4 to 12
8 to 9	*Appointment of Mr. F. E. Harman, as Superintendent of the Model Farm.* Forwarding to Nundydroog Commissioner, the Deputy Accountant General and Mr Harman, copies of Government of India No. 220, dated 1st instant, sanctioning the Chief Commissioner's proposals in the matter.	No. 3250—77, dated 17th July 1875.	...	...	12
10 to 11	*Forts.* Passing orders on a communication from the Nundydroog Commissioner on the subject.	No. 3276—138, dated 19th July 1875.	...	...	13
12 to 13	*Lumbur tank.* Passing orders on report of Committee appointed to report upon the proposal to abolish the tank.	No. 3360—143, dated 21st July 1875.	...	...	14 to 15
14	*Register of lands held by officials.* Directing the preparation of fresh returns.	No. 3572—82, dated 28th July 1875.	...	...	15
15 to 16	*Supplies.* Laying down rules for the guidance of taluk and village officials in complying with requisitions from officers travelling on public service.	No. 3593—143, dated 29th July 1875.	...	...	17

From the Director of Public Instruction in Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 847, dated Bangalore, 15th June 1875.

I have the honor to solicit the Chief Commissioner's orders on the following case. The village of Ummatur in Chamrajnagar Taluk has a hobli school, and the inhabitants having undertaken to erect a building for it claim a grant of half the cost of the timber required, in accordance with the usual rules. But on referring to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, I am informed, in his docket No. 683 of the 8th instant, that the local cess on the land revenue, &c. of the Ummatur village is credited to the Devasthanam fund of the Chamrajeshvara temple at Chamrajnagar, of whose endowments the village forms a part. Under these circumstances it becomes a question how the expense of the hobli school at Ummatur is to be met, and whether a grant of timber at half rates is in this case admissible, for the erection of a building for the school.

No. 2915—Genl. 638, dated Bangalore, 7th July 1875.

Order thereon.—It would appear from the above letter that the Local Fund cess on land revenue of the village of Ummatur referred to, has been credited to the Chamrajesvara Temple Fund, although there is no authority for such a proceeding. The order conveyed in para 4 of this Office No. 5612—62 of the 10th January 1873 clearly states that the Local Fund cess on land revenue of the jahagir villages of the temple in question should be collected in the same manner as is done in all other inam villages in the Province; and if through misconception of the above order, the Local Fund revenue from the Ummatur village has not been credited to Government, the arrears payable to the State should be promptly recovered.

2. The Director of Public Instruction is authorized to pay to the villagers of Ummatur one half of the value of the timber required by them for building a hobli school at that place.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

No. 2971.
Genl. 73.

Mysore Chief Commissioner's Office,
Dated Bangalore, *8th July* 1875.

CIRCULAR.

From

The Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

To

The Commissioners of Divisions.
Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
President, Town and Cantonment Municipal Commissions.

Sir,

Information having been received of a severe out-break of cholera at Cuddapah and of symptoms of the epidemic spreading, the Officiating Chief Commissioner desires that the Executive Civil Officers should again be warned of the need of increased sanitary precautions, and that in all towns of any size, (excepting Bangalore where the duty devolves upon the Municipal Commissioners,) the Chief Civil Authority should satisfy himself, by frequent personal inspections, that conservancy arrangements have been strictly attended to.

2. In view of the present emergency, the Officiating Chief Commissioner grants the Deputy Commissioners authority to sanction, in the case of any town where no municipal funds are available, any small outlay that may be emergently needed for any conservancy work which cannot be carried out by the ordinary conservancy establishment. This sanction will be held as in force up to 31st August next, after which date, bills should be submitted through the Commissioners, of any outlay incurred under it. The disbursements should, in no case, exceed Rs. 200 in a single District, and will be shewn as "Advances for Special Municipal Conservancy" for adjustment under orders which will be hereafter issued.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 12th July 1875.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Public Works Department, No. 114, dated Shimoga, 23rd June 1875.

With reference to this Office letter No. 547, dated 22nd March last, submitting the District Fund Budget of the Division for 1875—76, I have the honor to submit for the favorable consideration of the Chief Commissioner copy of Kadur Deputy Commissioner's letter No. 178—128, dated 14th instant, proposing the establishment at once of a Dispensary at Hariharpur.

2. I beg at the same time to observe that I know of no more legitimate way of expending a portion of the District Funds than by opening Dispensaries for the treatment of natives in unhealthy localities. Other schemes may raise doubts in the native mind as to their utility, but the object in establishing Dispensaries cannot be misunderstood.

3. From a communication received lately from Doctor McGann, copy of which is enclosed, I am informed that the services of two experienced Hospital Assistants are now available for the purpose, and I beg to solicit the Chief Commissioner's early sanction to the measure, so that the opportunity may not be lost.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 178, P. W. D. 128, dated Chikmagalur, 14th June 1875.

With reference to the previous correspondence relative to the establishment of branch Dispensaries in the District, and the Proceedings of the Local Fund Board forwarded with docket No. 361—343 of the 15th October 1874, I have the honor to submit that the time has now arrived when it would be advisable to open such establishments in the Malnad. The rainy season, when sickness is very rife, is just about to commence, and the services of a Medical Officer there now would prove a source of incalculable benefit and be highly appreciated by the people themselves. The establishment of these Dispensaries is anxiously looked for by the European planters and would certainly be welcomed by them. As an earnest of the advantages likely to result from the improved administration of the Local Funds, Mr. Meppen, the representative member of the planting interest in the Local Fund Board, was making anxious enquiries the other day as to when they were to have the Dispensaries, for one of which he and his brother-planters have agreed to subscribe Rs. 480, and to provide a building at Abragudigi. (*Vide* para 10 of the Local Fund Board Proceedings.)

I would therefore beg respectfully to recommend that the services of at least one Hospital Assistant be obtained as early as possible from the Medical Department, with a supply of medicines, and that he be deputed to Hariharpur where I shall try to find accommodation for him and meet other requirements.

From the Civil Surgeon, Nagar Division, To the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, No. 116, dated Shimoga, 18th June 1875.

I have the honor to report for your information, that I recently ascertained that there are at present attached to the Deputy Surgeon General's Department, two experienced Hospital Assistants, whose services might be made available for employment in connection with the Sub-Divisional Dispensaries proposed to be established by the Chief Commissioner Sir Richard Meade, in May 1874.

2. I communicated the above information to the Deputy Commissioners of the Kadur and Shimoga Districts, with a view to their making the necessary applications through you.

3. The original proposition was to establish two of these Dispensaries in each District, at certain distances from the Mysore frontier, as well as from the head-quarter Hospitals: and as much as practicable in the centres of unhealthy localities.

4. The paucity of Hospital Assistants available will not, I imagine, admit of the scheme being carried out in its entirety for some time to come, but an urgent and pressing want exists for establishing some such means of relief for the inhabitants of those very unhealthy localities, of which Hariharpur in the Kadur, and Sagar Kasba in the Shimoga District, are the centres.

5. The other portions of these two Districts, as well as Chitaldroog, could better afford to wait in my opinion.

6. The scheme proposed that Government should bear the expenses of the Hospital Assistants' pay as well as the cost of European medicines, the Local Funds finding the remainder, together with a house.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
12th July 1875.

7. As I understand there are buildings suitable for the purpose, and the property of Government available at present, or will be almost immediately, at Hariharpur and Sagar, and the expenses to be borne by the Local Funds will be comparatively trifling, the question of providing the necessary funds even if no provision therefor be already made, need, I should think, form no particular impediment to their early establishment.

8. As I believe you are in accord with me as to the desirability of establishing these means of relief as early as possible, I consider it unnecessary to dilate upon the amount of death, suffering, and pauperism they would be the means of averting. They would be direct, tangible and appreciable means of doing good at their very doors, amongst the class of people, and in the localities where it is most needed. I trust therefore you will use your influence and move the Chief Commissioner to sanction their establishment as early as possible.

9. The stock of medicines, &c., need not, to commence with, be very extensive or varied, and I have no doubt the Medical Store-keeper would be able to comply with the demand.

No. 3114—Genl. 83, dated Bangalore, 12th July 1875.

Order thereon.—The sums marginally specified having been provided in the Budget grants (now being printed) for Dispensaries in the several Districts of the Nagar Division, the Commissioner is requested to submit at once a supplemental estimate for the cost of such establishment as may be essentially required for the Dispensary proposed to be opened at Hariharpur.

Shimoga ...	...	Rs. 1,000
Kadur ...	...	„ 500
Chitaldroog	...	„ 2,000

2. The Deputy Surgeon General, Mysore Division, will depute an Hospital Assistant to proceed at once to Hariharpur, with a suitable supply of medicines, the cost of which should be charged to the District Fund, while the pay of the Hospital Assistant will continue to be borne by the State for the present.

3. The Commissioner should also take measures on the arrival of the Hospital Assistant to entertain such menial establishment as may be necessary for the Dispensary at Hariharpur, in anticipation of formal sanction.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 16*th July* 1875.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 121, G, dated Bangalore, 26th June 1875.

I have the honor, with reference to para 2 of your letter No. 1819—Genl. 77 of the 1st instant, to forward herewith for the Chief Commissioner's information, copy of a letter No. 1 of the 10th idem, and of its enclosures, from the Superintendent of the Experimental Farm, and with regard to the several suggestions made by Mr. Harman, I beg to submit the following remarks.

2. In reference to the 1st suggestion, I think that the isolated land on the slope of the hill, as well as those pieces which were purchased by Government and made over to Colonel Boddam, situated on the other—or western—side of the Lal-Bagh road, may either be disposed of or given in exchange for an additional block of the Darga Inam land, by which arrangement the farm will, as it were, be brought within a ring-fence.

3. With the Chief Commissioner's sanction I propose to visit the house and surrounding sites alluded to in para 2, and, in company with Mr. Harman and the Deputy Commissioner, arrange preliminaries for the purchase of the same, and the site for the farm buildings can also be settled on the same occasion. Doctor Orr, as President of the Municipal Commission will, with the Chief Commissioner's sanction, be requested to assist the Deputy and myself in arranging for the removal of the burial grounds referred to in para 4 of the Memorandum of suggestions.

4. Adverting to para 5, I do not advocate the employment of Police at all. Mr. Harman may be allowed to enlist at once some men as a temporary arrangement who can be paid for the present under a Contingent Bill. As the work of fencing will moreover be commenced at once, the above proposal will further meet the difficulty referred to in the latter part of the para, as also the subsequent one noted in para 6.

Para 7., The squatters referred to here, will be warned off at once.

5. I have directed Mr. Harman to endeavour to obtain temporarily, for taking the levels, the services of a man not in the service who is I believe available, and the cost can be entered in the Contingent Bill, but, with Mr. Dalyell's permission, Colonel Sankey's opinion—which will be of great value—will be asked for on the question mooted by Mr. Harman in the "Supplemental suggestions."

6. If permitted the Secretary will be applied to for the transfer of the piece of land in the centre of the farm which is at present under the charge of the Superintendent of the Lal-Bagh.

7. Referring to the "Proposed Establishment" for the Experimental Farm, the Deputy Accountant General in his Memorandum, copy of which is attached, shows that the full amount required can at once be made available from the sum in deposit and from Local Fund General, and I concur most fully with the Deputy Accountant General, in deprecating any sub-division in expenditure by debiting a portion of the outlay to the Educational Establishment.

8. Mr. Harman in his estimate of establishment proposes the entertainment of only one Overseer at Rs. 30 per mensem, but further experience of what has to be done has convinced Mr. Harman that this amount of assistance would be quite insufficient, and I concur with him in opinion that he will require two active men as Overseers at starting, one on Rs. 50, and one on Rs. 30 with 10 each house-allowance, for the work of fencing, filling in, levelling, the construction of farm buildings, and cultivation will all have to be supervised at the commencement. The Superintendent will also require at least six men as peons and watchers to prevent trespass and look after the work-people &c.

9. The horse-allowance to the Superintendent may be considered for the present as a contingent charge.

10. The Chief Commissioner can I believe sanction the establishment experimentally for one year, and if so I would suggest sanction to the Establishment, with the modifications above proposed, for 12 months, when we shall be able to see how matters progress and the Establishment can be either reduced, modified, or increased before submitting propositions for a permanent staff for the farm to Government, as by that time it will be possible to arrive at more correct and decided opinion as to the actual requirements necessary for efficiency.

11. With regard to the estimate for "opening the Experimental Farm" I think the Chief Commissioner should permit all the figures given to be looked upon as approximate estimates only; my impression being that some of the entries are overstated and others the reverse.

12. "Estimate for stocking the Farm"—The totals under the several headings will not in all probability be exceeded, but some charges are certainly understated. For instance, such working bullocks as the farm ought to possess will not be obtainable at Rs. 100 the pair.

13. "Estimate of current expenditure"—When fairly started it is clear that the annual outlay will not be under Rupees 10,000, and until the farm is well started and in working order it is not possible to say what proportion of that amount will be recouped.

14. I shall be glad to be favored with an early reply to enable me to set Mr. Harman to work. For present employment I have given him Colonel Beddam's files to read, also the Administration Report, and have further requested him to commence taking levels.

From Mr. F. E. Harman, M. R. A. C. F. C. S., Superintendent, Bangalore Experimental Farm,
To the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, No. 1, dated Bangalore, 10th June 1875.

I have the honor to submit enclosures containing suggestions and estimates in reference to the Bangalore Experimental Farm.

GENERAL SUGGESTIONS.

1st. In reference to the land lying isolated from the main portion of the farm I would strongly urge that it be disposed of for the following reasons :—

(*a*). It is unfitted for the erection of buildings, as it is a considerable distance from the bulk of the land forming the farm, and can only be reached by a circuitous route, unless a road be specially constructed; and as the water in the tank overflows a considerable portion of the land at the base of the hill during the monsoon, a road over this could only be laid at a great expense.

It is further unsuited for buildings from it being the portion of the farm more remote from Bangalore, whence many of the products of the farm will be sent, and large supplies of manure, feeding stuffs, &c., returned. In the event of buildings being erected on this spot the whole of the carting of these materials would be over farm roads, and the carting distance would be materially increased. By disposing of this land, which from its quality will command a high price, a sum of money will be available for the purchase of more suitable land.

2. I would suggest that an endeavour should be made to secure that portion of land on which the Bungalow known as the Lal-Bagh-Lodge, adjacent to Appleville-villa, the property of General Cleveland, is situated. It will be well adapted for the residence of the Superintendent and would render the erection of a house for him unnecessary.

3. The erection of well-planned and suitable buildings on a good site is a matter of great importance, and I would urge that it will be better to erect the necessary buildings at once, rather than those of a temporary character; for, as the farm will be open to the inspection of all who take an interest in agriculture, the buildings should be on a good model, in order that those who try to follow the principles it is intended to inculcate may have a good example to imitate, as far as their more limited means permit.

4. In reference to the Hindu burial grounds of which there are at present two in the centre of the farm, I would suggest that instructions be issued at once for all burials in them to cease. As the ground cannot be available for agricultural purposes, it will be desirous to hedge them in and plant them with rapidly-growing trees.

5. Trespassing is at present general over the whole of the farm; I would suggest that the necessary instructions be issued to the Police Authorities in order that all paths now used may be closed.

I would lay stress on this point as petty thefts cannot be prevented if foot-paths exist, and although the produce removed may be of trifling money value, it might nevertheless cause a valuable series of experiments, over which a considerable sum of money had been spent, and a large amount of trouble incurred, to be rendered unreliable. The trespass of stock would also cause immense injury if the breeding of improved animals be attempted.

6. The marking out of the exact boundaries by lock-spitting is a subject for early settlement, as external fences should be planted at once, in order that they may receive the full benefit of the monsoon. Fencing from the irregular nature of the boundary will, I regret to state, be very extensive, and that portion adjacent to the High-road will require constant Police supervision to prevent goats and other

animals from damaging the young plants It is of great moment that every care be taken of the young fences in order that they may become productive in as short a time as possible, and prevent damage by trespass from men and animals.

7. A number of squatters at present live on portions of the estate. It is desirable that they should be removed at once and also that a man be put in charge to keep all trespasses of this kind off, and to protect the fruit crop.

8. For the purpose of laying out the land judiciously I would advise that a set of levels be taken over the whole ground and that for this purpose the Superintendent be placed in communication with the Engineering Department.

Supplemental Suggestions.

The inspection of the sewer which carries off the town-sewage of Bangalore shews that it empties its contents on a low level on the farm, rendering a considerable portion of land useless. It is advisable that the Superintendent be put in communication with the Engineering Department in order that if possible the sewage may be delivered at a higher level, which would be of great advantage to the farm and the sanitary condition of the neighbourhood. The Superintendent is informed by Mr. Cameron, the Superintendent of the Lal-Bagh Gardens, that he has charge of a portion of land situated in the centre of the farm, and at present stocked with mulberry bushes, the transfer of this land to the farm is advocated.

No. I.

Proposed Establishment for the Bangalore Experimental Farm.

	Items.	Mensem.	Annum.
	Superintendent's salary	300	...
(*a.*)	do House-allowance	50	...
(*b.*)	do Horse do	30	...
	Deduct ⅔ chargeable to the Educational Department	190	2,280
(1)	Overseer's salary	30	360
	a. House-allowance	10	120
(2)	Clerk's salary	25	300
	Peon's salary	6	72
	Total.....	261	3.132

(*a.*) Until free quarters are provided. (*b.*) As the Superintendent will require to purchase seeds and stock in the Town and neighbourhood of Bangalore and keep himself generally informed of the agriculture of the neighbourhood, and will in addition to his agricultural work be expected to lecture at the Bangalore High School, a horse allowance will be necessary to enable him to transact this official work.

(1.) It is proposed that the Overseer's pay rise Rs. 5 per mensem, per annum, to a maximum of Rs. 75 per mensem, conditionally on his giving satisfaction.

(2.) It is proposed that the Clerk's pay should rise to Rs. (*sic*) 5 per mensem, by increments of Rs. 5 per mensem, at the end of the 1st and 2nd years.

Memorandum.

Educational Department.

	Mensem.	Annum.
One half of Mr. Harman's salary and allowances to be debited to the Educational Department..	190	2,280

IMPLEMENT WORKSHOP.

Primary Outlay.

Sheds	Rs.	250	0 0
Plant	„	200	0 0
Total Rs ...		450	0 0

Annual Expenditure.

No.	Items.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1	Black-Smith	17	0	0			
1	Carpenter	17	0	0			
2	Coolies at Rs. 5 each	10	0	0	528	0	0
	Interest on buildings, capital. &c.	50	0	0			
	Materials	1,000	0	0			
	Contingencies	150	0	0	1,200	0	0
	Total Rs.....				1,728	0	0

All expenditure in this department recoverable.

In this department implements will be manufactured, and repaired for the general public and farm.

No. II.

Estimate for *opening up* the Bangalore Experimental Farm.

Landlord's improvements.

	Items.	Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Buildings	8,500	0	0
2.	Roads	1,000	0	0
3.	Levelling	500	0	0
4.	Wells, water channels, &c.	500	0	0
5.	Fences (boundary)	800	0	0
	Gates, crossings, &c.	200	0	0
6.	Implement and Workshop	450	0	0
7.	Trees and planting	150	0	0
	Total Rs.....	12,100	0	0

(1.) It is assumed that the Lal-Bagh lodge, now the property of General Cleveland, could be purchased at or under Rs. 4,500, leaving Rs. 4,000 to erect farm buildings, and a cottage for the Overseer.

(2.) This provides for the main roads. Convenience roads can be made as required.

(3.) A large number of dangerous and unsightly holes, many of them of considerable extent, which will materially hinder cultivation, require filling up.

(4.) Most of the water channels will require reconstructing, especially the sewage channel, the contents of which is now swamping a large area of valuable land.

(5.) This provides for a substantial protection from the trespass of stock and for the protection of the property of the farm.

Differences of construction will be required, where it will bound the High road, the neighbours' land, and run through a considerable extent of marsh.

(6.) This is not strictly debitable to the farm as it will be chiefly for the use of public; the farm paying for all work done on its behalf.

(7.) This provides for sowing a live fence entirely round the farm, graveyards, &c., and for planting useful timber and fruit trees.

No. III.

Estimates for *stocking* the Bangalore Experimental Farm.

		Rs.	A.	P.
	Live stock.			
(*a*)	1 Bull	175	0	0
(*b*)	6 pairs working Cattle at Rs. 100 per pair	600	0	0
(*c*)	Feeding Cattle	250	0	0
(*d*)	Sheep	150	0	0
(*e*)	Pigs	150	0	0
(*f*)	Poultry	75	0	0
	Total	1,400	0	0
	Implements, &c.			
1	Four wheel waggon	180	0	0
3	Box Cart 2 with frames at 140 Rs. each, 1 without frame at 120 Rs.	400	0	0
3	Country carts at Rs. 50 each	150	0	0
1	Water cart	50	0	0
1	Hand cart	30	0	0
4	Wheel Barrows	50	0	0
1	Seed drill, English manufacture	300	0	0
6	Ploughs at Rs. 40 each	240	0	0
1	Cultivator	80	0	0
2	Bullock hoes at Rs. 50 each	100	0	0
2	Sets drag harrows	60	0	0
1	Set chain harrow ... . —	50	0	0
1	Winnowing Machine	115	0	0
1	Chaff Cutter	50	0	0
1	Roller	30	0	0
1	Maize Sheller	35	0	0
	Tools of Sorts	200	0	0
	Total Rs.. ...	2,120	0	0
	Grand Total.....	3,520	0	0

(*a*). To be kept for public use—A good animal for improving dairy stock.

(*b*). A large number will be required when the farm is thoroughly organized. Probably 4 additional pairs to be obtained next year.

(*c*). To be purchased when food is ready.

(*d*). Do do.

(*e*). Do do.

(*f*). To be purchased when opportunity offers.

I would point out that as economy has to be considered, a first outlay on essential implements, although it may appear large, will, when fairly considered, be found to fully justify the extra expense. To give an illustration in proof of this, and to contrast side by side the cost of two implements and the

cost of the work they perform—which be it remembered is the true test—I could draw attention to the implement which costs most on the list, *viz.*, the drill.

An English drill when imported will cost about Rs. 300, and when debited with interest on capital and loss by wear and tear another Rs. 300, making the total cost Rs. 600, to be divided over the 20 years it should last. This gives an annual cost of Rs. 30, during which period it would sow 500 acres, or an acre for an anna. A country drill costs about Rs. 5 and lasts 2 years, giving an annual cost of Rs. 2½, during which period it would sow 100 acres at the cost of a half anna for an acre.

Putting the working expenses side by side, we have—

English Drill—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1 Pair Cattle	0	8	0
1 Driver	0	3	0
2 Boys	0	4	0
Cost of machine for 8 acres or annas 3 per acre ...	0	8	0
Total.....	1	7	0

Native Drill—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1 Pair Cattle	0	8	0
2 Men	0	6	0
Cost of machine for 3 acres or annas 5—2 per acre...	0	1	6
Total.....	0	15	6

But the English drill presents further advantages over the native implement. While the latter will sow 3 acres a day, the English drill will easily put in 8, a matter of immense importance when it is remembered how rapidly land dries in this country after a shower of rain, and how essential it is to take advantage of every hour when the land is in a favorable condition for sowing. In the English drill there is also ensured both a saving of seed and an equally sown plot; for the native implement not being provided with an apparatus to regulate the supply of seed sown, is dependent for a uniform feed on the skill and attention of the laborer, and in our case that man will be a hireling. It follows then, that a much less equally sown crop will be produced, as the laborer having no direct interest in the result will not take the same amount of care as a ryot would when sowing his own seed on his own land.

As the Native implement can only drill a small area of land per day, it follows that, even should the season continue favorable for some time, the sowing would be so extended that the first sown crop would be far in advance of the last, and this would be a great objection in harvesting, more especially as the experimental nature of the work to be undertaken on this farm renders uniform conditions of vital importance.

No. IV.

Estimate for "*carrying on*" the Farm or Current expenditure during the remaining ten months of the year ending 31st April 1876.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Establishment	2,610	0	0
a. Labor	1,000	0	0
b. Cattle food	500	0	0
c. Seeds, &c.	100	0	0
d. Manure	500	0	0
e. Machines	75	0	0
Contingencies	350	0	0
Total.....	5,135	0	0

(*a.*) Merely an allotment, the annual charge under this head can be definitely fixed when the farm is in full working order.

(*b.*) This provides for the purchase of feeding stuffs, and also for fodder until the farm is able to provide a supply.

(*d.*) An allotment.

(*e.*) This provides for petty repairs.

No. 3211—Genl. 137, dated Bangalore, 16th July 1875.

Order thereon.—The Officiating Chief Commissioner proceeds to pass orders on the proposals now submitted by the Commissioner in connection with the establishment of the Experimental Farm under Mr. Harman.

2. The several estimates prepared by Mr. Harman, in concert with Mr. Robertson, will be first considered.

No. I, Office Establishment.

3 Inclusive of the Superintendent's salary, which has received the sanction of the Government of India, the establishment will be composed as follows:—

			Rs.	
	1 Superintendent	.. .. ..	300	per mensem.
	House-allowance	.. .. ..	50	„ „
Sanctioned temporarily till 31st March 1876.	1 Head Overseer	.. ..	60	„ „
	1 Overseer	.. ..	40	„ „
	1 Clerk ..	. ..	25	„ „
	6 Peons at Rs. 5	.. ..	30	„ „
			—155	
		Total Rs..	505	per mensem.

The cost of the subordinate establishment amounting, as shewn above, to Rs. 155—0—0 per mensem is sanctioned temporarily for 8 months from 1st August next to 31st March 1876.

4. The horse-allowance for Mr. Harman cannot be sanctioned, as the allowance of Rs. 50—0—0 per mensem was * fixed at an enhanced rate so as to cover all incidental claims of this kind.

* No. 1816—414, dated 1st June 1875, to the Superintendent, Experimental Farm.
No. 1817—292, dated 1st June 1875, to the Deputy Accountant General.

5. Of the two Overseerships to be appointed, one may be assigned on probation to Tiruvengadam Modaliar who has been for some time employed as a Clerk under Colonel Boddam and whose fitness for permanent entertainment on the establishment should be tested.

6. It will be preferable to employ taluk peons as watchers until the farm is enclosed at the extra rate of Rs. 5 per mensem. Provision has been made in the temporary establishment for their cost and the vacancies in the taluk complement filled up.

7. The Commissioner will be good enough to revise the establishment as soon as practicable after the 1st January next, when the essential requirements of the farm will be more fully comprehended, and submit a proposition statement in the usual form.

No. II, Estimate for Implement & Workshops.

8. The estimates provide under this head Rs. 2,102-0-0 as the annual expenditure detailed below:—

Annual Expenditure.

	Rs.		Rs.
1 Black-smith	17		
1 Carpenter	17	For 8 months	352
2 Coolies at Rs. 5 each ..	10		
Materials		..	1,000
Contingencies ..		..	150
Interest on buildings, &c. ..		..	600
		Total....	2,102

The estimate is approved. The outlay on this head will be ultimately recoverable.

9. The estimate under this head provides for the following charges :—

No. III, Estimate for opening up the Farm.

	Rs.
1. Building	8,500
2. Roads	1,000
3. Levelling	500
4. Wells, water channels	500
5. Fences	800
6. Gates, crossings, &c....	200
7. Implements, &c. workshop	450
8. Trees and planting	150

10. This estimate, which is approximate only, is approved, but the Superintendent will understand that the expenditure cannot be incurred except on detailed estimates which when they exceed Rs. 500 in each case will require the sanction of the Chief Commissioner. Notification of the Commissioner's sanction for works of Rs. 500 and under will be furnished to this Office.

No. IV, Estimate of stocking the Farm.

11. The estimate for stocking the farm comprises the following heads :—

	Rs.
For live stock	1,400
Implements and dead-stock	2,120
Total Rs....	3,520

12. These charges may be accepted provisionally, but will probably need to be modified in some details. The use of agricultural implements and machines is desirable, but the Officiating Chief Commissioner desires that caution may be exercised in not introducing any implements which are not likely to be adopted by the natives as unsuited to their means and resources.

No. V, Estimate of carrying on the Farm.

13. This estimate provides for current expenditure, and the following items are sanctioned under this head :—

	Rs.
Labor estimate of 8 months	800
Cattle food „	400
Seeds, &c. „	100
Manure „	500
Petty repairs of Machines	75
Contingencies	200
Total Rs.....	2,075

14. Adverting to the paper of suggestions submitted by Mr. Harman and commented upon by the Commissioner, the Officiating Chief Commissioner remarks as follows.

Para 2 of Commissioner's letter.

15. The piece of land lying on the ground, above the Makkan, may be detached from the farm for the reasons urged by Mr. Harman, and given in exchange for such portion of the land adjoining as can be obtained from the Inamdar. The land lying to the west of the road leading to the Lal-Bagh can be at once transferred to the farm, and Colonel Boddam will be instructed to this effect.

*Survey No. 130, Annepur village.

16. The Officiating Chief Commissioner understands that within the limits of the farm however, there is still one *piece of land belonging to the Makkan, the transfer of which has not been effected, pending the grant of other land in lieu, and the

compensation awarded to the sub-tenants for wells, &c., on this land has been held in deposit. The matter should receive attention in the negotiations to be made for exchanging land with the Makkandar.

17. The burial ground now in use should not be closed, till arrangements have been made to assign another locality for the purpose, unless such already exists.

Para 3.

18. The defect pointed out by the Superintendent in the present course of the town-sewer, by which a large portion of the farm land is rendered useless, is a serious one, and should be considered in communication with the Officers of the Public Works Department and the President of the Municipal Commission. It is doubtful whether the suggestion that the sewage of the Pete should be delivered at a higher level is feasible.

Para 5.

19. The Superintendent of the Lal-Bagh will transfer to the farm the portion of land referred to as situated in the centre of the farm.

Para 6.

20. The proposal to charge a moiety of Mr. Harman's salary to the Educational Department is unauthorized, and the Officiating Chief Commissioner concurs with Colonel Pearse that the whole amount should remain as a charge against the Farm.

Para 7.

21. The Deputy Commissioner's attention should be drawn to the fact stated by Mr. Harman that there are huts within the farm boundaries still occupied though stringent orders have been more than once given for their removal.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, To the Offg. Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 220, (Agriculture and Horticulture), dated Simla, 1st July 1875.

In reply to your Officiating Secretary's letter No. 715—12, dated the 28th April last, I am directed to say that the Governor General in Council has been pleased to sanction your proceedings in the matter of the appointment of Mr. F. E. Harman, Graduate of the Royal Agricultural College at Cirencester, as Superintendent of the Model Farm at Bangalore and as lecturer on botany, chemistry, &c., at the new Engineering College at Bangalore, on the following conditions:—

(1.) that he is to receive £ 100 towards the expense of his outfit and passage out.

(2) that he is to receive free quarters or house-rent equivalent thereto, and—

Rs. 300 per mensem for the first year,
Rs. 350 after one year's service,
Rs. 400 after two do.
Rs. 450 after three do.
Rs. 500 after four do.
} Conditionally on his passing the lower test in Kanarese.

(3.) that in the event of Mr. Harman being ordered home by a competent medical authority on the ground of ill-health, his passage will be defrayed by Government; and—

(4.) that his services will not be dispensed with before the expiration of five years, except in the event of misconduct on his part.

* * * * *

No. 3250—Genl. 77, dated Bangalore, 17th July 1875.

Ordered that the above be communicated to the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division and to the Deputy Accountant General, as well as to Mr. Harman.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
19th July 1875.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Public Works Department, No. 111, dated Bangalore, 5th July 1875.

With reference to the Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner No. 7151—Mily. 142 of 31st March 1874, copy of which was received under cover of your docket No. 1351 of 12th ultimo, I have the honor to submit for orders, copy of a *docket from the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District enquiring whether the Chief Commissioner's order in question supersedes the instructions contained in your Office No. 2825 of 17th June 1871, and whether it is applicable to the forts and village walls of inam villages also.

* No. 619—229 of 29th June 1875.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, To the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, No. 619—229, dated 29th June 1875.

The Commissioner's Circular Memorandum No. 174 of the 21st instant circulating Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 7151—142 of the 31st March 1874, directing that forts in Mysore be gradually dismantled, the stones of all such being, if necessary, utilized for Public Works, Provincial and Local.

With reference to the above, the undersigned has the honor to request the favor of being informed whether it is not necessary to obtain the sanction of the Division or District Officer before the Public Works Department removing fort stones as directed in para 1 of the Public Works Under-Secretary's letter No. 2825 of the 17th June 1871, (received with the Commissioner's Circular Memo No. 129 of the 21st June 1871) which has not been superseded, and also whether the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings under reference apply to the forts and village walls of inam villages. The undersigned begs to be favored with orders on the subject to enable him to dispose of the complaint of certain inamdars now pending before him.

No. 3276—Genl. 138, dated Bangalore, 19th July 1875.

Order thereon.—The instructions contained in the Proceedings of the 31st March 1874 are not intended to supersede the orders of the 17th June 1871, referred to in the above.

2. Application for permission to remove stones from ruined forts and walls in Government villages should be made in the first instance to the District Officer, who, if he deems it undesirable to grant such permission, should refer the matter to the Commissioner of the Division, whose order must be considered final.

3. No interference can be permitted in respect of forts situated in whole inam villages where the consent of the inamdars cannot be obtained to the removal of the stones.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 21st July 1875.

From the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, Genl. No. 134, dated Bangalore, 9th July 1875.

Colonel J. L. Pearse.
Mr. L. Ricketts.
Major Chrystie.
Doctor Orr, C. B.
Major Vibart.

The marginally noted Officers having, as directed in para 2 of the Chief Commissioner's Order No. 653—Genl. 22, in Proceedings of the 26th April last, assembled in the vicinity of the Dumlur tank, on the morning of the 16th ultimo to take into consideration the several points noted in the above order, in connection with the proposal of the Military authorities to abolish the Dumlur tank, I have the honor to submit, as requested, for the Chief Commissioner's information, copy of a report embodying the views of the Committee on the proposal in question.

Report on the Dumlur Tank.

I. Whether the abolition of the Dumlur tank will be effective in draining the bed which will continue to receive the surplus discharge of the Alsur tank; and, if additional works will be necessary in order to carry off such surplus, what the cost of such works may be estimated at?

I. The Members of the Committee having made a careful inspection of the Dumlur tank, and the low ground which now forms a temporary swamp at the tail of it, are of opinion that to breach the tank would not be an effective measure, unless considerable expenditure were incurred in levelling and filling inequalities in the surface of the old bed, and on draining it by longitudinal and transverse channels.

The Committee moreover consider that the loss of storage water, by the abolition of the tank, would be a very serious matter, and would cause much public inconvenience, both as regards water for cattle and the supply required for four neighbouring villages, and in the opinion of the Committee, Government, in the event of the abolition of the tank, would have to compensate for this loss, by the construction of several cattle ponds, wells, &c.

II. Whether having regard to rates of survey settlement fixed on the lands below the Dumlur tank, the holders of such lands will be entitled to compensation for any loss, present or prospective, they may sustain, and if so, to what extent approximately?

II. It is scarcely necessary to enter on the 2nd query if the opinion of the Committee is accepted, but it may be noted here, that the revenue from the land under the bund is nearly Rs. 500 annually, and the abolition of the tank would seriously diminish this amount.

The inam land would moreover become depreciated in value and a fair amount of compensation would have to be disbursed.

III. Extent in acres of the land to be reclaimed by the abolition of the tank; and the probable revenue to Government by leasing it permanently for cultivation?

III. The water-spread of the tank is approximately 27 acres, but it is feared that the revenue to Government from the dry bed would not be very great. There may be mud enough in the centre to give good crops for two or three years; but the slopes are poor soil and very sandy, and it is doubtful whether or not they would be applied for. Tank-beds being, as a rule, unproductive after a short time unless a considerable quantity of good binding manure is laid down.

The Chief Commissioner having in para 2 of his order requested the Committee to consider and report upon the question they wish to express a strong and unanimous opinion that the object desired by the Military authorities can be attained satisfactorily by defining, without destroying the tank, and that to abolish it is not only inadvisable, but would seriously inconvenience the whole of the inhabitants in the vicinity.

J. L. PEARSE,
Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
L. RICKETTS,
Offg. Dy. Commissioner, Bangalore District.
W. CHRYSTIE, *Major, R. E.,*
Offg. Superintending Engineer.

J. H. ORR, M. D.,
President, Municipal Commission.
H. M. VIBART, *Major, R. E.,*
District Engineer.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 28th July 1875.

No. 3360—GENL. 143, DATED BANGALORE, 21ST JULY 1875.

ORDER THEREON.—The main object of the enquiry was that stated in the 1st point submitted for the opinion of the Committee, *viz*, whether the breaching of the Dumlur tank bund would have the effect of draining the bed so completely as to remove from the vicinity of the Artillery Barracks what has been frequently regarded as a source of malarious fever.

2. The Committee, though it has been unable to state even approximately the probable cost of the works necessary for draining the bed completely, has made it evident that a very large outlay would be needed to carry out this object, while the measure would entail a further loss to Government in reducing the assessment of the land below the tank, and in compensating the owners. A decided opinion is further expressed that the object sought for can be accomplished by defining the limits of the water-spread of the tank.

3. The Offg. Chief Commissioner concurs in those views, and directs that the matter be considered and disposed of in the Public Works Department.

T. CLARKE.
Offg. Secretary.

No. 3572—GENL. 82, DATED BANGALORE, 28TH JULY 1875.

ORDER.—The Offg. Chief Commissioner observes that registers of land held by officials employed in the various Departments of the Administration were obtained in 1867—68, since which time, returns have been annually furnished, of land relinquished or acquired by Government servants. These returns do not admit, however, of being tabulated with any degree of accuracy, owing to the changes that have taken place in the *personnel* of establishments to which considerable additions have been made of recent years, and also to the difficulty in following out the transfers that have taken place

2. The Offg. Chief Commissioner desires therefore that statements may be prepared afresh by the District Officers, giving particulars in the prescribed form, of lands held by all Officers and subordinates serving under them, on the 1st July 1875.

3. All Heads of Departments are requested to furnish similar statements to the Deputy Commissioners, for verification and incorporation in the District returns.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 29th July 1875.

From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 150—66, dated Mysore, 2nd June 1875.

With reference to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 7865—1693, dated 3rd February 1875, on the subject of supplies to officers moving about the country on inspection and other duties, I have the honor to submit herewith for the information of the Chief Commissioner, copies of the marginally noted letters from the Deputy Commissioners, Mysore and Hassan, on the subject, and to report as follows.

Mysore No 175, dated the 4th May 1875
Hassan No 1200, dated the 17th March 1875

2. The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, considers that, in those villages in which Kotvals and Shekdars are located, they should be required to furnish supplies on receipt of advances, but when an officer has to move suddenly, he should be expected to take his own supplies with him, giving previous intimation for the supply of grass and straw. In cases in which an officer is required to stay in a particular place for any length of time, such officer should make his own arrangements for getting the necessary supplies from the nearest market, and if this course is found impracticable, the Shekdar should be furnished with a list of the articles required, with sufficient money to purchase them. The Patel should at the same time assist the Shekdar in procuring the required articles.

3 The Deputy Commissioner, Hassan, is of opinion that Patels should be strictly held responsible for the prompt supply of articles required by officers on ready money being offered for the same.

4 I have only to remark that where Bungalows are provided with establishments, the Kotval and other servants ordinarily attend to the requisitions made by officers; where there is a Shekdar, it has always been a recognized part of his duty to do the same, but I believe in the case of officers of the Public Works Department, there has been occasional inattention unless an order was sent from the Amildar. The duties of Patels in this respect have not been so distinctly prescribed as in the Madras Presidency, where it is laid down as part of their duty to furnish supplies both to officers and travellers on payment to the extent available in their village, whence it has happened that unless the Shekdar has given a Takid, Patels have evaded furnishing supplies, and officers have been put to inconvenience. Now that the remuneration of Patels is under revision, it should be enjoined on them that they are expected to assist officers and travellers, whether a Takid has been issued or not.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, To the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 175, dated Mysore, 4th May 1875.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 3 of the 1st instant, forwarding a memorandum on the subject of ensuring supplies for officers moving about the country on public duty.

2 In reply, I beg to state that no complaints have been made on the subject in this District, which I conceive is fully as much due to the consideration which is given by the Executive Engineers and their subordinates to the difficulties which exist in obtaining supplies in remote places, and to suitable arrangements being made by them beforehand, as to diligent attention on the part of the Shekdars and Patels to their requirements.

3. In places where Kotvals and Shekdars are located, supplies may be demanded on money being advanced to purchase them; but when an officer makes a sudden move, he should always endeavour to take his own supplies with him, and to send on word beforehand, through the Shekdar, to have grass and straw ready for his cattle. Patels should also be required to render every assistance in procuring these articles.

4 When an officer or subordinate has however to make a lengthened stay in a very remote locality, he should endeavour to draw his supplies from the nearest weekly market; and should it happen that sheep and fowls are not offered for sale, he may indent upon the Shekdar by furnishing him with lists of his requirements, and sufficient money beforehand, to make purchases in villages according to the ordinary market rates.

5. The general complaint made by the Amildars now, is, that they have no longer a sufficient number of revenue peons to carry messages and to attend to the individual want of officers who may visit their taluks I think that in taluks such as Mandya and Ashtagram, where works on a large scale are being carried on, and in taluks which are being surveyed, a few additional peons might be allowed to Amildars for this special purpose, the charge being debitable to the particular Department to whose services they are devoted

---

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 29th July 1875.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, To the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 1200, dated Hassan, 17th March 1875.

With reference to para 2 of your docket No. 1027 of 12th instant, calling upon me to submit a report on the best mode of ensuring supplies for officers moving about the country on inspection and other duties, I have the honor to report that in my opinion the only feasible method is to issue orders that Patels of villages near, where officers encamp, should be held answerable for the due supply of necessary articles, and that officers should invariably pay ready cash for every thing supplied to them.

2. If this proposition should meet with your approval, I will issue orders to Amildars on the subject.

3. A copy of the Chief Commissioner's remarks was sent to Executive Engineer, Hemavati Division, under this Office docket No. 377 of the 6th ultimo

No. 3593—Genl. 143, dated Bangalore, 29th July 1875.

Order thereon.—The Officiating Chief Commissioner observes that while an absolute obligation rests on all taluk and village officials to assist officers and others travelling on the service of Government in procuring supplies, &c., it is necessary that this requirement should not be pushed so far as to impose an undue burden on those officials. It will be desirable that the limits of demand on one side, and compliance on the other, should be clearly prescribed, and the Officiating Chief Commissioner has accordingly directed the publication of the subjoined Rules in the Local Gazette. A copy of the rules in English will be supplied to every Public Bungalow, and Kanarese copies will be affixed in a conspicuous place at all Taluk Cutcherries.

Rules regarding the duties of Taluk and Village Officials in complying with requisitions for supplies from Officers travelling on public service.

Rule I.—An officer of Government when travelling on duty is entitled to obtain such supplies as he is absolutely in need of, provided that he gives sufficient notice to the Kotval or Shekdar, in places where there are such functionaries, and otherwise to the Patels of villages, and provided also that money be advanced for the purchase of such articles.

Rule II.—Such supplies as grass, gram and milk should be provided at once by the officials mentioned in Rule 1 on receipt of three hours' notice as well as on payment of advance. Other supplies, such as sheep, fowls, &c., will be provided also in towns where such commodities are readily obtainable, but not in villages, and officers are interdicted from putting any pressure upon Patels and others in procuring supplies of this description.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary

PART I.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Educational Fund.* Passing orders on correspondence relative to the credit of the sums left unexpended from the allotment from Local Fund Cess for 1872—73 and 1873—74 to it.	No. 2869—4, dated 6th July 1875.	...	...	1 to 3

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Educational Department, 6th July 1875.

From the Director of Public Instruction in Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 1435, dated Bangalore, 13th August 1874.

In continuation of my letter No. 967 of the 4th ultimo, regarding the amount available for expenditure on Hobli schools from the Local Funds allotment, I have the honor to forward herewith at the request of the Deputy Accountant General copy of his letter No. 2273 of the 11th instant, in which he states that the assignment was not treated as belonging to a fund until the commencement of the current year 1874—75, and that the unexpended balances of the previous years cannot be made available unless expressly directed by the Chief Commissioner.

2. It appears to me that the constitution of the Educational Fund dates from the Chief Commissioner's Order No. 2081—Rev. 62 of the 24th July 1873. Assignment was then made of the amount realized from Local Fund cesses in 1872—73, and all arrears were also adjusted. The order of 20th March 1874, No. 6906—Edl. 6, referred to by the Deputy Accountant General, merely forwarded copy of the Government of India's decision regarding the formation of a separate Pension Fund for hobli masters. The other proposals had been sanctioned in Resolution No. 438 of the 24th December 1873.

3. Taking the actual receipts and expenditure for 1872—73 and 1873—74, as given in my last letter No. 967, a balance of Rs. 68,163 was shewn to be unexpended at the commencement of 1874—75. For this amount therefore I would request the Chief Commissioner's sanction that the Deputy Accountant General may be authorized to hold it at disposal of this Department, and that the principle may be affirmed that the cash balances of Local Funds are to be carried forward and not to lapse at the end of each official year. This seems not only fair having regard to the nature of the fund, but is necessary in order that some reserve may be available from which to defray prospective charges for gratuities or pensions, and to compensate for fluctuations in the yield of the cess.

From the Deputy Accountant General in Mysore, To the Director of Public Instruction in Mysore, No. 2273, dated Bangalore, 11th August 1874.

In acknowledging receipt of your letter No. 1385 of the 10th instant, I have the honor to inform you that, up to the close of the year 1873—74, the Educational share of the local cesses was credited in the public accounts as State revenue, and it was not until the commencement of the current year 1874—75 on receipt of the Chief Commissioner's Orders of 20th March 1874, No. 6096—6, that the assets in question were treated in the accounts as belonging to a Fund.

All State revenue has already entered into the surpluses of past year, both in the Budget Estimates and actual accounts. I apprehend therefore that you cannot regard the Educational cess prior to 1874—75 as at present available for expenditure, unless an assignment be expressly directed by the Chief Commissioner out of cesses of past years—an arrangement which would involve a charge against the State revenue of the current year equivalent to the amount that may be assigned, and which is not provided for in the current year's Budget.

I beg that you will forward a copy of this letter to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner in continuation of the letter you refer to.

From the Director of Public Instruction in Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 501, dated Bangalore, 13th May 1875.

I have the honor to submit for orders and sanction of the Chief Commissioner the accompanying Budget Estimates of receipts and expenditure from the Educational share of the Local Fund cess for 1875—76.

2. The preparation of this statement at an earlier date was prevented by my not being supplied, except in the case of one District, with information as to the amount of collections, until the 28th ultimo. To obviate delay in future, it seems desirable that in para 1 of the Subsidiary Rules regarding Local Funds, No. 967 of 4th July 1874, something should be added shewing by whom "Intimation shall be given to the Director of Public Instruction."

3. The last allotment for Education under Local Funds was in Chief Commissioner's Order No. 831—Educational 3 of the 30th April 1874, sanctioning proposals for expenditure up to a maximum of Rs. 91,456, against an assignment, in Order No. 2081—Revenue 62 of the 24th July 1873, of Rs. 91,594 from proceeds of the Fund for 1872—73. But in your letter No. 2368—Educational 9 of 30th June 1874, I was informed that the receipts for 1873—74 had amounted to only Rs. 86,703, and directed to

limit the expenditure so that it should be kept well within that amount. My reply No. 967 of the 4th July 1874 shewed that a balance of Rs. 68,163 was properly at disposal of this Department, wherewith to meet fluctuations in the Fund and extra charges for pensions, gratuities, &c. A further application regarding this balance was made in my letter No. 1435 of the 13th August 1874, to which no reply has been received. Meanwhile the intended operations were somewhat curtailed, so that the total actual expenditure for 1874—75 has not exceeded Rs. 69,345. Measures since carried into effect have committed us, on 1st April 1875, to a maximum annual expenditure of Rs. 78,450.

4. Our position then is as follows :—

Receipts.			Assets.	Rs.
1872—73 ...	82,944		Reserve Balance on 1st April 1874...	68,163
1873—74 ...	95,954		Unexpended balance of 1874—75	27,461
		1,78,298	Total balance on 1st April 1875.....	95,624
Deduct Disbursements.			Receipts for 1875—76 estimated on basis of actual collections for 1874—75	96,806
1872—73 ...	54,336		Total assets for 1875—76.....	1,92,430
1873—74 ...	51,782			
		1,06,118		
		72,180		
Deduct March's charges for April newly deducted by Director ...		4,017		
		68,163		
			Liabilities.	
			Maximum expenditure as sanctioned in No. 831.—Educational S of 30th April 1874	91,458
			Balance, including reserve.....	1,00,972

5. The items of increase proposed for the ensuing year are (1) provision for promoting to a higher grade, from Rs. 7 to Rs. 10, hobli masters who have completed 4 years' satisfactory service. The number estimated for is 100, involving an addition of Rs. 3,600. (2) Provision for appointment of 75 pupil teachers on Rs. 5 to schools where the attendance is so high as to require additional hands for instruction. This will amount to Rs. 4,500. (3) Provision for doubling the stationery allowance to Sub-Deputy Inspectors, the annual increase being Rs. 168. The total increase proposed thus amounts to Rs. 8,268.

6. The total estimate of proposed expenditure is thus Rs. 99,726, as per accompanying statement, against the total assets of Rs. 1,92,430, leaving a balance of Rs. 92,704. Should the Chief Commissioner be willing to reduce this sum by sanctioning a certain allotment, say Rs. 6,000 or Rs. 500 a month from it, for small grants-in-aid to deserving private village schools, I shall be prepared to submit proposals for that purpose:—

Head of Charge.	Sanctioned Scale.		Proposed Scale.	
	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.
Hobli Masters, 2nd Grade, at Rs. 10	156	18,720	256	30,720
Do 3rd Grade do 7	578	48,552	478	40,152
Pupil Teachers do do 5	75	4,500	150	9,000
Sub-Deputy Inspectors, 2nd Grade, at Rs. 40	10	4,800	10	4,800
Do do 3rd Grade, at Rs. 30	4	1,440	4	1,440
Travelling allowance for do 10	14	1,680	14	1,680
Peons do do 6	14	1,008	14	1,008
Stationery allowance do do 1	14	168	*14	336
Writers, Director of Public Instruction Office, at Rs. 20 ...	2	480	2	480
Do Central Book Depôt at Rs. 15 ...	2	360	2	360
Furniture	...	2,000	...	2,000
Books, slates, &c.	...	3,000	...	3,000
School Buildings	...	3,750	...	3,750
Contingencies	...	1,000	...	1,000
		91,458		99,726

* At Rs. 2.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Educational Department, 6th July 1875.

No. 2869—EDL. 4, DATED BANGALORE, 6TH JULY 1875.

ORDER THEREON.—In the former of the two letters quoted above, the Director of Public Instruction submitted a question, raised by the Deputy Accountant General, as to the sums left unexpended from the allotment from the Local Fund cess for the years 1872—73 and 1873—74, amounting to Rs. 68,163, being retained as part of the assets of the Educational Fund in connection with the primary schools.

2. The Offg. Chief Commissioner observes on this point that it is clear both from the orders quoted by the Director of Public Instruction and from those conveyed in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 4572—3 of 10th November 1873, that the utilization of the unexpended balances of the allotment for 1872—73 and 1873—74 has been contemplated and duly authorized, and the amount above mentioned must therefore be held at the disposal of the Director of Public Instruction.

3. In the Budget Estimates of receipts and expenditure from the allotment of the Local Fund cess for 1875—76 now submitted, the receipts are estimated at Rs. 96,806, being the amount of actuals for 1874—75; and after adding the balances of the three previous years aggregating Rs. 95,624, the total assets for 1875—76 are shewn to be Rs. 1,92,430. The estimated expenditure is limited to Rs. 91,458, being the amount prescribed in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 831—E. 3, dated 30th April 1874.

4. Having regard to the large balances held in reserve, and to the expectation, which may be fairly entertained, of a steady increase in the Local Fund collections assignable to it, the Offg. Chief Commissioner sees no necessity for insisting any longer on the limit of expenditure laid down in this Office letter No. 2368—9 of the 30th June 1874 to the Director of Public Instruction.

5. In view however of the charges which must hereafter be met by the State in providing gratuities and pensions for employés in the Department, the Officiating Chief Commissioner considers that a sum equivalent to 8 per cent of the annual allotment from the Local Fund cess should be deducted and credited to the General revenues with effect from 1st April of the current year.

6. Subject to this modification, the estimates submitted by the Director of Public Instruction are approved.

7. The Commissioners of Divisions will furnish the Director of Public Instruction in March of each year with a statement of the amount available on account of the Educational allotment from local cess, for the year then about to close.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	On the recommendation of the Judicial Commissioner, the investiture of Major C. J. Pearse, Deputy Commissioner and Magistrate of the Túmkúr District, with the powers described in Section 36 of Act X of 1872, was notified in the *Mysore Gazette*.	1st July 1875.	
2	Copy of a correspondence received from the Government of India, regarding the attachment of the pay of an Officer by civil process, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner for information, and was also published in the *Mysore Gazette*.	Do do	
3	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that as the Court of the Superintendent, Residency Bazars in Hyderabad, was not a British Court, the Mysore Government have no authority to call upon it, under the provisions of British Acts or Laws, to enforce decrees of the Mysore Courts.	3rd do	
4	On the recommendation of the Judicial Commissioner, the Sheristadars and 3rd Class Magistrates of certain Taluks were under Section 23 clause A of Act X of 1872 empowered to entertain complaints of offences in cases in which they have jurisdiction to try.	5th do	
5	On the recommendation of the Judicial Commissioner, certain Magistrates of the Nundydroog Division were under the proviso to Section 535 of Act X of 1872 directed to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses with their own hands in the Kanarese language.	Do do	
6	On a reference from Ashtagram Commissioner, sanction was accorded to the re-transfer to the Deputy Commissioner's Office in the Ashtagram and Nundydroog Divisions of those Munshis whose services were temporarily placed at the disposal of the Police Department.	7th do	Progs. for February, No. 8463—145, dated 19th Feb.
7	Correspondence on the subject of exempting Gurus of Matts from personal attendance at Courts was forwarded to the Officiating Judicial Commissioner, with the remark that the Officiating Chief Commissioner considered that it would be sufficient if the existing practice, which left it discretionary with the Judges of the Civil Courts to refrain from requiring the personal attendance of such persons unless it should be unavoidably necessary, be allowed to continue, and he was requested to submit for approval a draft circular prescribing the duties of the Courts in this respect, if he concurred in the view of the Chief Commissioner.	13th do	
8	In reply, the Officiating Judicial Commissioner was informed that as certain changes in the Abkari system in this Province were in contemplation, no alteration in the law seemed called for at present.	14th do	
9	Notification empowering Mr. C. Soob Rao, Assistant Commissioner, Hassan District, to try offences against Forest Rules, was gazetted and copy sent to Judicial Commissioner.	21st do	
10	Notification empowering Lakshman Rao, Amildar of the Doddballapur Taluk, to try offences against Forest Rules as fall within his Magisterial powers, was gazetted, and copy sent to Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
11	Notification vesting Gulam Dastagir, Acting Peshkar of Maddur, with 3rd Class Magisterial powers, was gazetted, and copy sent to Officiating Judicial Commissioner.	21st July 1875.	
12	Copy of Government of India Resolution dated 29th July 1874, explaining views on the subject of pardon for life-convicts, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner.	23rd do	
13	Copy of Government of India Resolution No. 321, relative to the transportation of term-convicts to the Andamans, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner for information and guidance, and for the issue of the instructions referred to in para 5 of the Resolution.	Do do	
14	In reply, the Officiating Chief Commissioner's instructions were communicated to the Conservator of Forests in regard to the adjustment of the claims put forward by one Giriyappa against the Forest Department.	27th do	
15	In reply, the Officiating Chief Commissioner's remarks were communicated to the Judicial Commissioner in respect to two cases of breach of Forest Rules tried by Annasamaiengar, Amildar of Magadi.	Do do	
16	In forwarding for perusal copy of a communication from Nagar Commissioner, the Officiating Judicial Commissioner was requested to state his opinion on the proposal to employ Amins of Munsiffs' Courts in executing warrants issued by the Revenue Courts of the Amildars for attachment, sale, and delivery of property.	29th do	
17	Notification directing Hanumantaiya, Sheristadar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Hoskote Taluk, to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses with his own hand in the Kanarese language, was gazetted and copy sent to Judicial Commissioner.	31st do	
18	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was informed that according to the interpretation clause, section 3, of the Land Acquisition Act X of 1870, the term Collector included a Deputy Commissioner, and under the circumstances it would seem unnecessary for the Local Government to appoint an Officer specially to exercise functions under the Act.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE & COMMERCE.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Copies of a Notification by the Chief Commissioner, directing the abolition of Sayer duties on certain articles and reduction of excise on others, were forwarded to the Commissioners of Divisions.	1st July 1875.	
2	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was requested to submit certain further information in connection with a refund of Rs. 160—1—2 to the "Archak" of the Narayanaswami temple at Molur in the Closepet Taluk.	2nd do	
3	As recommended by the Commissioner of Nundydroog, sanction was conveyed to a refund bill amounting to Rs. 16—14—6, payable to the Jodidar of Vendhalli in the Chikballapur Taluk.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	3rd do	
4	On the representation of the Nagar Commissioner, sanction was accorded to a refund bill for Rs. 2—9—4.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	6th do	
5	In reply, certain discrepancies in the prices current submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga, for the fortnight ending 30th June, were pointed out and explanation called for.	Do do	
6	The sanction of the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, was solicited to the remission of assessment on certain inam land taken up on account of Government for the formation of a village Tope, and to the grant of a piece of unassessed waste land in lieu of the inam land taken up.	8th do	
7	The usual weekly season report was signalled to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
8	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food-grains in this Province and Coorg, for fortnight ending 30th June 1875, was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	9th do	
9	The Inam Superintendent was directed to report the circumstances under which he confirmed the right to the sandalwood growing on his inam land to one Upadiya Hanumantachari.	Do do	
10	In reply, the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, were informed that the only two articles composing elephant fodder in the Province, which bore market value, were sugar-cane, and cocoanut leaves, and orders were solicited to the alteration of the form of price current to include them: in case such could not be permitted, whether it would be sufficient if information relative to the selling prices of those articles, were furnished to the Commissariat Establishments at Bangalore and Hunsúr.	11th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
11	In reply, a report was submitted to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, with reference to a statement made by the Superintending Engineer of Irrigation Works, to the effect that not more than $\frac{1}{3}$rds of the lands actually irrigated under the principal channels were entered in the Revenue accounts.	15th July 1875.	
12	The usual season report for week ending 15th July 1875 was signalled to the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
13	Under circumstances represented, the Ashtagram Commissioner was informed that the remission of assessment on certain lands required for the extension of the Guardian's compound at Mysore, was sanctioned.	19th do	
14	As solicited by the Nundydroog Commissioner, the alienation of certain land situated at Kurdihalli in the Maddagiri Taluk, for the purpose of being made over to the Public Works Department in connection with the Madaksira-Madalhudi road, and to the permanent remission of assessment on the land, *viz*, Rs. 3—10—6, was sanctioned.	Do do	
15	Three printed copies of the returns of food-grains in this Province and Coorg for fortnight ending 30th June 1875 were submitted to the Government of India, to substitute manuscript copy already sent.	Do do	
16	As solicited by Nundydroog Commissioner, a further remission of Rs. 100, in addition to that sanctioned in this Office No. 1934—33, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Statement, Rev. Ag. & Com. for June 1875, No. 8.
17	The usual season report for week ending 22nd July 1875 was signalled to the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	22nd do	
18	As submitted by the Nundydroog Commissioner, the refund of Rs. 117—7—9, being sale proceeds of crops that stood on the lands taken up for the Experimental Farm to the former owners of the land was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
19	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food-grains in this Province and Coorg for fortnight ending 15th July 1875 was submitted to the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
20	Three printed copies of the returns of food-grains for fortnight ending 15th July was submitted to the Government of India to replace manuscript.	23th do	
21	Copy of Government of India No. 146 R., sanctioning the refund of Rs. 1—1—7 on a piece of land in the Mysore District, required for the construction of a road and for building purposes, was forwarded to Ashtagram Commissioner.	Do do	*Vide* Progs. for June 1875, Part II.
22	The usual season report for week ending 29th July 1875 was signalled to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	29th do	Rev. Ag. & Com. No. 30

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

FORESTS.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Copy of a communication from the Government of India, declining to withdraw the censure passed upon Mr. Daly, Assistant Conservator, while serving in British Burmah, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests for communication to Mr. Daly.	1st July 1875.	
2	As requested by the Conservator of Forests, sanction was accorded to the purchase of a box for Rs. 15 for the use of the Forest Ranger, Hassan District, for the purpose of keeping records.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	3rd do	
3	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, the free grant of 108 cart-loads of timber, and 28 cart-loads of bamboos to 16 ryots of the Kattehosur Village, Manjarabad Taluk, was sanctioned.	8th do	
4	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's remarks were communicated to the Conservator of Forests in the matter of an action being brought against the Forest Department, by one Shek Ummar for loss sustained by him owing to delay on the part of the Forest Department, to restore to him a quantity of bamboos.	Do do	
5	Copy of Government of India No. 13—680, calling for statements shewing the number of Government servants on the ministerial establishments of the Forest Department, on the 1st April 1874, drawing 50 Rs. a month, and upwards, was forwarded to the Conservator for attention.	9th do	
6	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was informed that an outstanding balance of Rs. 109—10—11, in the Nagar Division, would have been covered by the amount of deposit at 25 per cent, which, under the rules published in Notification No. 20 of the 12th June 1873, was recoverable from the purchaser at the time of sale, and that the deficiency must be accounted for by the Range Officer, if he neglected to exact the payment of the deposit.	Do do	
7	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, the free grant of wood and bamboos, to seven ryots of Kodihalli in the Kankanhalli Taluk to enable them to rebuild their houses destroyed by fire, was sanctioned.	Do do	
8	Copy of Government of India Notification, appointing Major Jarrett, v. c., S. C., to officiate from 1st April last as Deputy Conservator of Forests, 1st Grade, was gazetted and copy sent to Conservator.	Do do	
9	In reply, the views of the Officiating Chief Commissioner in regard to the projected teak plantation at Mastigudi in the Kakankote State-Forests, were submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	13th do	
10	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was requested to prepare an estimate for the purchase of cash boxes for the Officers in the Forest Department other than the Conservator.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders
11	As recommended by the Nagar Commissioner, the grant of wood free of charge to one Labbe Ibrahim Saib, to build a shop in the village of Balehonnur was sanctioned, and he was authorized to grant timber at half rates to others who may wish to erect buildings at that place, due precautions being taken that the wood was applied to that purpose.	15th July 1875.	
12	As solicited by Nagar Commissioner, the temporary entertainment of two Watchers at Rs. 5 and 4, respectively, for the fuel plantations at Chitaldroog, for 6 months was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	16th do	
13	Referring to the concluding para of this Office letter dated 13th instant, a copy of the Proceedings of the Officiating Chief Commissioner, on the subject of the protection of forests from fire, was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	*Vide* entry No. 9
14	A copy of *Revenu Des Eaux et Forets Annales Forestieres*, for May 1875, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests for circulation to Officers of his Department conversant with French.	21st do	
15	In reply, a statement shewing the number of Government servants on the ministerial establishment of the Forest Department of Mysore and Coorg, on 1st April 1874, was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	*Vide* this Statement No. 5
16	A memorandum descriptive of the District-Forest scheme in this Province was forwarded to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.	23rd do	
17	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, the purchase of six spuds at a cost of Rs. 4 for the use of the Hirikere Plantation, in the Hassan Range, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
18	Under circumstances explained, the Conservator of Forests was authorized to make any arrangements that may be found practicable to dispose of reserved trees standing on occupied lands in the Sagar Taluk, on condition that if the contract be entered into with others than the occupiers themselves, the condition as to the period within which the trees should be removed should be clearly prescribed.	24th do	
19	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was requested to revise and submit a draft of rules relative to the allotment to occupants of the value of sandalwood felled on lands occupied by them.	27th do	
20	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, the retention of the services of temporary establishments at a cost of Rs. 58 per mensem up to the end of the current official year was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	29th do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1875

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

FINANCIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Sanction was conveyed to a bill submitted by the Director of the Government Gardens at Bangalore, amounting to Rs. 370, for fixing the fencing for the Deer Park in the Lal Bagh.—Communicated to the Deputy Accountant General.	1st July 1875.	Part II, "Financial," 6th January 1875.
2	An application for pension on behalf of Raghupataiengar, Head Master of the Saklespur Government School, was returned to the Director of Public Instruction, for re-submission after verification of the applicant's services.	Do do	
3	In reply, the Commissioner of Ashtagram was informed that a reduced pension of Rs. 15 per mensem was sanctioned on behalf of Satgad Ramaiya, late Peshkar of the Periyapatna Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
4	On the recommendation of the Judicial Commissioner, sanction was conveyed to the appropriation of Rs. 540, from savings in the Police Budget of 1875—76, to meet the cost of clothing, &c., for the Bangalore Cantonment Police.	Do do	
5	An indent for equipment required for the Police Department of the Mysore Province for 1875—76 was forwarded to the Government of India, in the Financial Department, for transmission to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.	3rd do	
6	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that the Chief Commissioner had approved of the temporary entertainment of 2 additional peons in the Bassan District Jail, consequent on the increase in the average number of prisoners.—Communicated to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
7	As requested by the Director of the Government Gardens at Bangalore, sanction was conveyed to the payment of a bill for £ 8—6—0, on account of subscription from January 1871 to certain journals for the Lal-Bagh. His attention was drawn to the orders of Government directing the discontinuance of subscriptions to such journals.	Do do	
8	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was authorized to provide furniture for Police stations in accordance with the scale suggested by him but within the limits of any amount available in the Budget under the head "Equipment" after the cost of the indent for equipments required from England for 1875—76 had been met.	Do do	
9	On a final report from the Deputy Accountant General, sanction was accorded to a gratuity roll amounting to Rs. 501—7—9, on behalf of 5 men of the Mysore Kandachar Force.	5th do	
10	On the representation of the Director, Government Gardens, sanction was accorded to an estimate for Rs. 1,503—7—11, for the construction of a fernery in the Government Gardens.	Do do	
11	In reply, the Ashtagram Commissioner was informed that if it was usual funds for the repair of the Raghavendraswami Matt at Nanjangúd	6th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	should have been provided for and was also requested to explain the circumstances under which the Government is called upon to find funds for the ordinary repairs of the Matt.		
12	In reply, the Ashtagram Commissioner was informed that the Sheristadar and Money Order Agent of the Manjarabad Taluk was at liberty to make over the special temporary allowance of Rs. 2 per mensem, sanctioned for the compilation of accounts, &c., to any other official than a Taluk Gumasta on the condition that the Sheristadar held himself responsible for the correctness of the accounts rendered.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General and Controller, Money Order Offices.	8th July 1875.	
13	As solicited by the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, an estimate amounting to Rs. 170, for constructing slab parapets round the public well at the north-west corner of the Sampangi tank, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
14	As solicited by the Nundydroog Commissioner, the appropriation of funds as detailed from the current year's budget allotment of the Túmkúr District to meet charges of batta paid to witnesses in certain cases during 1873—74 was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
15	As solicited by the Nagar Commissioner, a re-appropriation statement to meet express, &c., charges in the Kadur District was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
16	A bill for Rs. 320, in triplicate, being the cost of a hill-tent supplied to the Director of Public Instruction, was returned duly countersigned to the Superintendent, Central Jail.	9th do	
17	As solicited by the Nagar Commissioner, two bills for furniture required for Munsiffs' Courts in the Shimoga and Chitaldroog Districts were sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
18	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions, on the period of service qualifying for pension in the case of one Gopalkrishnaiya, were communicated to the Deputy Accountant General.—Communicated to Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
19	The receipt of Rs. 39—15—11, in adjustment of charges incurred in clearing Police stores ex. S. S. "Asia," from the Inspector General of Police, was acknowledged.	Do do	
20	As solicited by the Military Assistant, an outlay of Rs. 84-14-0 incurred in making up belts for the Daffedars and Peons in his Office was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
21	As solicited by the Nagar Commissioner, the payment of Rs. 13.358—2—0, being amount of temporary remuneration due to Patels for 1874—75, and the Shanbhogs for quarter ending 31st March 1875, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with bill.	10th do	
22	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the payment of Rs. 300, on account of the Jakkur plantation, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
23	A memo from the Paymaster at the Presidency, Fort Saint George, requesting that the pension of one Rangaswami Mudaliar may be paid at Perivapatna, Ashtagram Division, was forwarded to the Officer, in charge Chief Commissioner's Treasury, for disposal.	13th do	
24	As solicited by the Director of Public Instruction, the purchase of a copper plate for engraving a map of Mysore for the Gazetteer at a cost of Rs. 25 was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	16th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
25	Scrip receipts for Rs. 12,29,250, in payment of 12 Government Promissory Notes, were forwarded to the Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and he was requested to prepare 12 Notes for one lack of rupees each, and to forward them to the Accountant General, Madras.—Communicated to Accountant General, Madras.	16th July 1875.	
26	As solicited by the Director of Public Instruction, sanction was conveyed to 1,000 alphabet cards being lithographed for the use of the Hindustani schools, at a cost of Rs. 250.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
27	On the representation of the Ashtagram Commissioner, a pension and gratuity on behalf of two employés in that Division were sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	17th do	
28	A bill for Rs. 872—14—6, in adjustment of certain Europe stores, received from England, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
29	Copy of Government of India No. 1846, calling for information in regard to certain entries in the statement of gratuities, for quarter ending 31st March 1875, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, for submission of the necessary explanation.	Do do	
30	As solicited by the Ashtagram Commissioner, the purchase of certain tents at a cost of Rs. 1,364—5—6, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
31	The Secretary in the Department of Public Works was requested to remit to this Office Rs. 213—15—9, incurred on 120 articles of Public Works stores ex "Inverdine."	Do do	
32	As solicited by the Inspector General of Police, the employment of Drill Instructors from the native corps in garrison, for drilling the men of the Cantonment and Town Police, at a cost not exceeding 20 Rs. a month for the remainder of the current official year, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	19th do	
33	Rs. 1,115—15—3, in adjustment of the advances made on account of Europe stores, were forwarded to the Officer in charge of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, Bangalore.	Do do	
34	A proposition statement for the employment of a Veterinarian to the Mysore Silehar Horse on a salary of Rs. 100 per mensem was submitted for the favorable consideration of the Government of India.	Do do	
35	The Secretary in the Department Public Works was requested to take early steps for the adjustment of the charges specified, amounting to Rs. 138—6—11.	Do do	
36	As solicited by the Ashtagram Commissioner, an estimate amounting to Rs. 190, for the repair of the Anna Chatra in the Chamrajnagar Taluk, was sanctioned.	Do do	
37	On the representation of the Nagar Commissioner, a pension of Rs. 62—7—0 per mensem to Lakshmiarsimmaiengar, Amildar of the Pédéri Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with pension roll.	21st do	
38	On the representation of the Nundydroog Commissioner, the disbursement of gratuities aggregating Rs. 444—0—0 was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
39	In reply, a report was submitted to the Government of India, in regard to the rates of travelling allowance to Munsiffs and their establishments.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
40	On the representation of the Ashtagram Commissioner, the grant of gratuities aggregating Rs. 504 to three individuals employed in his Division was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	22nd July 1875.	
41	As solicited by the Ashtagram Commissioner, a bill amounting to Rs. 30—6—0, for the repair of the Cinchona propagating house on the Biligirirangam Hills, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
42	As solicited by the Nundydroog Commissioner, he was authorized to appropriate from the current year's Civil Budget the unexpended balance, *viz.*, Rs. 169, incurred in repairing the Anche houses noted in the Túmkúr District.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
43	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, the purchase of a copy of the Lawrence Asylum Press Almanac for 1875 for the use of his office was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	23rd do	
44	As solicited by the Deputy Surgeon General of Hospitals, the further retention of the services of two orderlies at Rs. 5 each per mensem for the Raja's Hospital at Mysore for a period of 6 months was sanctioned. Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
45	The orders of the Government of India were solicited on a point raised by the Accountant General, Madras, in reference to the adjustment of amounts of grant-in-aid payable by the Imperial Government towards Bishop Cotton's School and College, Bangalore.	24th do	
46	As solicited by the Nagar Commissioner, a bill for Rs. 472—8—1, for repairing the boundary marks in Government waste land in the Budihal Taluk during 1874—75, was sanctioned.	Do do	
47	With reference to the contemplated sale by public auction of the share held in the jodi village of Divatiramanhalli by one Vasantachari, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that such could not be done unless the land has been enfranchised and declared alienable as well as heritable by the Inam Department.—Communicated to Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	Do do	
48	On the representation of the Nagar Commissioner, an invalid gratuity of Rs. 204 on behalf of Shek Imam, Daftarband in his office, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	27th do	
49	On a final report by the Deputy Accountant General, gratuities aggregating Rs. 578—6—4 on behalf of six men of the Túmkúr District Police were sanctioned.	Do do	
50	A transfer receipt for Rs. 15—8—0 was forwarded to Messrs. Thacker Spink & Co., Calcutta, being cost of a copy of the "Bengal Directory for 1875" with postage, &c.	Do do	
51	As solicited by the Nagar Commissioner, a refund bill amounting to Rs. 225—9—10 payable to one Krishna Rao, being the purchase money of an arrack shop, and whose license was cancelled, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
52	A statement shewing the number and value of uncurrent and spurious coins cut or broken at the Treasuries in this Province for half year ending 30th June 1875 was submitted to the Government of India, Financial Department.	Do do	
53	As submitted by the Deputy Surgeon General of Hospitals, the appointment of a 1st Class Hospital Assistant to the Leper Asylum at Bangalore temporarily for 6 months was sanctioned.	28th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
54	As solicited by the Officiating Judicial Commissioner, the appropriation of Rs. 1,849—14—6 from general savings, being excess expenditure incurred in the dieting of prisoners in the Mysore District Jail during last year, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	29th July 1875.	
55	As solicited by Ashtagram Commissioner, sanction was accorded to Rs. 250 expended for rewards for killing wild beasts in the Kadur District in excess of the budget provision for 1874—75 being met from savings of the Budget grants for that year.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
56	As solicited by the Nagar Commissioner, a bill for Rs. 9,345—8—0 on account of compensation due to Patels and Shanbhogs of the surveyed Talukas in the Shimoga District for 1874—75 was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
57	In reply, four statements relating to the Forest Department of this Province and Coorg were returned duly revised to the Government of India, in the Financial Department.	Do do	
58	Ten printed copies of the Civil List for this Province as it stood on 1st July 1875 was submitted to the Government of India, Financial Department.	31st do	
59	As solicited by the Director of Public Instruction, the purchase of certain furniture for supply to certain Hobli schools at a cost of Rs. 337—0—0 was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Copy of a letter dated 24th June 1875, from the Superintendent of the Government Cinchona Plantation, Ootacamund, was forwarded to the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, with a request that a couple of competent men may be despatched to the plantation at Ootacamund for the purpose of learning to harvest Cinchona bark.—Communicated to the Superintendent of the cinchona Plantation, Ootacamund, with reference to his letter of the 24th June.	1st July 1875.	
2	The Superintendent of the School of Industry at Jubbalpur was requested to despatch for the use of the Mysore Administration three hill tents of the dimensions noted.	Do do	
3	On a reference from the Director of Public Instruction, Mr. B. L. Rice was appointed as the President, and Captain Ludlow and Mr. Porteous, M. A. were appointed as members, of the Committee to be held on the 5th July for the examination of Officers in Hindustani and Kanarese.	2nd do	
4	The delivery over and assumption of charge of the Shimoga District and Treasury by Mr. W. J. Cuningham and Captain C. S. Blair was notified.	3rd do	
5	A statement of references from Government remaining unanswered in this Office for the quarter ending 30th June 1875 was submitted to the Foreign Department.	5th do	
6	Indent in duplicate for stationery stores, &c., required by this Administration for 1876—77, was submitted to the Government of India, Financial Department, for transmission to the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India in Council.	Do do	
7	Copy of Gradation and Distribution List of Officers in the Mysore and Coorg Commissions for the quarter ending 30th June 1875 was submitted to the Government of India, Foreign Department.	Do do	
8	Do Do Do Financial Department.	Do do	
9	Two copies of Do Do to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.	Do do	
10	Statement of Civil servants employed in this Province absent on furlough, special and subsidiary leave, for the quarter ending 30th June 1875, was submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department.	6th do	
11	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's opinion as to the advisability of complying with applications from licensed dealers in arms and ammunition for permit to forward more than 50 lbs of gunpowder to other licensed dealers in the District of Mysore was communicated to the Commissioner of Police, Madras.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's views on the suggestion for exempting Police Inspectors and European Chief Constables of this Province from passing the General Test so as to enable them to compete for the Judicial portion of the Police Test was communicated to Judicial Commissioner.	6th July 1875.	
13	In reply, Nagar Commissioner was requested to submit further information before final orders could be passed on proceedings connected with the case of Venkatsubbaiya, Shanbhog of Pendlijivi, Pavagada Taluk.	7th do	
14	Printed copies of a manual of instruction connected with the survey settlement and accounts in Mysore were circulated to Commissioners, Nundydroog and Ashtagram, and Deputy Commissioners, Bangalore and Kolar Districts for early expression of opinion.	Do do	
15	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was requested to submit some more uniform plan for the rest-houses proposed to be constructed for coolies going into the Kadur District to work on coffee estates.	Do do	
16	Notification inviting applicants to fill vacancies in the grade of "Native Medical Pupil" in the Subordinate Medical Department of this Administration was forwarded to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication.	8th do	
17	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was informed that as no officer was available to relieve Mr. Assistant Commissioner Púrnaiya, the leave applied for by him cannot be granted at present.	Do do	
18	In reply, the packing accounts of S. S. "Flamango" was returned to the Commissary of Ordnance, Madras, duly receipted.	Do do	
19	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that carpets might be supplied to native officials in the Malnad Taluks of the size and description specified.	9th do	
20	Printed correspondence relating to the introduction of the survey rates into each of the Taluks of Serab, Sira, Budihal, and Túmkúr, were circulated to Commissioners of Divisions and other Officers.	Do do	
21	The Officiating Superintendent, School of Industry, Jubbalpur, was requested to forward 5 hill tents, indented for by this Administration by rail.	Do do	
22	The Superintendent of the Central Jail was requested to remit Rs. 18—8—0, the value of 6 deal-wood cases supplied to him.	Do do	
23	Copy of Government of India No. 1809, dated 29th June, together with statements, therewith forwarded for revision, was transmitted to the Conservator of Forests for early attention.	10th do	
24	As solicited, the Military Assistant was authorized to proceed to Madras at the public expense for the purpose of purchasing remounts.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
25	Copy of a communication from Messrs. Lewis and Peat, London, regarding the results of the sale of the Vanilla pods consigned to them, was forwarded to the Superintendent of the Lal-Bagh, with a request that when forwarding the next consignment he will attend to the directions indicated.	Do do	
26	In reply, the Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey, was informed that 16 packing cases were ready for delivery to him.	Do do	
27	Copy of despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State, received from the Government of India, was forwarded to the Surgeon to the Commission to state the precise quantity of Leirbeg's extract of meat	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	indented for by him, and his attention was also drawn to the instructions contained in para 3 of the Secretary of State's despatch No. 234, dated 6th May 1875.		
28	Notification granting Honorary Surgeon F. B. Pereira 15 days' privilege leave was gazetted and copy sent to Deputy Surgeon General of Hospitals.	10th July 1875.	
29	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was requested to state for what misconduct in a criminal enquiry, one Dasappa, a Shanbhog, was dismissed.	12th do	
30	A supplementary proposition statement of charges incurred on account of the School of Engineering and Natural Science in excess of the sanctioned Budget for 1875—76, was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	Do do	
31	In reply, three statements of compensation pensions prepared by the Deputy Accountant General were submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	Do do	
32	Copy of a Notification relative to the examination of Assistants was forwarded to the Officiating Judicial Commissioner to make the necessary arrangements for conducting the examination under his presidency.	Do do	
33	A proposition statement embracing certain proposals for an increase of establishments in the Mysore Anche or Provincial Post was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	Do do	
34	In reply, the President of the Cantonment Municipal Commission was informed that the question of levying the excise duty on cocoanuts and betel-leaves in the form of a town-duty in Municipal Towns other than Bangalore, where it has been included under octroi and is payable to Provincial revenues, was still under consideration, but that the arrangement contemplated however was to assign to the Municipalities only such quota of the realizations as may be estimated to cover the cost of collection.	Do do	
35	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was informed that the issue of a tin-box of prepared medicines with directions, for each of the 11 Forest Conservators in this Province annually, as well as 10 oz. of quinine was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Surgeon General of Hospitals, Officer in charge Medical Stores, and the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
36	A monthly tabular statement of vacancies and a register of effective and non-effective officers employed in this Province and Coorg, with proportionate return for 1st July 1875, was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	Do do	
37	In reply, the Deputy Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, was requested to return certain paper to the Chief Commissioner's stores if it could not be utilized.	Do do	
38	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was authorized to advance certain Patels Rs. 100 to aid them in meeting the requirements of the public in regard to bullocks on the line of road between Shimoga and the Gersoppa falls.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
39	The Compiler, Mysore Gazette, was requested to furnish Mr. Sanderson with a copy of the *Mysore Gazette* free of charge.	15th do	
40	In reply, the Officiating Chief Commissioner's instructions in the case of one Vire Gauda were communicated to Nundydroog Commissioner.	Do do	
41	As solicited by the Inspector General of Police, the supply of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, in vernacular, to each Inspector of Police in the Province, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Compiler, Mysore Gazette.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
42	Notification directing certain postings of medical subordinates was gazetted.	15th July 1875.	
43	In reply, the Officiating Chief Commissioner's instructions in regard to the redistribution of the *Mysore Gazette* copies were communicated to the Chief Engineer and Conservator of Forests.	Do do	
44	Copies of the Chief Commissioner's monthly volume of Proceedings were submitted to the Government of India, in the Revenue Agriculture and Commerce, Foreign, Financial and Home Departments.	Do do	
45	In reply, the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Revenue Department, and the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, N. D. Poona, were informed that there were no officers under this Administration other than those attached to the Revenue Survey who are specially acquainted with topographical surveys and whom therefore it would be practicable to depute to the conference to be held at Poona to discuss the question of working the topographical survey parties in the Bombay Presidency, but that as Colonel Anderson, the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, will attend the conference, the necessity for appointing another officer did not appear necessary.	16th do	
46	Copy of Government of India, Financial Department, No. 1643, regarding the expediency of continuing to keep up the registers of fees levied under schedules I and II of the Court Fees' Act, was forwarded to the Officiating Judicial Commissioner for opinion.	Do do	
47	Notification reducing Mangapati Naidu, Amildar of the Gudibanda Taluk from the 3rd to the 4th Grade of Amildars, was gazetted and copy sent to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
48	The Compiler, Mysore Gazette, was requested to furnish the Local Fund Engineer, Shimoga District, with a copy of the *Mysore Gazette* free of charge.—Communicated to Nagar Commissioner.	Do do	
49	Notification with reference to certain territorial changes having been carried out in the Nundydroog Division with effect from 1st October 1873, coincident with the institution of the Munsiffs' Courts, was gazetted.	17th do	
50	A form of *ad interim* certificate which has been adapted to various descriptions of Inam tenures was forwarded to the Survey and Inam Commissioner for opinion.	Do do	
51	Copy of a telegram from the Government of India, and the reply thereto, relative to Mr. Sanderson's services being made available by the 15th September next for Keddah work in Bengal, were forwarded to Ashtagram Commissioner with the necessary instructions.	Do do	
52	The Commissioners of Divisions and Superintendent of Coorg were called upon to submit statements in the form appended, giving particulars of all licenses granted under the Arms Act during the current year distinguishing separately licenses for manufacture and sale of arms, ammunition, &c., and for sulphur and saltpetre. They were further directed to submit similar statements annually on the 1st April.—Communicated to Judicial Commissioner.	19th do	
53	Referring to No. 1316, G, a revised list of periodicals required for the several departments of this Administration was submitted to the Government of India, Foreign Department.	Do do	*Vide* statement "General" Pregs. Part II fo June 1875, No. 29.
54	Copy of despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State approving of the action taken by the Government of India, in removing Lieutenant-Colonel A. J. Bruce, from his Civil appointment, received from Under-Secretary in the Foreign Department, was forwarded to Colonel Bruce.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
55	Notification intimating that the Annual Examination prescribed for Amildars will be held at the head-quarters of each Division on the 9th and 10th August next was gazetted.	19th July 1875.	
56	In reply, information was furnished to the Board of Revenue, Madras, as to the quantity, &c., of country beer brewed in Bangalore and the quantity which finds its way into the Madras Presidency.	Do do	
57	One copy of Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General assembled on the 1st instant for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
58	Notification granting Lieutenant A. McCally, Assistant Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, two months' privilege leave of absence, was gazetted and copy sent to Survey and Settlement Commissioner.—Communicated to Lieutenant McCally.	Do do	
59	Copy of Government of India No. 753, dated 7th July, relating to the promotion of Messrs. Hicks and King, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests.	Do do	
60	The Superintendent of the Central Jail was authorized to supply the Inspector General of Police with three Hill-tents, eight Rowties and one Bichoba, in supersession of the orders conveyed in this Office docket dated 22nd June 1875.	20th do	*Vide* Progs. for June 1875, "General," Part II. No. 62.
61	Notification appointing Ramachandra Rao Amildar of the Koppa Taluk during the absence of Krishnaiengar or until further orders, was gazetted and copy sent to Nagar Commissioner.	21st do	
62	Copies of Government of India No 1334, G, dated 6th instant, sanctioning the grant of a house allowance of Rs. 50 to the Principal of the Bangalore High School, were forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction and the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
63	In continuation of this Office No. 3118—668 of the 12th instant, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that the examination of the Officers specified serving in the Hassan District may be held at Hassan on the 23rd August next, the remaining number being examined in Bangalore.	Do do	
64	Copies of Government of India No. 401, dated 6th July 1875, relative to the supply of tin boxes of medicines to Conservator of Forests, were forwarded to the Conservator, and the Deputy Surgeon General of Hospitals.	22nd do	
65	An application from the Executive Committee of the Bangalore Anglo Indian Aid Association soliciting a grant-in-aid of Rs. 250 per mensem was referred to the Director of Public Instruction for opinion on the points noted.	Do do	
66	Notification investing Captain Blair, Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, with the powers described in Section 36 of Act X of 1872, was gazetted and copy sent to the Officiating Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
67	Copy of a communication from the Agent and Manager, Madras Railway Company, bringing to notice the result of the prosecution of a passenger before the Amildar of Bowringpet, for attempting to enter a Railway carriage when in motion, was forwarded to Nundydroog Commissioner, to submit the Amildar's proceedings in the case with any explanation that official might have to make as to the statement made that the charge brought by the officials of the Railway Company was dismissed without any evidence being taken.	Do do	
68	Copies of Government of India orders regarding precautions to be taken by Public Officers in the case of Government Promissory Notes tendered as security by contractors, were forwarded to the Conservator of Forests for distribution among Officers in his Department.	23rd do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
69	In reply, the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, were informed that the Chief Commissioner saw no objection to the application to this Province of the Rules published under Foreign Department Notification No. 2220 of 16th October 1873, relative to the Indian Christian Marriage Act.	24th July 1875.	
70	In reply, the Government of India in the Foreign Department were informed that applications to solemnize marriages had been received on behalf of the Ministers named, and the issue of the necessary licenses to them was solicited.	Do do	
71	With reference to a report submitted by him relative to certain deaths by cholera in the District of Mysore, the Deputy Commissioner was requested to report the measures taken at Gundlupet in pursuance of the instructions contained in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings of April last.	26th do	*Vide* Part I. of Progs. for April 1875, "General," Index Nos.
72	Notification appointing Captain Mackenzie to do duty temporarily in the Bangalore District was gazetted and copy sent to Nundydroog Commissioner.	Do do	
73	Notification transferring certain Amildars in the Chitaldroog District was gazetted and copy sent to Nagar Commissioner.	Do do	
74	The opinion of the Officiating Judicial Commissioner was requested on the desirability of imposing some restrictions on the storage of gunpowder in Bangalore and elsewhere in this Province and Coorg.	Do do	
75	Notification commuting the three months' privilege leave granted to Amildar Ramaiya and extending it into sick leave for six months, was gazetted and copy sent to Nagar Commissioner.	27th do	
76	Notification granting Mr. Assistant Commissioner A. Srinivasaiengar one month's privilege leave in extension of that granted in June, was gazetted and copies sent to Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, and Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District.	Do do	*Vide* Part II. of Progs. for June 1875, "General," No.
77	In reply, Messrs. Grant and Grant, Solicitors, Madras, were informed that they could not be furnished with copies of certain official correspondence asked for by them.	28th do	
78	Copy of Government of India No. 128, C. calling for a revised analysis of publications registered in 1874, in this Province and Coorg, was forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction for early compliance.	Do do	
79	A copy of the Proceedings of the Officiating Chief Commissioner in regard to the proposal to abolish the Donnalur Taluk was forwarded to the Assistant Quarter Master General, Mysore Division, for the information of the Major General Commanding the Division.	Do do	*Vide* Part I. of this Volume, "General," Index Nos.
80	A report was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, that no marriage certificates had been received during the quarter ending 30th June 1875.	Do do	
81	In reply, the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, were informed that 18 four ounce jars of "Leibeg's extractum Carnis" were required for this Province.	Do do	
82	In reply to circular No. 2021, P, dated 14th instant, relative to the political uniform, the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, were informed that the only other officer in addition to the Chief Commissioner and Secretary, whose duties were of a political character was the Guardian to His Highness the Maharaja.	29th do	
83	In reply, the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, were informed that 15 copies of Dr. More's Manual of Family Medicine had been despatched to the Resident, Hyderabad.	30th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
84	The Officiating Chief Commisaioner's instructions were communicated to the Nundydroog Commissioner in the case of one Subbaiya, Patel of Nadur.	30th July 1875.	
85	Two copies of the Proceedings of the Madras Government, sanctioning the replacement of a Rifle lost by a member of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, were forwarded to the Commandant of the Corps.	Do do	
86	An application from Major R. C. Stewart, the Military Assistant, to attend the Camp of Exercise to be held at Delhi, was submitted for the favorable consideration of the Government of India, in the Foreign Department.	31st do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

EDUCATIONAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Notification appointing and promoting officials in the Educational Department was gazetted, and copy sent to the Director of Public Instruction, with an intimation that the alteration in the scale of the pay of the Assistants in the Raja's High School, Mysore, from Rs. 90 and 50 a month to Rs. 80 and 60, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	15th July 1875.	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

MILITARY.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1875.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The Quarter Master General of the Army having enquired on what terms the site of the late Cantonment Boys' School in Bangalore could be resumed for Military purposes, the President of the Cantonment Municipal Commission was requested to place himself in communication with the Trustees of the School with a view to the transfer of the site under the conditions of the grant.	2nd July 1875.	
2	In reply, the Military Assistant was requested to submit a proposition statement in the prescribed form for submission to the Government of India, for the entertainment of a pensioned veterinary subordinate for the Mysore Siledar Force.	5th do	
3	Seven Commissions duly signed by the Officiating Chief Commissioner were forwarded to the Officiating Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, for delivery to the officers named.	28th do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1875.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.